# M. J. ABEDIN \& CO <br> এম. जে. আাবদীন এভ কোং Chartered Accountants 

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## Independent Auditor's Report <br> To the Shareholders of IFIC Bank Limited <br> Report on the Audit of the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

## Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of IFIC Bank Limited and its subsidiaries (the "Group") as well as the separate financial statements of IFIC Bank Limited (the "Bank"), which comprise the consolidated and separate balance sheets as at 30 September 2021 and the consolidated and separate profit and loss accounts, consolidated and separate cash flow statements and consolidated and separate statements of changes in equity for the period then ended, and notes to the consolidated and separate financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Group and separate financial statements of the Bank give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group and the separate financial position of the Bank as at 30 September 2021, and of its consolidated and separate financial performance and its consolidated and separate cash flows for the period then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as explained in note 2.1.

## Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group and the Bank in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the guidelines issued by Bangladesh Securities and Exchange Commission (BSEC) and Bangladesh Bank, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with IESBA Code and the Institute of Chartered Accountants (ICAB) Bye Laws. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Our response to the risk

## 1. Measurement of provision for loans and advances

The process of estimating provision for loans and advances associated with credit risk is judgmental and complex. While estimating such provisions certain judgmental factors need to be considered including:

- Future business performance of the borrower;
- Key assumptions relating to further business performance of the borrower;
- Market value of the collateral;
- Ability to repossess collateral; and
- Recovery rates.

Furthermore, these provisions are processed manually using the voluminous data extracted from the IT system of the Bank and following the instructions of Bangladesh Bank (the central bank of Bangladesh) issued time to time.

Due to high level of judgment involved and using some manual process in estimating the provision for loans and advances, we considered this to be a key audit matter.
At period end the Group and the Bank reported total gross loans and advances of BDT 293,843 million (2020: BDT 261,697 million) and BDT 292,671 million (2020: BDT 260,650 million) respectively and provision for loans and advances of BDT 8,933 million (2020: BDT 7,638 million) and BDT 8,702 million (2020: BDT 7,406 million) respectively.
See note no 2.1, 2.2.1.3, 7 and 15 to the financial statements

We tested the design and operating effectiveness of key controls focusing on the following:

- Credit monitoring and provisioning process;
- Identification of loss events, including early warning and default warning indicators; and
- Review of quarterly Classification of Loans (CL)

Our substantive procedures in relation to the provision for loans and advances portfolio comprised the following:

- Reviewed the adequacy of the companies general and specific provisions;
- Assessed the methodologies on which the provision amounts based, recalculated the provisions and tested the completeness and accuracy of the underlying information; and
- Finally, assessed the appropriateness of disclosures against relevant accounting standards and Bangladesh Bank guidelines.


## 2. Recognition of interest income from loans and advances

Recognition of interest income has significant and wide influence on financial statements.

Recognition and measurement of interest income has involvement of complex IT environment.
We identify recognition of interest income from loans and advances as a key audit matter because this is one of the key performance indicators of the Bank and therefore there is an inherent risk of fraud and error in recognition of interest by management to meet specific targets or expectations.

See note no 2.1 and 26 to the financial statements

We tested the design and operating effectiveness of key controls over recognition and measurement of interest on loans and advances.

We performed test of operating effectiveness on automated control in place to measure and recognize interest income.
We have also performed substantive procedure to check whether interest income is recognized completely and accurately.
We assessed the appropriateness and presentation of disclosure against relevant accounting standards and Bangladesh Bank guidelines.

## 3. Loans and advances

Loans and advances are the main element of financial statements of the Bank. Income of the Bank is mainly dependent on the portfolio of loans and advances. Management performance is highly dependent on the target achievement of loans and advances. Loan disbursement requires robust documentation followed by approval from appropriate level of authority.

We have identified loans and advances as key audit matter because there is an inherent risk of fraud in disbursement of loans and advances by management to meet specific targets or expectations.

See note no 2.1 and 7 to the financial statements

We tested the design and operating effectiveness of key controls focusing on credit appraisal, loan disbursement procedures and monitoring process of loans and advances.

We have performed procedure to check whether the Bank has ensured appropriate documentation as per Bangladesh Bank regulations and the Bank's policy before disbursement of loans and advances. In addition, we have performed procedure to check whether the loans and advances is recorded completely and accurately and that are existed at the reporting date.

Furthermore, we have assessed the appropriateness of disclosure against Bangladesh Bank guidelines.

## Other Matter

The consolidated financial statements of the Group and also separate financial statements of the Bank as at and for the year ended 31 December 2020 were audited by another auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements on 31 March 2021.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements and Internal Controls

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements of the Group and the separate financial statements of the Bank in accordance with IFRSs as explained in note 2.1, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated and separate financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. The Bank Company Act, 1991 and the Bangladesh Bank Regulations require the Management to ensure effective internal audit, internal control and risk management functions of the Group and the Bank. The Management is also required to make a self-assessment on the effectiveness of antifraud internal controls and report to Bangladesh Bank on instances of fraud and forgeries.

In preparing the consolidated and separate financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's and the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group and the Bank to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's and the Bank's financial reporting process.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated and separate financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated and separate financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated and separate financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal controls of the Group
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's and the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated and separate financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and the Bank to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated and separate financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated and separate financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

## Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with the Companies Act, 1994, the Securities and Exchange Rules 2020, the Bank Company Act, 1991 and the rules and regulations issued by Bangladesh Bank, we also report that:
i) we have obtained all the information and explanation which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit and made due verification thereof;
ii) to the extent noted during the course of our audit work performed on the basis stated under the Auditors' Responsibility section in forming the above opinion on the consolidated financial statements of the Group and the separate financial statements of the Bank and considering the reports of the Management to Bangladesh Bank on antifraud internal controls and instances of fraud and forgeries as stated under the Management's Responsibility for the financial statements and Internal Control:
a) internal audit, internal control and risk management arrangements of the Group as disclosed in the financial statements appeared to be materially adequate;
b) nothing has come to our attention regarding material instances of forgery or irregularity or administrative error and exception or anything detrimental committed by employees of the Group and its related entities (other than matters disclosed in these financial statements)
iii) financial statements for the period ended 30 September 2021 of two of the subsidiaries namely, IFIC Securities Limited and IFIC Investments Limited have been audited by us and the financial statements of the subsidiary IFIC Money Transfer (UK) Limited is unaudited. However, the results of all three subsidiaries have been properly reflected in the consolidated financial statements;
iv) in our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Group and the Bank so far as it appeared from our examination of those books;
v) the records and statements submitted by the branches have been properly maintained and consolidated in the financial statements;
vi) the consolidated balance sheet and consolidated profit and loss account together with the annexed notes dealt with by the report are in agreement with the books of accounts and returns;
vii) the expenditures incurred were for the purpose of the Bank's business for the year;
viii) the consolidated financial statements of the Group and the separate financial statements of the Bank have been drawn up in conformity with prevailing rules, regulations and accounting standards as well as with related guidance issued by Bangladesh Bank;
ix) adequate provisions have been made for advance and other assets which are, in our opinion, doubtful of recovery as explained in Note 15.1 and15.2;
x) the information and explanation required by us have been received and found satisfactory;
xi) we have reviewed over $80 \%$ of the risk weighted assets of the bank and spent over 1,020 person hours; and
xii) Capital to Risk-Weighted Asset Ratio (CRAR) as required by Bangladesh Bank has been maintained adequately during the period ended 30 September 2021.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Hasan Mahmood.

Dated, Dhaka
... October 2021


Hasan Mahmood, Partner
Enrolment no: 564
M. J. Abedin \& Co. Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration no: N/A

| Particulars | Note | 30 September 2021 | 31 December 2020 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PROPERTY AND ASSETS |  |  |  |
| Cash | 3 | 21,099,872,540 | 18,496,393,531 |
| Cash in hand (including foreign currency) | 3.1 | 5,418,380,906 | 4,088,663,229 |
| Balance with Bangladesh Bank and its agent bank(s) (including foreign currency) | 3.2 | 15,681,491,634 | 14,407,730,302 |
| Balance with other banks and financial institutions | 4 | 5,987,461,188 | 8,068,327,513 |
| In Bangladesh | 4.1 | 4,117,557,279 | 6,682,557,302 |
| Outside Bangladesh | 4 | 1,869,903,909 | 1,385,770,211 |
| Money at call and on short notice | 5 | 4,300,000,000 | 2,330,000,000 |
| Investments | 6 | 63,216,191,460 | 58,100,080,583 |
| Government securities | 6.1 | 51,974,111,543 | 46,979,431,855 |
| Other investments | 6.2 | 11,242,079,917 | 11,120,648,728 |
| Loans and advances | 7 | 293,842,919,107 | 261,697,427,473 |
| Loans, cash credit, overdrafts etc. | 7.1 | 278,009,370,247 | 247,051,243,375 |
| Bills purchased and discounted | 8 | 15,833,548,860 | 14,646,184,098 |
| Fixed assets including premises, furniture and fixtures | 9 | 7,596,563,802 | 7,537,124,576 |
| Other assets | 10 | 13,049,551,575 | 11,426,737,686 |
| Non-banking assets | 11 | 148,474,800 | 373,474,800 |
| Total assets |  | 409,241,034,472 | 368,029,566,161 |

## LIABILITIES AND CAPITAL

| Liabilities |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Borrowing from other banks, financial institutions and agents | 12 | 14,913,336,063 | 13,021,794,012 |
| Subordinated debt | 13 | 6,400,000,000 | 2,100,000,000 |
| Deposits and other accounts | 14 | 325,701,156,606 | 296,341,568,095 |
| Current deposit and other accounts |  | 117,658,933,278 | 92,689,795,114 |
| Bills payable |  | 2,038,833,262 | 2,547,263,402 |
| Savings bank deposits |  | 26,203,048,270 | 25,343,706,980 |
| Fixed deposits |  | 179,800,341,797 | 175,760,802,599 |
| Other liabilities | 15 | 32,365,407,155 | 28,742,281,946 |
| Total liabilities |  | 379,379,899,825 | 340,205,644,052 |
| Capital/Shareholders' equity |  |  |  |
| Paid up capital | 16.2 | 17,008,675,610 | 16,198,738,680 |
| Statutory reserve | 17 | 6,864,775,853 | 6,864,775,853 |
| General reserve | 18 | 155,071,397 | 155,071,397 |
| Revaluation reserve against securities | 19 | 49,443,201 | 107,849,126 |
| Revaluation reserve against fixed assets | 20 | 115,314,704 | 115,314,704 |
| Foreign currency translation reserve | 20.a | 96,259,657 | 134,088,406 |
| Surplus in profit and loss account | 22 | 5,571,580,495 | 4,248,076,927 |
| Attributable to equity holders |  | 29,861,120,917 | 27,823,915,093 |
| Non-controlling interest | 23 | 13,731 | 7,016 |
| Total shareholders' equity |  | 29,861,134,648 | 27,823,922,109 |
| Total liabilities and shareholders' equity |  | 409,241,034,472 | 368,029,566,161 |

## INTERNATIONAL FINANCE INVESTMENT AND COMMERCE BANK LIMITED

Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 30 September 2021

| Particulars | Note | 30 September 2021 | 31 December 2020 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS |  |  |  |
| Contingent liabilities | $\mathbf{2 4}$ |  |  |
| Acceptances and endorsements |  | $65,726,393,466$ | $50,483,678,851$ |
| Letters of guarantee | $26,156,452,990$ | $16,350,951,601$ |  |
| Irrevocable letters of credit | $8,750,992,801$ | $8,058,992,366$ |  |
| Bills for collection | $22,359,082,842$ | $17,880,361,773$ |  |
| Other contingent liabilities | $8,459,864,833$ | $8,193,373,111$ |  |


| Other commitments | - | - |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Documentary credit and short term trade -related transactions | - | - |
| Forward assets purchased and forward deposit placed | - | - |
| Undrawn note issuance and revolving underwriting facilities | - | - |
| Undrawn formal standby facilities, credit lines and other commitments | - | - |
| Total off-balance sheet exposures including contingent liabilities | $65,726,393,466$ | $50,483,678,851$ |
| These financial reports should be read in conjunction with the annexed notes. |  |  |


| S/d | S/d | S/d | S/d |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Managing Director \& CEO | Director | Director | Director |

Dhaka, 28 October 2021
Hasan Mahmood, Partner
Enrolment no: 564
M. J. Abedin \& Co.

Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration no: N/A

INTERNATIONAL FINANCE INVESTMENT AND COMMERCE BANK LIMITED
Consolidated Profit and Loss Account
for the 3rd quarter ended 30 September 2021

| Particulars | Amount in BDT |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Note | 1 January to 30 September 2021 | 1 January to 30 September 2020 | 1 July to 30 September 2021 | 1 July to 30 September 2020 |
| Interest income | 26 | 16,349,214,303 | 16,268,601,812 | 5,913,996,233 | 5,199,085,765 |
| Interest paid on deposits, borrowings etc. | 27 | 11,611,578,354 | 14,208,645,702 | 3,909,851,576 | 4,472,486,255 |
| Net interest income |  | 4,737,635,949 | 2,059,956,110 | 2,004,144,657 | 726,599,510 |
| Investment income | 28 | 3,181,651,801 | 2,661,418,416 | 1,097,926,696 | 855,362,715 |
| Commission, exchange and brokerage | 29 | 1,822,290,522 | 1,348,135,614 | 547,844,834 | 457,730,068 |
| Other operating income | 30 | 128,688,973 | 86,255,941 | $(109,911,764)$ | 35,534,374 |
|  |  | 5,132,631,296 | 4,095,809,971 | 1,535,859,766 | 1,348,627,157 |
| Total operating income |  | 9,870,267,245 | 6,155,766,081 | 3,540,004,423 | 2,075,226,666 |
| Salary and allowances | 31 | 2,109,564,468 | 1,877,864,616 | 729,642,908 | 643,708,156 |
| Rent, taxes, insurance, electricity etc. | 32 | 480,822,432 | 491,480,357 | 171,487,571 | 184,516,671 |
| Legal expenses | 33 | 11,840,440 | 8,159,077 | 2,890,778 | 3,426,120 |
| Postage, stamp, telecommunication etc. | 34 | 77,244,720 | 54,691,444 | 26,038,102 | 16,774,733 |
| Stationery, printing, advertisement etc. | 35 | 277,387,778 | 182,065,851 | 67,021,190 | 74,181,576 |
| Managing Director's salary | 36 | 18,870,250 | 17,327,500 | 6,330,750 | 5,782,500 |
| Directors' fees | 37 | 3,266,400 | 1,178,500 | 1,035,200 | 479,000 |
| Auditors' fees | 38 | 3,009,168 | 2,113,031 | 1,756,945 | 862,501 |
| Depreciation and repair of bank's assets | 39 | 892,727,326 | 565,615,679 | 308,267,333 | 201,017,780 |
| Other expenses | 40 | 827,550,731 | 731,050,140 | 316,395,501 | 255,763,383 |
| Total operating expenses |  | 4,702,283,713 | 3,931,546,195 | 1,630,866,277 | 1,386,512,420 |
| Operating profit |  | 5,167,983,532 | 2,224,219,886 | 1,909,138,147 | 688,714,246 |
| Share of profit of joint ventures/associates | 40.a | 348,812,269 | 336,318,489 | 111,670,201 | 110,465,334 |
| Profit before provision |  | 5,516,795,801 | 2,560,538,374 | 2,020,808,348 | 799,179,579 |
| Provision for loans, investments \& other | 41 |  |  |  |  |
| Provision for loans and advance |  | 1,477,740,648 | 434,005,188 | 735,967,290 | 260,068,654 |
| Provision for diminution in value of investments |  | 1,185,653 | $(67,962,184)$ | 3,587,067 | $(141,187,810)$ |
| Other provisions |  | 16,686,622 | 47,721,338 | 9,943,975 | 29,231,608 |
| Total provision |  | 1,495,612,923 | 413,764,342 | 749,498,332 | 148,112,452 |
| Profit/(Loss) before taxes |  | 4,021,182,878 | 2,146,774,032 | 1,271,310,016 | 651,067,127 |
| Provision for taxation | 42 |  |  |  |  |
| Current tax |  | 1,960,011,461 | 883,754,470 | 726,638,720 | 282,059,549 |
| Deferred tax expense/(income) |  | (77,892,270) | 39,914,218 | $(49,043,240)$ | 11,543,213 |
|  |  | 1,882,119,190 | 923,668,688 | 677,595,480 | 293,602,762 |
| Net profit after taxation |  | 2,139,063,688 | 1,223,105,344 | 593,714,536 | 357,464,365 |
| Net profit after tax attributable to: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Equity holders of the Bank |  | 2,139,062,973 | 1,223,105,341 | 593,714,034 | 357,464,365 |
| Non-controlling interest |  | 715 | 3 | 502 | - |
|  |  | 2,139,063,688 | 1,223,105,344 | 593,714,536 | 357,464,365 |
| Earnings Per Share (EPS) | 50 | 1.26 | 0.72 | 0.35 | 0.21 |

These financial reports should be read in conjunction with the annexed notes.

| S/d | S/d | S/d | S/d |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Managing Director \& CEO | Director | Director | Director |

## Particulars

A. Cash flows from operating activities

Interest received
Interest payments
Dividend received
Fees and commission received
Recoveries of loans and advances previously written-off
Cash payments to employees
Cash payments to suppliers
Income taxes paid
Receipts from other operating activities 43
Payments for other operating activities 44

| Operating cash flows before changing in operating assets and liabilities | $\mathbf{4 , 0 4 1 , 1 1 5 , 6 4 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 3 2 5 , 2 8 5 , 1 9 0}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |


| Statutory deposits |  | - | - |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Loans and advances to other banks | - | - |  |
| Loans and advances to customers |  | $(31,677,066,297)$ | $(21,293,524,902)$ |
| Other assets | 45 | $(171,942,035)$ | $(141,680,908)$ |
| Deposits from other banks | $1,532,601$ | $(8,436,320,881)$ |  |
| Deposits from customers |  | $29,968,378,045$ | $33,261,111,620$ |
| Other liabilities | $\mathbf{4 6}$ | $(543,633,174)$ | $(165,699,650)$ |
|  | $(2,422,730,859)$ | $\mathbf{3 , 2 2 3 , 8 8 5 , 2 7 8}$ |  |
| Net cash flows from/(used in) operating activities | $\mathbf{1 , 6 1 8 , 3 8 4 , 7 8 7}$ | $\mathbf{4 , 5 4 9 , 1 7 0 , 4 6 8}$ |  |

B. Cash flows from investing activities

| Net proceeds/(payments) from sale/(purchase) of Government securities | $(5,052,637,513)$ | $(4,504,960,277)$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Net proceeds/(payments) from sale/(purchase) of securities | $(121,431,189)$ | $(299,295,814)$ |
| Purchase of property, plant \& equipment | $(742,241,518.83)$ | $(787,164,238)$ |
| Proceeds from sale of property, plant \& equipment | $213,971,031$ | 9936,159 |
| Net cash flows from/(used in) investing activities | $\mathbf{( 5 , 7 0 2 , 3 3 9 , 1 9 0 )}$ | $\mathbf{( 5 , 5 9 0 , 4 8 4 , 1 7 0 )}$ |

C. Cash flows from financing activities

| Borrowing from other banks, financial institutions and agents | $6,191,542,051$ | $\mathbf{3 , 3 7 3 , 9 2 3 , 0 1 3}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Payment against lease obligation | $(79,987)$ | $(113,837,371)$ |
| Net cash flows from/(used in) financing activities | $\mathbf{6 , 1 9 1 , 4 6 2 , 0 6 4}$ | $\mathbf{3 , 2 6 0 , 0 8 5 , 6 4 2}$ |
| Net increase/(decrease) in cash (A+B+C) | $\mathbf{2 , 1 0 7 , 5 0 7 , 6 6 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 2 1 8 , 7 7 1 , 9 4 0}$ |
| E. | $385,553,123$ | $459,039,591$ |
| Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents | $\mathbf{2 8 , 8 9 8 , 1 7 0 , 0 4 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 4 , 6 0 6 , 9 7 8 , 5 7 6}$ |
| Opening balance of cash and cash equivalents | $\mathbf{3 1 , 3 9 1 , 2 3 0 , 8 2 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 7 , 2 8 4 , 7 9 0 , 1 0 7}$ |

Closing cash and cash equivalents 47

| Cash in hand | $3,851,984,084$ |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Balance with Bangladesh Bank and its agents bank | $5,418,380,906$ | $14,093,353,548$ |
| Balance with other banks and financial institutions | $15,681,491,634$ | $6,596,441,575$ |
| Money at call and on short notice | $5,987,461,188$ | $\mathbf{2 , 7 4 0 , 0 0 0 , 0 0 0}$ |
| Prize bonds | $3,000,000$ | $3,010,900$ |
|  | $\mathbf{3 1 , 3 9 1 , 2 3 0 , 8 2 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 7 , 2 8 4 , 7 9 0 , 1 0 7}$ |

## INTERNATIONAL FINANCE INVESTMENT AND COMMERCE BANK LIMITED

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity
for the 3rd quarter ended 30 September 2021

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Amount in BDT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Particulars | Paid up capital | Statutory reserve | General reserve | Revaluation reserve against securities | Revaluation reserve against fixed assets | Foreign currency translation reserve | Surplus in profit and loss account | Noncontrolling interest | Total |
| Balance as at 1 January 2021 | 16,198,738,680 | 6,864,775,853 | 155,071,397 | 107,849,126 | 115,314,704 | 134,088,406 | 4,248,076,927 | 7,016 | 27,823,922,109 |
| Impact of changes in accounting policy | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Restated balance as at 1 January 2021 | 16,198,738,680 | 6,864,775,853 | 155,071,397 | 107,849,126 | 115,314,704 | 134,088,406 | 4,248,076,927 | 7,016 | 27,823,922,109 |
| Surplus/(deficit) on account of revaluation of investments | - | - | - | (58,405,925) | - | - | - | - | $(58,405,925)$ |
| Effect of foreign currency translation | - | - | - | - | - | $(37,828,749)$ | - | - | $(37,828,749)$ |
| Net gain and losses not recognized in the profit and loss account | 16,198,738,680 | 6,864,775,853 | 155,071,397 | 49,443,201 | 115,314,704 | 96,259,657 | 4,248,076,927 | 7,016 | 27,727,687,435 |
| Addition during the period |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6,000 | 6,000 |
| Net profit for the period | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2,139,062,973 | 715 | 2,139,063,688 |
| Bonus share issued for the year 2020 | 809,936,930 | - | - | - | - | - | $(809,936,930)$ | - | - |
| Transfer to Start-up fund of Y2020 | - | - | - | - | - | - | $(5,622,475)$ | - | $(5,622,475)$ |
| Balance as at 30 September 2021 | 17,008,675,610 | 6,864,775,853 | 155,071,397 | 49,443,201 | 115,314,704 | 96,259,657 | 5,571,580,495 | 13,731 | 29,861,134,648 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Balance as at 1 January 2020 | 14,726,126,080 | 6,531,903,475 | 155,071,397 | 50,121,137 | 115,314,704 | 43,867,936 | 4,920,565,744 | 6,880 | 26,542,977,353 |
| Impact of changes in accounting policy | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Restated balance as at 1 January 2020 | 14,726,126,080 | 6,531,903,475 | 155,071,397 | 50,121,137 | 115,314,704 | 43,867,936 | 4,920,565,744 | 6,880 | 26,542,977,354 |
| Surplus/(deficit) on account of revaluation of investments | - | - | - | 41,917,101 | - | - | - | - | 41,917,101 |
| Effect of foreign currency translation | - | - | - | - | - | $(129,887,677)$ | - | - | $(129,887,677)$ |
| Net gain and losses not recognized in the profit and loss account | 14,726,126,080 | 6,531,903,475 | 155,071,397 | 92,038,238 | 115,314,704 | $(86,019,741)$ | 4,920,565,744 | 6,880 | 26,455,006,777 |
| Net profit for the period | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1,223,105,318 | 26 | 1,223,105,344 |
| Bonus share issued for the year 2019 | 1,472,612,600 | - | - | - | - | - | (1,472,612,600) | - | - |
| Balance as at 30 September 2020 | 16,198,738,680 | 6,531,903,475 | 155,071,397 | 92,038,238 | 115,314,704 | (86,019,741) | 4,671,058,463 | 6,906 | 27,678,112,121 |

Balance Sheet
as at 30 September 2021
Amount in BDT

| Particulars | Note | 30 September 2021 | 31 December 2020 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PROPERTY AND ASSETS |  |  |  |
| Cash | 3 | 21,099,640,630 | 18,492,529,970 |
| Cash in hand (including foreign currency) | 3.1 | 5,418,148,996 | 4,084,799,668 |
| Balance with Bangladesh Bank and its agent bank(s) (including foreign currency) | 3.2 | 15,681,491,634 | 14,407,730,302 |
| Balance with other banks and financial institutions | 4 | 6,773,566,850 | 8,895,390,969 |
| In Bangladesh | 4.1 | 4,919,053,142 | 7,511,869,424 |
| Outside Bangladesh | 4 | 1,854,513,708 | 1,383,521,545 |
| Money at call and on short notice | 5 | 4,300,000,000 | 2,330,000,000 |
| Investments | 6 | 57,320,149,515 | 52,722,425,470 |
| Government securities | 6.1 | 51,974,111,543 | 46,979,431,855 |
| Other investments | 6.2 | 5,346,037,972 | 5,742,993,615 |
| Loans and advances | 7 | 292,671,425,826 | 260,650,289,525 |
| Loans, cash credit, overdrafts etc. | 7.1 | 276,837,876,966 | 246,004,105,427 |
| Bills purchased and discounted | 8 | 15,833,548,860 | 14,646,184,098 |
| Fixed assets including premises, furniture and fixtures | 9 | 7,550,727,546 | 7,495,172,120 |
| Other assets | 10 | 15,194,521,271 | 12,452,484,222 |
| Non-banking assets | 11 | 148,474,800 | 373,474,800 |
| Total assets |  | 405,058,506,438 | 363,411,767,076 |

LIABILITIES AND CAPITAL

| Liabilities |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Borrowing from other banks, financial Institutions and agents | 12 | 14,913,336,063 | 13,021,794,012 |
| Subordinated debt | 13 | 6,400,000,000 | 2,100,000,000 |
| Deposits and other accounts | 14 | 326,736,265,433 | 296,369,024,858 |
| Current deposit and other accounts |  | 118,693,864,472 | 92,715,704,209 |
| Bills payable |  | 2,038,833,262 | 2,547,263,402 |
| Savings bank deposits |  | 26,203,048,270 | 25,343,706,980 |
| Fixed deposits |  | 179,800,519,429 | 175,762,350,267 |
| Other liabilities | 15 | 30,243,027,693 | 26,703,993,226 |
| Total liabilities |  | 378,292,629,189 | 338,194,812,095 |
| Capital/Shareholders' equity |  |  |  |
| Paid up capital | 16.2 | 17,008,675,610 | 16,198,738,680 |
| Statutory reserve | 17 | 6,864,775,853 | 6,864,775,853 |
| General reserve | 18 | 155,071,397 | 155,071,397 |
| Revaluation reserve against securities | 19 | 49,443,201 | 107,849,126 |
| Revaluation reserve against fixed assets | 20 | 115,314,704 | 115,314,704 |
| Surplus in profit and loss account | 21 | 2,572,596,483 | 1,775,205,220 |
| Total shareholders' equity |  | 26,765,877,248 | 25,216,954,980 |
| Total liabilities and shareholders' equity |  | 405,058,506,438 | 363,411,767,076 |

Balance Sheet
as at 30 September 2021
Amount in BDT

| Particulars | Note | $\mathbf{3 0}$ September 2021 | 31 December 2020 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS |  |  |  |
| Contingent liabilities | $\mathbf{2 4}$ | $\mathbf{6 5 , 7 2 6 , 3 9 3 , 4 6 6}$ | $\mathbf{5 0 , 4 8 3 , 6 7 8 , 8 5 1}$ |
| Acceptances and endorsements |  | $26,156,452,990$ | $16,350,951,601$ |
| Letters of guarantee | $8,750,992,801$ | $8,058,992,366$ |  |
| Irrevocable letters of credit |  | $22,359,082,842$ | $17,880,361,773$ |
| Bills for collection | $8,459,864,833$ | $8,193,373,111$ |  |
| Other contingent liabilities |  | - | - |

Other commitments
Documentary credit and short term trade -related transactions
Forward assets purchased and forward deposit placed
Undrawn note issuance and revolving underwriting facilities
Undrawn formal standby facilities, credit lines and other commitments

| $65,726,393,466$ | $50,483,678,851$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $26,156,452,990$ | $16,350,951,601$ |

Letters of guarantee
8,750,992,801
8,058,992,366
Irrevocable letters of credit
8,459,864,833
17,880,361,773

Other contingent liabilities $\qquad$

Total off-balance sheet exposures including contingent liabilities
65,726,393,466
50,483,678,851
These financial reports should be read in conjunction with the annexed notes.

| S/d | S/d | S/d | S/d |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Managing Director \& CEO | Director | Director | Director |

Dhaka, 28 October 2021

[^0]for the 3rd quarter ended 30 September 2021

| Amount in BDT |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Particulars | Note | 1 January to 30 September 2021 | 1 January to 30 September 2020 | 1 July to 30 September 2021 | 1 July to 30 September 2020 |
| Interest income | 26 | 16,175,676,500 | 16,250,476,527 | 5,673,543,035 | 5,191,763,448 |
| Interest paid on deposits, borrowings, etc. | 27 | 11,612,588,608 | 14,208,648,868 | 3,909,918,529 | 4,472,486,255 |
| Net interest income |  | 4,563,087,892 | 2,041,827,659 | 1,763,624,506 | 719,277,193 |
| Investment income | 28 | 3,112,822,211 | 2,658,387,850 | 1,066,026,158 | 855,263,043 |
| Commission, exchange and brokerage | 29 | 1,752,718,186 | 1,306,523,839 | 529,959,636 | 435,518,637 |
| Other operating income | 30 | 125,547,809 | 83,070,160 | 52,527,083 | 33,751,205 |
|  |  | 4,991,088,206 | 4,047,981,849 | 1,648,512,877 | 1,324,532,885 |
| Total operating income |  | 9,554,176,098 | 6,089,809,508 | 3,412,137,383 | 2,043,810,078 |
| Salary and allowances | 31 | 2,091,063,320 | 1,860,855,169 | 723,417,249 | 637,954,833 |
| Rent, taxes, insurance, electricity, etc. | 32 | 478,264,396 | 488,657,663 | 170,431,982 | 183,906,205 |
| Legal expenses | 33 | 10,219,772 | 4,645,623 | 2,373,917 | 1,443,528 |
| Postage, stamp, telecommunication, etc. | 34 | 76,819,902 | 54,309,349 | 25,905,989 | 16,432,771 |
| Stationery, printing, advertisement, etc. | 35 | 277,079,069 | 181,751,867 | 66,894,731 | 74,074,065 |
| Managing Director's salary | 36 | 18,870,250 | 17,327,500 | 6,330,750 | 5,782,500 |
| Directors' fees | 37 | 1,832,000 | 1,008,000 | 648,000 | 424,000 |
| Auditors' fees | 38 | 2,970,835 | 1,820,833 | 1,756,945 | 862,501 |
| Depreciation and repair of bank's assets | 39 | 884,313,797 | 558,758,925 | 304,322,582 | 198,794,828 |
| Other expenses | 40 | 792,814,586 | 717,692,005 | 306,859,474 | 250,774,954 |
| Total operating expenses |  | 4,634,247,928 | 3,886,826,933 | 1,608,941,618 | 1,370,450,186 |
| Profit/(Loss) before provision |  | 4,919,928,170 | 2,202,982,575 | 1,803,195,765 | 673,359,892 |
| Provision for loans, investments and other assets | 41 |  |  |  |  |
| Provision for loans and advance |  | 1,477,740,648 | 434,005,188 | 735,967,290 | 260,068,654 |
| Provision for diminution in value of investments |  | 1,185,653 | $(67,962,184)$ | 3,587,067 | (140,402,715) |
| Other provisions |  | 16,686,622 | 47,721,338 | 9,943,975 | 29,231,608 |
| Total Provision |  | 1,495,612,923 | 413,764,342 | 749,498,332 | 148,897,547 |
| Profit/(Loss) before taxes |  | 3,424,315,247 | 1,789,218,233 | 1,053,697,433 | 524,462,345 |
| Provision for taxation | 42 |  |  |  |  |
| Current tax |  | 1,888,550,000 | 880,000,000 | 698,550,000 | 280,000,000 |
| Deferred tax expense/(income) |  | $(77,185,421)$ | 40,886,529 | $(49,084,461)$ | 11,934,976 |
|  |  | 1,811,364,579 | 920,886,529 | 649,465,539 | 291,934,976 |
| Net profit after taxation |  | 1,612,950,668 | 868,331,704 | 404,231,893 | 232,527,369 |
| Earnings Per Share (EPS) | 50 | 0.95 | 0.51 | 0.24 | 0.14 |

These financial reports should be read in conjunction with the annexed notes.

| S/d | $\mathrm{S} / \mathrm{d}$ | $\mathrm{S} / \mathrm{d}$ | $\mathrm{S} / \mathrm{d}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Managing Director <br> \& CEO | Director | Director | Director |

[^1]| Particulars | Note | 1 January to 30 September 2021 | 1 January to 30 September 2020 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A. Cash flows from operating activities |  |  |  |
| Interest received |  | 18,456,818,830 | 18,643,613,831 |
| Interest payments |  | (11,350,920,032) | $(14,088,954,168)$ |
| Dividend received |  | 44,078,266 | 33,499,729 |
| Fees and commission received |  | 1,368,678,188 | 851,404,598 |
| Recoveries of loans and advances previously written-off |  | 134,470,143 | 65,799,320 |
| Cash payments to employees |  | $(2,109,933,570)$ | $(1,878,182,669)$ |
| Cash payments to suppliers |  | $(149,090,318)$ | $(150,387,933)$ |
| Income taxes paid |  | $(1,417,013,935)$ | $(895,508,754)$ |
| Receipts from other operating activities | 43 | 762,903,599 | 85,218,932 |
| Payments for other operating activities | 44 | $(1,856,299,488)$ | $(1,354,099,571)$ |
| Operating cash flows before changing in operating assets and liabilit | ities | 3,883,691,683 | 1,312,403,313 |
| Increase/(decrease) in operating assets and liabilities |  |  |  |
| Statutory deposits |  | - |  |
| Loans and advances to other banks |  |  |  |
| Loans and advances to customers |  | $(31,422,390,620)$ | $(21,285,405,117)$ |
| Other assets | 45 | $(746,200,239)$ | $(143,698,443)$ |
| Deposits from other banks |  | 1,532,601 | $(8,436,320,881)$ |
| Deposits from customers |  | 30,174,534,246 | 33,200,514,237 |
| Other liabilities | 46 | $(438,431,276)$ | $(156,411,736)$ |
|  |  | $(2,430,955,287)$ | 3,178,678,060 |
| Net cash flows from/(used in) operating activities |  | 1,452,736,396 | 4,491,081,373 |
| B. Cash flows from investing activities |  |  |  |
| Net proceeds/(payments) from sale/(purchase) of Government securities |  | $(5,052,637,513)$ | $(4,504,960,277)$ |
| Net proceeds/(payments) from sale/(purchase) of securities |  | 396,955,644 | $(299,513,050)$ |
| Purchase of property, plant \& equipment |  | $(730,798,977)$ | $(781,321,158)$ |
| Proceeds from sale of property, plant \& equipment |  | 213,971,031 | 936,159 |
| Investment in subsidiary |  | $(399,994,000)$ | - |
| Net cash flows from/(used in) investing activities |  | $(5,572,503,816)$ | $(5,584,858,326)$ |
| C. Cash flows from financing activities |  |  |  |
| Borrowing from other banks, financial institution and agents |  | 6,191,542,051 | 3,373,923,013 |
| Payment against lease obligation |  | $(79,987)$ | $(112,476,946)$ |
| Net cash flows from/(used in) financing activities |  | 6,191,462,064 | 3,261,446,067 |
| D. Net increase/(decrease) in cash ( $\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B}+\mathrm{C}$ ) |  | 2,071,694,644 | 2,167,669,114 |
| E. Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents |  | 384,039,997 | 455,119,242 |
| F. Opening balance of cash and cash equivalents |  | 29,721,369,939 | 24,585,059,982 |
| G. Closing balance of cash and cash equivalents (D+E+F) |  | 32,177,104,580 | 27,207,848,337 |
| Closing cash and cash equivalents 47 |  |  |  |
| Cash in hand |  | 5,418,148,996 | 3,847,302,610 |
| Balance with Bangladesh Bank and its agents bank |  | 15,681,491,634 | 14,093,353,548 |
| Balance with other banks and financial institutions |  | 6,773,566,850 | 6,524,181,279 |
| Money at call and on short notice |  | 4,300,000,000 | 2,740,000,000 |
| Prize bonds |  | 3,897,100 | 3,010,900 |
|  |  | 32,177,104,580 | 27,207,848,337 |

The reconciliation of cash flows from operating activities (solo basis) has been disclosed in note 48 of these financial statements.

## INTERNATIONAL FINANCE INVESTMENT AND COMMERCE BANK LIMITED

Statement of Changes in Equity
for the 3rd quarter ended 30 September 2021

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Amount in BDT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Particulars | Paid up capital | Statutory reserve | General reserve | Revaluation reserve against securities | Revaluation reserve against fixed assets | Surplus in profit and loss account | Total |
| Balance as at 1 January 2021 | 16,198,738,680 | 6,864,775,853 | 155,071,397 | 107,849,126 | 115,314,704 | 1,775,205,220 | 25,216,954,980 |
| Impact of changes in accounting policy | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Restated balance as at 1 January 2021 | 16,198,738,680 | 6,864,775,853 | 155,071,397 | 107,849,126 | 115,314,704 | 1,775,205,220 | 25,216,954,980 |
| Surplus/deficit on account of revaluation of investments | - | - | - | $(58,405,925)$ | - | - | $(58,405,925)$ |
| Net gain and losses not recognized in the income statement | 16,198,738,680 | 6,864,775,853 | 155,071,397 | 49,443,201 | 115,314,704 | 1,775,205,220 | 25,158,549,055 |
| Net profit for the period | - | - | - | - | - | 1,612,950,668 | 1,612,950,668 |
| Bonus share issued for the year 2020 | 809,936,930 |  | - | - | - | $(809,936,930)$ | . |
| Transfer to Start-up fund of Y2020 | - | - | - | - | - | $(5,622,475)$ | $(5,622,475)$ |
| Balance as at 30 September 2021 | 17,008,675,610 | 6,864,775,853 | 155,071,397 | 49,443,201 | 115,314,704 | 2,572,596,483 | 26,765,877,248 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Balance as at 1 January 2020 | 14,726,126,080 | 6,531,903,475 | 155,071,397 | 50,121,137 | 115,314,704 | 3,018,442,662 | 24,596,979,455 |
| Impact of changes in accounting policy | - | - | - | - | - |  | - |
| Restated balance as at 1 January 2020 | 14,726,126,080 | 6,531,903,475 | 155,071,397 | 50,121,137 | 115,314,704 | 3,018,442,662 | 24,596,979,455 |
| Surplus/deficit on account of revaluation of investments | - | - | - | 41,917,101 | - | - | 41,917,101 |
| Net gain and losses not recognized in the income statement | 14,726,126,080 | 6,531,903,475 | 155,071,397 | 92,038,238 | 115,314,704 | 3,018,442,662 | 24,638,896,556 |
| Net profit for the period | - | - | - | - | - | 868,331,704 | 868,331,704 |
| Bonus share issued for the year 2019 | 1,472,612,600 | - | - | - | - | (1,472,612,600) | . |
| Balance as at 30 September 2020 | 16,198,738,680 | 6,531,903,475 | 155,071,397 | 92,038,238 | 115,314,704 | 2,414,161,766 | 25,507,228,260 |

## INTERNATIONAL FINANCE INVESTMENT AND COMMERCE BANK LIMITED

Liquidity Statement
Maturity Analysis of Assets and Liabilities
as at 30 September 2021

| Particulars |  |  |  |  |  | Amount in BDT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Maturity Period |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Up to 1 month | 1 to 3 months | 3 to 12 months | 1 to 5 years | Above 5 years | Total |
| Assets |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash in hand (including Bangladesh Bank) | 7,445,271,444 | 119,396,927 | 119,396,927 | - | 13,415,575,333 | 21,099,640,630 |
| Balance with other banks and financial institutions | 6,606,712,184 | 166,854,666 | - | - | - | 6,773,566,850 |
| Money at call and on short notice | 4,300,000,000 | - | - | - | - | 4,300,000,000 |
| Investment | 5,216,344,930 | 3,194,614,822 | 6,019,156,608 | 21,710,940,234 | 21,179,092,921 | 57,320,149,515 |
| Loans and advances | 77,704,194,082 | 25,014,814,540 | 45,896,568,351 | 72,914,809,740 | 71,141,039,113 | 292,671,425,826 |
| Fixed assets including premises, furniture and fixture | - | 755,072,755 | 1,132,609,132 | 3,020,291,018 | 2,642,754,641 | 7,550,727,546 |
| Other assets | 3,035,944,597 | 5,522,163,940 | 2,529,953,831 | 1,472,031,923 | 2,634,426,980 | 15,194,521,271 |
| Non-banking assets | - | - | - | 148,474,800 | - | 148,474,800 |
| Total assets | 104,308,467,237 | 34,772,917,650 | 55,697,684,849 | 99,266,547,715 | 111,012,888,987 | 405,058,506,438 |
| Liabilities |  |  |  |  |  | - |
| Subordinated debt | - | - | 700,000,000 | 3,700,000,000 | 2,000,000,000 | 6,400,000,000 |
| Borrowing from other banks, financial institutions and agents | 1,333,687,911 | 3,980,645,863 | 9,105,545,539 | 359,710,362 | 133,746,387 | 14,913,336,063 |
| Deposits and other accounts | 47,223,032,265 | 68,650,872,609 | 63,234,903,821 | 30,926,880,852 | 116,700,575,887 | 326,736,265,433 |
| Other liabilities | 2,008,578,889 | 660,396,040 | 4,955,009,449 | 2,827,380,414 | 19,791,662,901 | 30,243,027,693 |
| Total liabilities | 50,565,299,065 | 73,291,914,512 | 77,995,458,809 | 37,813,971,629 | 138,625,985,175 | 378,292,629,190 |
| Net liquidity | 53,743,168,172 | (38,518,996,862) | (22,297,773,960) | 61,452,576,086 | $(27,613,096,188)$ | 26,765,877,248 |

## Notes to the Financial Statements

As at and for the period ended 30 September 2021

## 1. Reporting Entity

### 1.1. IFIC Bank Limited

International Finance Investment and Commerce Bank Limited (hereinafter referred to as "the Bank" / "IFIC Bank"), started its journey in 1976 at the instance of the Government as a joint venture between the Government of Bangladesh and sponsors in the private sector with the objective of working as a finance company within the country and setting up joint venture banks/financial institutions aboard. In 1983 when the Government allowed to open up banking in the private sector, the finance company was converted into a full fledge commercial bank. The Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh, now, holds $32.75 \%$ of the share capital of the Bank. Directors and Sponsors having vast experience in the field of trade and commerce own $4.11 \%$ of the share capital and the rest is held by Institutions both local \& foreign and General Shareholders.

Its shares are listed with Dhaka Stock Exchange Limited and Chittagong Stock Exchange Limited. The Bank has 157 branches, 589 Uposhakhas and 39 ATM booths with 53 ATMs as at 30 September 2021.

The principal activities of the Bank are to provide all types of commercial banking services, within the stipulations laid down by the Banking Companies Act 1991 as amended and directives as received from Bangladesh Bank and other regulatory authorities from time to time, through its Branches, Uposhakhas and Alternative Delivery Channels like ATM Booths and Internet Banking, Digital Channel etc.

### 1.2. Off-shore Banking Unit (OBU)

Off-shore Banking Unit (OBU) is a separate business unit of IFIC Bank Limited. The Bank obtained permission for OBU operations from Bangladesh Bank vide its letter no. BRPD (P-3) 744 (104)/2009-4233 dated 17 November 2009 and commenced its operation from 10 May 2010. The operation of OBU is governed under prudential regulations of Bangladesh Bank and solo basis Financial Statements of the Bank have been prepared treating OBU as a business line in equivalent Bangladeshi Taka as per BRPD circular no 2 dated 25 February 2019, a separate Financial Statements has been prepared for OBU which are shown in Annexure-L.

### 1.3. Subsidiaries of the Bank 1.3.1. IFIC Securities Limited [IFICSL]

IFIC Securities Limited, a fully owned subsidiary company of IFIC Bank Limited was incorporated as a public limited company and acquired membership of Dhaka Stock Exchange Limited for brokerage transaction. The main objectives of this subsidiary are buying, selling and settling of securities on behalf of investors and its own portfolio as well as other related services. The registered
office of IFICSL located at IFIC Tower, 61, Purana Paltan, Dhaka 1000.

### 1.3.2. IFIC Money Transfer (UK) Limited

IFIC Money Transfer (UK) Limited is a fully owned subsidiary of IFIC Bank incorporated as a private limited company with Companies House of England and Wales under registration no. 07379137 on 16 September 2010 and obtained its Money Laundering registration on 17 January 2011 issued by HM Customs and Excise. The company got registration from Financial Conduct Authority (FCA) [previously it was Financial Services Authority (FSA)] on 16 June 2011 under Payment Services Regulations 2009. The company commenced its operation on 31 August 2011. The registered office of the company is located at Ferrari House, 2nd Floor, 102 College Road, Harrow, Middlesex, United Kingdom HAI IES, London, UK. The principal activities of the company is remitting/transfer money and related services on behalf of its customers.

### 1.3.3. IFIC Investment Limited [IFICIL]

IFIC Investment Limited, a fully owned subsidiary company of IFIC Bank Limited was incorporated as a public limited company. The main objectives of this subsidiary are merchant banking operation which is yet to start. The registered office of IFICSL located at IFIC Tower, 61, Purana Paltan, Dhaka - 1000.

### 1.4. Associates of the Bank

### 1.4.1. Nepal Bangladesh Bank Limited [NBBL], Nepal

Nepal Bangladesh Bank Limited, a joint venture commercial bank between IFIC Bank Limited and Nepali Nationals, started operation with effect from 06 June 1994 in Nepal. The Bank has so far opened 99 (Ninety Nine) branches at different important locations in Nepal. IFIC Bank presently holds $40.91 \%$ shares in NBBL and has a Management \& Technical Service Agreement to provide technical know-how and professional knowledge to strengthen the smooth function of NBBL. NBBL is listed with Nepal Stock Exchange Limited.

### 1.4.2. Oman Exchange LLC, Oman

Oman Exchange LLC, an exchange company incorporated under the laws of the Sultanate of Oman in 1985 as a joint venture between IFIC Bank and Omani Nationals. The principal activities of the company is, to remit/transfer money/fund to the different parts of the world including Bangladesh and related services. IFIC holds $49 \%$ shares of Oman Exchange LLC and the rest $51 \%$ shares is held by the Omani sponsors. The registered office is located Building no. 4699, Way no. 4567, Hamriya, PO Box 114, Post code 994, Hey Al Mina, Hamriya, Muscat, Sultanate of Oman.

### 1.5. MCB Bank Ltd, Pakistan

MCB Bank Limited is one of the largest Banks in Pakistan listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange. IFIC Bank had two branches in Pakistan, one at Karachi (in 1987) and the other at Lahore (in 1993). IFIC Pakistan operation was merged with NDLC on 02 October 2003 and renamed it NDLC-IFIC Bank Limited. It was subsequently renamed as NIB Bank Limited with effect from 28 November 2005. In 2017 NIB Bank Limited merged with MCB Bank Limited and IFIC's holding diluted significantly due to this merger. Now IFIC holds very minimal share in MCB Bank Limited.

## 2. Basis of Preparation and Significant Accounting Policies

### 2.1. Basis of preparation

2.1.1. Statement of compliance

The Financial Reporting Act 2015 (FRA) was enacted in 2015. Under the FRA, the Financial Reporting Council (FRC) is formed in 2017 and has since then adopted the International Accounting Standards (IAS) International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as the applicable Financial Reporting Standards with effect from 2 November 2020
Accordingly, the Financial Statements of the Bank have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS) and the requirements of the Banking Companies Act 1991 (as amended up to date), the rules and regulations issued by Bangladesh Bank, the Companies Act 1994, the Securities and Exchange Rules 1987 and other applicable laws and regulations.

In case any requirement of the Banking Companies Act 1991 and provisions and circulars issued by Bangladesh Bank differ with those of IFRSs and IASs, the requirement of the Banking Companies Act 1991 and provisions and circulars issued by Bangladesh Bank shall prevail.

Material departures from the requirements of IFRS in preparing these financial statements are as follows:

## i. Investment in shares and securities

IAS/IFRS: As per requirements of IFRS 9: Financial Instruments, classification and measurement of investment in shares and securities will depend on the entity's business model and its contractual cash flow characteristics. Based on these factors it would generally fall either under "at fair value through profit and loss account" or under "at fair value through other comprehensive income" where any change in the fair value (as measured in accordance with IFRS 13: Fair Value Measurement) at the periodend is taken to profit and loss account or other comprehensive income, respectively.

Bangladesh Bank: As per Banking Regulation \& Policy Department (BRPD) circular no. 14 dated 25 June 2003 investments in quoted shares and unquoted shares are revalued on the basis of period end market price and Net Assets Value
(NAV) of last audited balance sheet, respectively. In addition to that Department of Of-site Supervision (DOS) of Bangladesh Bank vide its circular letter no. 03 dated 12 March 2015 directed that investment in mutual fund (closed end) will be revalued at lower of cost and (higher of marker value and $85 \%$ of NAV). Provision should be made for any loss arising from diminution in value of investment on portfolio basis; otherwise investments are recognized at cost.

## ii. Revaluation gains/losses on Government securities

IAS/IFRS: As per requirement of IFRS 9: Financial Instruments, where securities will fall under the category of 'fair value through profit or loss account', any change in the fair value of assets is recognized through the profit and loss account. Securities designated as amortized cost are measured at effective interest rate method and interest income is recognized through the profit and loss account.

Bangladesh Bank: Held for Trading (HFT) securities are revalued on the basis of mark to market and at year end any gains on revaluation of securities which have not matured as at the balance sheet date to be recognized as other reserves in equity. Any losses on revaluation of securities which have not matured as at the balance sheet date are charged in the profit and loss account. Interest on HFT securities including amortization of discount are recognized in the profit and loss account. Held to Maturity (HTM) securities which have not matured as at the balance sheet date are amortized at year end and gains or losses on amortization are recognized in other reserve as part of equity.

## iii. Repo and reverse repo transactions

IAS/IFRS: As per IFRS 9: Financial Instruments, when an entity sells a financial asset and simultaneously enters into an agreement to repurchase the asset (or a similar asset) at a fixed price on a future date (repo), the arrangement is treated as a loan and the underlying asset continues to be recognized at amortized cost in the entity's financial statements. The difference between selling price and repurchase price will be treated as interest expense. The same rule applies to the opposite side of the transaction (reverse repo).

Bangladesh Bank: As per DOS circular letter no. 6 dated 15 July 2010 and subsequent clarification in DOS circular no. 2 dated 23 January 2013, when a bank sells a financial asset and simultaneously enters into an agreement to repurchase the asset (or a similar asset) at a fixed price on a future date (repo or stock lending), the arrangement is accounted for as a normal sales transaction and the financial asset is derecognized in the seller's book and recognized in the buyer's book. In addition to that as per DMD circular letter no. 7 dated 29 July 2012, non-primary dealer banks are eligible to participate in the Assured Liquidity Support (ALS), whereby such banks may carry out collateralized repo arrangements with Bangladesh Bank. Here the selling bank accounts for the arrangement as a loan, thereby continuing to recognize the asset.

## iv. Provision on loans and advances/investments

IAS/IFRS: As per IFRS 9: Financial Instruments, an entity shall recognize an impairment allowance on loans and advances based on expected credit losses. At each reporting date, an entity shall measure the impairment allowance for loans and advances at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk on these loans and advances has increased significantly since initial recognition whether assessed on an individual or collective basis considering all reasonable information, including that which is forward-looking. For those loans and advances for which the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, at each reporting date, an entity shall measure the impairment allowance at an amount equal to 12 month expected credit losses that may result from default events on such loans and advances that are possible within 12 months after reporting date.
Bangladesh Bank: As per BRPD circular no. 14 dated 23 September 2012, BRPD circular no. 5 dated 29 May 2013, BRPD circular no. 16 dated 18 November 2014, BRPD circular no. 15 dated 27 September 2017, BRPD circular no. 1 dated 20 February 2018 and BRPD circular No. 3 dated 21 April 2019 a general provision at $0.25 \%$ to $5 \%$ under different categories of unclassified/standard loans has to be maintained regardless of objective evidence of impairment. Also provision for sub-standard loans, doubtful loans and bad \& loss loans has to be provided at $20 \%, 50 \%$ and $100 \%$ respectively depending on the duration of past due of loans and advances. Again general provision at $1 \%$ is required to be provided for off-balance sheet exposures as per BRPD circular no. 10 dated 18 September 2007, BRPD circular no. 7 dated 21 June 2018 and BRPD circular no. 13 dated 18 October 2018. Provision for Short-Term Agricultural and MicroCredits has to be provided at the rate of 5\% for 'sub-standard' and 'doubtful' loans and at the rate of $100 \%$ provision for the 'bad/Loss' loans. As per BRPD circular no. 4 dated 29 January 2015, 1\% additional provision has to be maintained for large restructured loan and also $1 \%$ additional provision has to be maintained against the facilities for which payment was deferred during the year 2020 due to COVID-19 pandemic under purview of BRPD Circular No. 56 dated 10 December 2020. Such provision policies are not specifically in line with those prescribed by IFRS 9.

## v. Recognition of interest in suspense

IAS/IFRS: Loans and advances to customers are generally classified at amortized cost as per IFRS 9 and interest income is recognized by using the effective interest rate method to the gross carrying amount over the term of the loan. Once a loan subsequently become credit-impaired, the entity shall apply the effective interest rate to the amortized cost of these loans and advances.

Bangladesh Bank: As per BRPD circular no. 14 dated 23 September 2012, once a loan is classified, interest on such loans are not allowed to be recognized as income, rather the corresponding amount transferred/credited to an interest in suspense account and shown as liability in the balance sheet.

## vi. Other comprehensive income

IAS/IFRS: As per IAS 1: Presentation of Financial Statements, Other Comprehensive Income $(\mathrm{OCl})$ is a component of financial
statements or the elements of OCl are to be included in a single Other Comprehensive Income statement.

Bangladesh Bank: Bangladesh Bank has issued templates for financial statements which will strictly be followed by all banks. The template of financial statements issued by Bangladesh Bank neither include OCl nor are the elements of OCl allowed to be included in a single OCI Statement. As such the Bank does not prepare the OCl statement. However, elements of OCl, if any, are shown in the statements of changes in equity.
vii. Financial instruments - presentation and disclosure

In several cases Bangladesh Bank guidelines categories, recognize, measure and presentation of financial instruments different from as prescribed by IFRS 9 . As such full disclosure and presentation requirements cannot be made in the financial statements as per IFRS 7: Financial Instruments Disclosures and IAS 32: Financial Instruments: Presentation.

## viii. Financial guarantees

IAS/IFRS: As per IFRS 9: Financial Instruments, financial guarantees are contracts that requires an entity to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the term of debt instruments. Financial guarantee liabilities are recognized initially at their fair value and amortized over the life of the financial guarantee. The financial guarantee liability is subsequently carried at the higher of this amortized amount and loss allowance determined expected credit loss under IFRS 9. Financial guarantees are prescribed to be included in other liabilities.

Bangladesh Bank: As per BRPD circular no. 14 dated 25 June 2003, financial guarantees such as Letter of Credit, Letter of Guarantee should be treated as Off-balance items. No liability is recognized for the guarantee except the cash margin.

## ix. Cash and cash equivalent

IAS/IFRS: Cash and cash equivalents items should be reported as cash item as per IAS 7: Statement of Cash Flows.

Bangladesh Bank: Some cash and cash equivalent items such as 'money at call and on short notice', treasury bills, Bangladesh Bank bills and prize bond are not shown as cash and cash equivalents. Money at call and on short notice presented on the face of the balance sheet. Treasury bills, Bangladesh Bank bills and prize bonds are shown under investments in the balance sheet. However, in the Cash Flow Statement, money at call and on short notice and prize bonds are shown as cash and cash equivalents beside cash in hand, balance with Bangladesh Bank and other banks.

## x. Non-banking asset

IAS/IFRS: No indication of Non-banking asset is found in any IAS/IFRS.

Bangladesh Bank: As per BRPD circular no. 14 dated 25 June 2003 and BRPD circular no. 22 dated 20 September 2021, there is
a separate balance sheet item named Non-banking assets shown in the standard template of the balance sheet.

## xi. Cash flow statement

IAS/IFRS: As per IAS 7: Statements of Cash Flows, the cash flow statement can be prepared using either the direct method or the indirect method. The presentation is selected to present these cash flows in a manner that is most appropriate for the business or industry. The method selected is applied consistently.

Bangladesh Bank: As per BRPD circular no. 14 dated 25 June 2003, Cash Flow Statement is the mixture of direct and indirect methods.
xii. Balance with Bangladesh Bank: (Cash Reserve Requirement - CRR)
IAS/IFRS: As per IAS 7: Statements of Cash Flows, Balance with Bangladesh Bank should be treated as other asset as it is not available for use in day to day operations.
Bangladesh Bank: Balance with Bangladesh Bank including CRR is treated as cash and cash equivalents.

## xiii. Presentation of intangible asset

IAS/IFRS: Intangible asset must be identified, recognized and disclosed in the financial statements as per IAS 38: Intangible Assets.

Bangladesh Bank: There is no regulation for disclosure of intangible assets in BRPD circular no. 14 dated 25 June 2003.

## xiv. Off-balance sheet items

IAS/IFRS: There is no concept of off-balance sheet items in any IAS/IFRS; hence there is no requirement for disclosure of offbalance sheet items on the face of the balance sheet.

Bangladesh Bank: As per BRPD circular no. 14, off-balance sheet items (e.g. Letter of credit, Letter of guarantee etc.) must be disclosed separately on the face of the balance sheet.

## xv. Disclosure of appropriation of profit

IAS/IFRS: There is no requirement to show appropriation of profit on the face of Profit and Loss Account.

Bangladesh Bank: As per BRPD circular no. 14, dated 25 June 2003, an appropriation of profit should be disclosed on the face of profit and Loss Account.

## xvi. Loans and advances net off provision

IAS/IFRS: As per IFRS 9, loans and advances shall be presented at amortized cost net off any write down for impairment (expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the life of the financial instruments).

Bangladesh Bank: As per BRPD circular no. 14, provision for loans, advances and investments are presented separately as liability and cannot be netted off against the outstanding balance of loans, advances and investment.

## xvii. Presentation of Financial Statement

IAS/IFRS: As per IAS 1 financial statements shall comprise statement of financial position, statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity, cash flow statement, adequate notes comprising summary of accounting policies and other explanatory information. As per para 60 of IAS 1, the entity shall also present current and non-current assets and liabilities as separate classifications in its statement of financial position.

Bangladesh Bank: Bangladesh Bank vide it BRPD circular no. 14 dated 25 June 2003 directed all banks to prepared their financial statements in the prescribed template comprising balance sheet, profit and loss account, cash flow statement, statement of changes in equity, liquidity statement and certain disclosures therein are guided by the First Schedule (section 38) of the Banking Companies Act 1991. (Amendment up to date) and BRPD circular no. 14 dated 25 June 2003. In that prescribed template there is no scope to present assets and liabilities under current and noncurrent classifications.
[Also refer to (note 2.2.11 Compliance of International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs)]

### 2.1.2. Going concern

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on a going concern assumption that the Bank is a going concern and will continue in operation for the foreseeable future. Hence, it is assumed that the Bank has neither the intension nor the need to liquidate or curtail materially the scale of its operation. The accompanying financial statements do not include any adjustments should the Bank be unable to continue as a going concern.

The management of the Bank has calculated all the ratios related to the maintenance of regulatory requirements of capital \& liquidity such as CRAR, LCR, NSFR, CRR \& SLR and assessed adequacy of bank's liquidity as per structured liquidity profile to determine bank's shock absorbent capacity in different distress scenario. All the ratios and results thus calculated reveal that Bank is running well above the level of different parameters set by the respective guidelines of Bangladesh Bank. The rating outlook of the Bank as assigned by the rating agency Emerging Credit Rating Limited (ECRL) is 'stable'. The management do not see any issue with respect to going concern due to recent pandemic COVID-19. Besides, the management is not aware of any material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt upon the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern.

### 2.1.3. Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in Bangladeshi Taka (BDT/Tk.) which is the Group's and the Bank's functional currency. Functional currency of Off-shore Banking Unit and one of subsidiaries namely IFIC Money Transfer (UK) Limited is US Dollar (USD) and Great Britain Pound (GBP) respectively. Functional currency for two associates - Oman Exchange LLC and Nepal

Bangladesh Bank Limited is Omani Rial and Nepalese Rupee respectively. Financial information presented in BDT has been rounded off to nearest integer, except otherwise indicated. The financial statement and information of the subsidiaries and joint venture/associates whose functional currency is different than that of IFIC Bank Limited has been translated in the presentation currency i.e. BDT as per IAS 21: The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates, where applicable.

### 2.1.4. Materiality and aggregation

Each material item considered as significant and has been presented separately in the financial statements. No assets has been set off against any liability other than IFIC General Account and unless the Bank has a legal right to set off such amount and intends to settle on net basis. Income and expenses are presented on a net basis only when permitted by the relevant financial reporting standards or as directed by Bangladesh Bank.

### 2.1.5. Comparative information

Accounting policies have been consistently applied by the bank and are consistent with those used in the previous period Comparative amounts in the financial statements have been reclassified and rearranged to conform to the current period's presentation. The Bank did not restated its comparative figures which affect the related implications of IAS 1: Presentation of Financial Statements.

### 2.1.6. Reconciliation of inter-bank and inter-branch account

Books of Accounts with regard to inter-bank (in Bangladesh and outside Bangladesh) are reconciled on regular basis and there are no material differences which may affect the financial statements significantly.

The Bank doesn't have any un-reconciled entries related to interbranch transactions as on the reporting date.

### 2.1.7. Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the Bank's functional currency at the exchange rates prevailing on the respective date of such transactions as per IAS 21: The Effect of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are converted into Taka at spot exchange rate at the reporting date. Foreign exchange differences are generally recognized in the profit and loss account.

## Foreign operations

The results of financial statements of the Bank whose functional currency is not Bangladesh Taka are translated into Bangladesh taka as follows:
a. Assets and liabilities for each statement of balance sheet have been translated at the closing rate on the date of balance sheet.
b. Income and expenses for the profit and Loss account have been translated at monthly average rate.

### 2.1.8. Reporting period

These consolidated financial statements cover the period from 1 January to 30 September 2021. The reporting period of the subsidiaries namely IFIC Securities Limited and IFIC Money Transfer (UK) Limited and one of the associates Oman Exchange LLC is in line with that of the parent i.e. IFIC Bank Limited. The reporting period of the subsidiary IFIC Investments Limited covers the period from 30 November 2020 (which is the Company's date of incorporation) to 30 September 2021. The reporting period of Nepal Bangladesh Bank Limited is as per Nepalese Calendar Year and hence the financial statements for the period ended 17 October 2021 have been considered for consolidation purposes. The operating results of Nepal Bangladesh Bank Limited have been adjusted proportionately in line with the reporting period of IFIC Bank Limited as consolidation adjustments.

### 2.1.9. Date of authorization

The Board of Directors has authorized these financial statements for public issue on 28 October 2021.

### 2.1.10. Use of estimates and judgments

In the preparation of the financial statements of the Bank in conformity with IFRSs requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the measurement of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Accordingly, actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

Key estimates are as follows:

- Provision for loans, advances and investments ;
- Revaluation of land \& buildings;
- Deferred tax assets/liabilities;
- Useful life of depreciable assets;
- Measurement of defined benefit obligation (Provision for gratuity);
- Provision / accruals for expenses;
- Provision for current taxation;
- Lease Liabilities and Right of Use Assets;


## Changes in accounting estimates

Changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur in accordance with IAS 8: Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors. During the period, the bank has not adopted any change of accounting estimates.

### 2.1.11. Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of IFIC Bank Limited and its subsidiaries, IFIC Securities Limited operating in Bangladesh and IFIC Money Transfer (UK) Limited operating in United Kingdom as those of a single economic entity. The separate financial statements are derived by combining the financial statements of main operation of IFIC Bank Limited as Domestic Banking Unit and the financial statements of Off-shore Banking Unit (OBU) in equivalent BDT denomination as per BRPD circular no 2 dated 25 February 2019.

The consolidated and separate financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS 27: Separate Financial Statements and IFRS 10: Consolidated Financial Statements. The consolidated financial statements are prepared to a common period ended 30 September 2021. The reporting period of Nepal Bangladesh Bank Limited is different from that of the IFIC, necessary adjustments have been made to the financial results at the time of consolidation. Both consolidated financial statements and separate financial statements of the Bank comprises Balance Sheet, Profit \& Loss Statement, Cash Flow Statement, Statement of Changes in Equity and relevant notes and disclosures.

## Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities over which the bank has the power to govern the financial and operating policies generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights. A parent of a subsidiary should present consolidated financial statements according to IAS 27: Separate financial statements and IFRS 10: Consolidated Financial Statements. The financial statements of subsidiary are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date that control effectively commences until the date that the control effectively ceases.

The financial statements of such subsidiary companies are incorporated on a line by line basis and investment held by the bank is eliminated against the corresponding share capital of subsidiaries in the consolidated financial statements.

## Associates

An associate is an enterprise in which the investor has significant influence and which is neither subsidiary nor a joint venture of the investor (IAS 28: Investments in Associates). Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but there is no control over those policies. Investment in associate is accounted for in the financial statements under the "equity method" as per the direction of Bangladesh Bank. Under the equity method, the investment is initially recorded at cost and the carrying amount is increased or decreased to recognize the investor's share of the profits and losses of the investee after the date of acquisition. The investor's share of the investee's profit or loss is recognized in the investor's profit and loss account. Distributions received from an investee reduce the carrying amount of the investment.

## Transactions eliminated on consolidation

All intra-group transactions, balances and any unrealized income and expenses arising from intra-group transactions are eliminated in preparing consolidated financial statements.

### 2.1.12. Basis for preparation of liquidity statement

The liquidity statement has been prepared in accordance with the remaining maturity grouping of the value of the assets and liabilities as on the reporting date under the guidelines of Bangladesh Bank BRPD circular No. 14 dated 25 June 2003. The bank used following basis for preparation of liquidity statement:

| Particulars | Basis |
| :--- | :--- |
| Balance with other Banks and <br> financial institutions | Maturity term |
| Money at call and on short <br> notice | Maturity term |
| Investments | Respective residual maturity |
| Loans and advances | Repayment schedule |
| Fixed assets | Useful lives |
| Other assets | Realization / amortization |
| Sub-ordinated debt | Maturity / repayment terms |
| Borrowing from other Banks, <br> financial institutions | Maturity / repayment terms |
| Deposits and other accounts | Maturity term and past trend <br> of withdrawal |
| Provisions and other liabilities | Settlement/Payment/adjustm <br> ents schedule |

2.1.13. Basis of provision, contingent liabilities, contingent assets

The Bank recognizes provisions only when it has a present obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and when a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made.

## No provision is recognized for -

a. Any possible obligation that arises from past events and the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Bank; or
b. Any present obligation that arises from past events but is not recognized because-

- It is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; or
- A reliable estimate of the amount of obligation cannot be made.

Such obligations are recorded as contingent liabilities. These are assessed continually and only that part of the obligation for which an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is probable, is provided for except in the extremely rare circumstances where no reliable estimate can be made. Contingent assets are not
recognized in the financial statement since this may result in the recognition of income that may never be realized."

### 2.2. Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements, and have been applied consistently by group entities except otherwise instructed by Bangladesh Bank as the prime regulator or local laws where the entities are operated.

### 2.2.1. Assets and basis of their valuation

### 2.2.1.1. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include notes and coins in hand, cash at bank, unrestricted balances held with Bangladesh Bank and its agent bank, balance with other banks and financial institutions, money at call and on short notice and such other highly liquid financial assets which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in their value and are used by the Bank management for its short term commitments.

### 2.2.1.2. Investment

All investments (except government treasury bill and bond) have been initially recognized at cost, including acquisition charges associated with the investment. Premiums have been amortized and discount accredited by using the effective or historical yield method. Government Treasury Bills and Bonds (categorized as HFT and/or HTM) are accounted for as per Bangladesh Bank DOS circular letter no. 5 dated 26 May 2008 and DOS circular no. 5 dated 28 January 2009. Details of the valuation methods of investment are given below:

## i. Govt. securities - Held to Maturity (HTM)

Investments which are intended to be held to maturity are classified as "Held to Maturity". These are measured at amortized cost at each period end by taking into account any discount or premium in acquisition. Amortized amount of such premium are booked into Profit and Loss Account or discount is booked to reserve until maturity/disposal.

## ii. Govt. securities - Held for Trading (HFT)

Investment held in this category are acquired principally for the purpose of selling and purchasing in short trading. After initial recognition, investments are revalued weekly on mark to market basis. Decrease in the book value is recognized in the profit and loss account and any increase is transferred to revaluation reserve account.

## iii. Investment in quoted shares/securities

These shares/securities are bought and held primarily for the purpose of selling in future or for dividend income. Investment in quoted shares/securities are revalued at the end of the reporting period and necessary provisions are maintained for diminution in value of investments in quoted shares/securities in line with

Bangladesh Bank requirement. Realized gain or losses are recognized in the profit and loss account.

## iv. Investment in unquoted shares/securities

Investment in unquoted shares/securities are initially recognized at cost and revalued based on book value of last audited balance sheet. Provision arising from diminution in value of investment recognized in profit and loss accounts as per Bangladesh Bank guidelines.

## v. Investment in subsidiary

Investment in subsidiary is accounted for under the cost method of accounting and presented in the Bank's consolidated financial statements as that of a single economic entity in accordance with the IAS 27: Separate Financial Statements and IFRS 10: Consolidated Financial Statements.

## vi. Investment in associates

Investment in associates are accounted for using the equity method (equity accounted investees) in the consolidated financial statements as per IAS 28: Investment in Associates. Under this method, the investment is initially recorded at cost and the increase and decreases on the carrying amount is recognized in investor's share of profit \& losses of the investee after the date of acquisition. The consolidated financial statements include the IFIC's share of the profit and loss of equity accounted investees, after adjustments to align the accounting policies with those of the IFIC Bank Limited, from the date that significant influence commences until the date that significant influence ceases.

### 2.2.1.3. Loans and advances

i. Loans and advances are non-derivatives financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and that the Bank does not sell in the normal course of business. It has been stated at gross value as pre requirements of the Banking Companies Act, 1991.
ii. Provision for loans and advances are made in line with the direction contained in the BRPD circular no. 14 dated 23 September 2012, BRPD circular no. 5 dated 29 May 2013, BRPD circular no. 16 dated 18 November 2014, BRPD circular no. 4 dated 29 January 2015, BRPD circular no. 15 dated 27 September 2017, BRPD circular no. 1 dated 20 February 2018, BRPD circular no. 7 dated 21 June 2018, BRPD circular no. 13 dated 18 October 2018 and BRPD circular No. 3 dated 21 April 2019 issued by Bangladesh Bank. As per BRPD circular no. 4 dated 29 January 2015, 1\% additional provision has to be maintained for restructured large loan and also as per BRPD circular no. 56 dated 10 December 2020, facilities for which payment was deferred during COVID-19. The rates of provision by classification of loans and advances are disclosed in note number 15.1.1 and 15.2.1 of the financial statements.
iii. Interest on unclassified loans and advances (except those of rescheduled and stay order accounts) is recognized as
income on accrual basis, interest on classified loans and advances (including rescheduled and stay order accounts) is credited to interest suspense account. However actual recovery of interest on rescheduled, stay order accounts and classified loan credited to income account as per instruction of BRPD circular no. 14 dated 23 September 2012, BRPD circular no. 19 dated 27 December, BRPD circular no. 16 dated 18 November 2014 and BRPD Circular No. 56 dated 10 iv. December 2020.
iv. The Bank are providing concessional interest rare to its' good borrowers.
v. Loans and advances are written off from the books of accounts in line with the BRPD circular no. 01 dated 06 February 2019 issued by Bangladesh Bank. These write off will not undermine/affect the claim amount against the borrower.
vi. Provision on off balance sheet exposures Bank recognized $1 \%$ General Provision on the off balance sheet exposures in line with the directives of Bangladesh circular BRPD circular no. 10 dated 18 September 2007 and BRPD circular no. 14 dated 23 September 2012 considering the exemption as provided through BRPD circular no. 10 dated 18 September 2007, BRPD circular no. 1 dated 03 January 2018, BRPD circular no. 7 dated 21 June 2018 and BRPD circular no. 13 dated 18 October 2018.

### 2.2.1.4. Fixed assets and depreciation

## Acquisition through outright purchase and Lease

i. Fixed assets are stated at cost/revalued amount less accumulated depreciation for those acquired through outright purchase except Land. Land is initially measured at cost and then recognized at revalued amount. The bank has charged depreciation using straight line method considering the following useful life:

| Particulars | Useful Life (Years) |
| :--- | :---: |
| Building | 40 |
| Wooden Furniture | 10 |
| Steel Furniture | 15 |
| Office Equipment | 5 |
| Computer | 5 |
| Electrical \& Gas Equipment | 8 |
| Leasehold improvement | 10 |
| Vehicles | 5 |
| Soft furnishing | 3 |

ii. Land/Building is initially recognized at cost and subsequently carried at revalued amount following revaluation model as per IAS 16: Property, plant and equipment. The Bank regularly reviews if the fair value of Land/Building is materially different from its carrying amount or book value and if it is observed that there is material differences between carrying amount and fair value then complete revaluation by professional
valuer is carried out and any changes in fair value over cost is adjusted in revaluation reserve account in equity.
iii. Depreciation on fixed assets except Land is charged from when the assets become ready to be used and no depreciation is charged in the month of asset is disposed.
iv. Depreciation is comprised of both from fixed assets and leased assets as per IFRS 16: Leases (note 2.2.1.7). As per the new standard, previously recognized rental expenses would be replaced with depreciation expenses.
v. Assets that take some time to get it ready for use such as construction or improvement of building or implementation of new system etc. are initially kept as capital work in progress and once ready/available for use then it is transferred to respective category of fixed assets and calculation of depreciation starts accordingly.

### 2.2.1.5. Intangible assets

Intangible assets are identifiable non-monetary assets without physical substance. It comprises the value of computer application software licensed for the Bank, other than software applied to the operating systems of computers. An intangible asset is recognized if it is probable that future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the Bank over a period of time and the cost of the asset can be measured reliably as per IAS 38: Intangible Assets. Intangible assets acquired separately are recorded on initial recognition at costs and are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

## Subsequent expenditure on intangible asset

Subsequent expenditure on intangible asset is capitalized only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific assets to which it relates. All other expenditures are charged as expense to the profit and loss account as and when they are incurred.

## Amortization of intangible asset

Intangible assets are amortized on straight line method to the profit and loss account from the year when the asset is available for use. Intangible asset i.e. acquisition cost of the computer application software is amortized over its useful life which is usually 10 years or among the period of license of the concerned software.

### 2.2.1.6. Impairment of assets

An asset is impaired when its carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount as per IAS 36: Impairment of Assets. The Bank assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. The impairment test is also made whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of the asset may not be recovered. If any such indication exists, the Bank makes an estimate of the recoverable amount of such assets. Upon estimation, if the recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount and
resultant impairment losses are recognized in the profit and loss account.
However, the Bank has no such condition which makes any indication that might be suggestive for a heightened risk of existence of impairment at the reporting date.

### 2.2.1.7. Leases

IFRS 16: Leases has come into force on 1 January 2019, as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Bangladesh (ICAB). As Bangladesh Bank (BB) has no other alternative regulation or guidance regarding the same, IFIC Bank applied IFRS 16 in its financial statements where the Bank measured the lease liability at the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted it using the bank's incremental borrowing rate at the date of initial application, and recognized a right-of-use asset at the date of initial application on a lease by lease basis.

## Right-of-use assets (ROU)

The Bank recognizes right-of-use assets at the date of initial application of IFRS 16. The ROU asset is initially measured at cost at the amount of the lease liability plus any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee and depreciated using the straight line methods from the commencement date (from the beginning of 2019) to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right of use asset or the end of the lease term.

## Lease Liability

At the commencement date of lease, the bank recognizes lease liabilities measured at the present value of the lease payments to be made over the lease term using incremental borrowing rate at the date of initial application. Lease liability is measured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability, reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments.

## Short-term lease and leases of low value assets

The Bank has elected not to recognize ROU assets and lease liabilities for leases of low value assets and short term leases for which the lease term ends within 12 months of the date of initial application. The Bank recognizes lease payments associated with these lease as an expense.

The impact of the new standard on lessees' financial statements are:

- An increase in recognized assets and liabilities;
- More lease expenses recognized in early periods of lease, and less in the later periods of a lease;
- A shift in lease expense classification from rental expenses to interest expense and depreciation


### 2.2.1.8. Subordinated Bond

The Bank issued 1st Non-Convertible, Redeemable, Unsecured Floating Rate Subordinated Bond of BDT 3,500,000,000 with consent of Bangladesh Securities and Exchange Commission vide letter no. BSEC/CI/DS-32/2015/644 dated 28 December 2015 and Bangladesh Bank vide letter no. BRPD (BFIS) 661/ 14B (P)/2016-

938 dated 8 February 2016. The tenure of the bond is 7 years and the redemption of the Bond has been started from the year 2019 and the Bond will be fully redeemed in the year 2023.

The Bank issued 2nd Non-Convertible, Redeemable, Unsecured Floating Rate Subordinated Bond of BDT 5,000,000,000 with approval of Bangladesh Bank vide letter no. BRPD(BFIS)661/14B(P)/2021-4427 dated 30 May 2021 and Bangladesh Securities and Exchange Commission vide letter no. BSEC/CI/DS-144/2021/442 dated 30 June 2021. The bond was fully subscribed on 14 September 2021. The tenure of the bond is 7 years and will be fully redeemed in the year 2028.

### 2.2.1.9. Other liabilities

Other liabilities comprise items such as provision for loans and advances, investment, other assets, provision for taxes, interest payable, interest suspense, lease liability and accrued expenses. Other liability is recognized in the balance sheet according to the guideline of Bangladesh Bank, IAS and IFRS, Income Tax Ordinance 1984 and internal policies of the bank. Provisions and accrued expenses are recognized in the financial statements when the bank has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefit will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

## i. Provision for loans and advances

The rates of provision by classification of loans and advances are disclosed in note number 15.1.1 and 15.2.1 of the financial statements. Summary of the same as follows:

| Types of loans and advances | Provision |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | STD | SMA | SS | DF | BL |
|  | 1\% | 1\% | 20\% | 50\% | 100\% |
|  | 2\% | 2\% | 20\% | 50\% | 100\% |
|  | 5\% | 5\% | 20\% | 50\% | 100\% |
| Loan to broker house, merchant banks, stock dealers etc. | 2\% | 2\% | 20\% | 50\% | 100\% |
| Short-term agri-credit and micro credit | 1\% | 1\% | 5\% | 5\% | 100\% |
| Small and medium enterprise finance | $\begin{array}{r} 0.25 \\ \% \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 0.25 \\ \% \end{array}$ | 20\% | 50\% | 100\% |
| Others | 1\% | 1\% | 20\% | 50\% | 100\% |
| Loan under Deferral during COVID 19 | 1\% |  |  |  |  |
| Off-balance sheet | 1\% |  |  |  |  |

## ii. Provision for taxation

Income tax on profit for the period comprises current and deferred tax and is based on the applicable tax law in Bangladesh. It is recognized in the Profit and Loss Account.

## a. Current tax

Current tax is the tax expected to be paid on the taxable profit for the period, calculated using tax rates as prescribed in the Income Tax Ordinance (ITO) 1984 and relevant Statutory Regulatory Orders (SRO) and any adjustment (excess or deficit) in respect of previous years. Currently the income tax rate applicable for banks is $37.50 \%$. The estimation of current tax provision involves making judgments regarding admissibility of certain expenses as well as estimating the amount of other expenses for tax purposes.

## b. Deferred tax

The Bank accounted for deferred tax assets or liabilities based on deductible or taxable temporary differences between the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities used for the financial reporting and its tax base as per IAS 12: Income Taxes, Income Tax Ordinance (ITO) 1984 and BRPD circular no. 11 dated 12 December 2011 issued by the Bangladesh Bank. Deferred tax assets, including specific provision on doubtful and bad/loss against the classified loans and advances, the tax effects of income tax losses and credits available to be carried forward, are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences or unused tax losses and credits can be utilized. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are reviewed at each reporting date and are measure at the prevailing tax rate as per tax laws that are expected to be applied when assets are realized and liabilities are settled. Any unrecognized deferred tax assets and liabilities are reassessed if that has become probable that future taxable profit or loss will be available on which it could be used or settled.

As there is no significance difference between Solo and consolidated basis deferred tax, the Bank does not disclosed consolidated deferred tax separately.

## iii. Provision for diminution in value of investment

Provision for diminution of value of quoted shares and mutual funds (closed-end), placed under other liability, has been made on portfolio basis (gain net off) following DOS circular no. 4 dated 24 November 2011 and DOS circular letter no. 3 dated 12 March 2015 respectively. In case of unquoted shares, provision has been made based on available latest Net Asset Value (NAV) of respective number of units.

Provision against investment in associate/joint venture have been calculated and maintained if cost is higher than lower of NAV or market value as the case may be in line with the instructions of Bangladesh Bank.

## iv. Provision for Nostro Account

Provision has been made against unsettled nostro transactions as per circular letter number FEPD (FEMO)/01/2005-677 dated 13 September 2005 issued by Foreign Exchange Policy Department of Bangladesh Bank. In line with this circular management of the Bank review the outstanding entries of nostro accounts on
quarterly basis and certified by the Bank's external auditors on a semi-annual basis.

## v. Provision for Off-balance sheet items

In line with the BRPD Circular number 10, 14, 01, 07 and 13 dated 18 September 2007, 23 September 2012, 03 January 2018, 21 June 2018 and 18 October 2018 respectively, general provision at the rate $0 \%$ to $1 \%$ has been made against off balance sheet exposures (mainly contingent assets/liabilities).

### 2.2.1.10. Employee benefits

## i. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are employee benefits which fall due wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service including salaries, bonuses and other allowances. Payments are charged as an expense in the profit and loss account as they fall due. Payments due are accrued as a liability in "Provisions for liabilities and charges" on an undiscounted basis.

## ii. Post-employment benefits

Post-employment benefits are employee benefits, which are payable after the completion of employment as per respective plan:

## Provident fund (Defined Contributory Plan)

"Defined Contribution Plan" is a post-employment benefit plan under which an entity pays fixed contribution into a separate entity and will have no legal constructive obligation to pay further amounts. Provident fund benefits are given to the staff of the bank in accordance with the registered Provident fund rules. The commissioner of Income Tax, Dhaka has approved the Provident Fund as a recognized fund within the meaning of section 2(52) read with the provisions of part - B of the First Schedule of Income Tax Ordinance 1984. The recognition took effect from 20 May 1987. The fund is operated by a Board of Trustees consisting of 05 (five) members of the bank. All confirmed employees of the bank are contributing $10 \%$ of their basic salary as subscription of the fund. The bank also contributes equal amount of the employees' contribution to the fund. Upon completion of 5 years of service length after confirmation employees are entitled to $100 \%$ of employer's contribution along with his/her own contribution. Interest earned from the investments is credited to the members' account on half yearly basis.

## Gratuity Fund (Defined Benefit Plan)

Gratuity fund benefits are given to the staff of the bank in accordance with the approved Gratuity fund rules. National Board of Revenue has approved the Gratuity fund as a recognized Gratuity fund on 8 October 2007. The fund is operated by a Board of Trustees consisting of 6 (six) members of the bank. Employees are entitled to Gratuity benefit after completion of minimum 10 (ten) years of service in the Company. The Gratuity is calculated on the basis of average basic pay earned during immediately preceding 12 months and is payable at the different applicable rate
on the year of service as defined in the "IFIC Bank Employees' Gratuity Fund" which is a funded Gratuity Fund.

## Worker's Profit Participation Fund (WPPF)

Consistent with the industry practice and in accordance with the Banking Companies Act 1991, no provision has been made for WPPF.

## iii. Other Employee Benefits Life Insurance

The objective of the scheme is to provide death or permanent disability benefits to its confirmed employees and their families based on the designation as defined in Insurance Coverage Scheme of the Bank.

## Hospitalization Insurance

The Bank has introduced a health insurance scheme to its confirmed employees and their spouse with 2 (two) children at rates provided in the Insurance Coverage Scheme of the Bank.

## Mandatory Annual leave / Leave Fare Assistance

The provision for leave fare assistance represents the current outstanding liability to employees at the balance sheet date. Leave Fare Assistance (LFA) is a non-recurring benefit for all permanent employees of the Bank who are entitled to annual leave. According to Bangladesh Bank policy all permanent employees have to avail 15 consecutive days of mandatory leave and LFA will be given in this / for the leave period.

## Subsidized loan scheme

IFIC has scheme to provide Salary Over Draft and Staff House Building Loan to its eligible staff as per policy of the Bank.

### 2.2.2. Income

## Revenue recognition

## i. Interest income

In terms of the provision of the IFRS-15 interest income is recognized on an accruals basis, interest on loans and advances ceases to taken into income when such advances are classified, kept in interest suspense account under liabilities. Interest on classified advances is accounted for to income account on realization basis as per Bangladesh Bank guidelines.

## ii. Investment income

Income on investments is recognized on accrual basis. Investment income includes interest on treasury bills, treasury bond and term placement with others banks and financial institutions. Capital gain/loss on investment is recognized at the time of realization.

## iii. Dividend income on shares

Dividends are recognized as income when the Bank's right to receive payment of the dividend is established and probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the

Bank and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably as per IFRS 9: Financial Instruments.

## iv. Fees and commission income

Fees and commission includes benefits arising on financial and other services provided by the bank including trade finance, credit/debit cards, remittances, locker facilities, SMS banking and service charge on various accounts etc. Fees and Commission income arises on services rendered by the Bank are recognized on a realization basis.

## v. Exchange gain/(loss)

Exchange gain/(loss) includes all gains and losses from foreign currency transactions.

## vi. Gain or loss on Fixed Assets

The gain or loss on disposal of fixed assets is determined as the difference between the carrying amount of the assets at the time of disposal and the proceeds of disposal. The gain or loss arising on disposal is recognized as other income in the period in which the significant risks and rewards of ownership and transferred to buyer.

### 2.2.3. Expenses

2.2.3.1. Interest paid on deposits and borrowings

Interest expenses are recognized on accrual basis and payments are made based on nature of product and agreed terms.

### 2.2.3.2. Management and other expenses

General and administrative expenses of the Bank are recognized on accrual basis.

### 2.2.4. Shareholders' equity

### 2.2.4.1. Share capital

## i. Authorized capital

Authorized capital is the maximum amount of share capital that the bank is authorized by its Memorandum and Articles of Association

## ii. Paid up share capital

Paid up share capital represents total amount of shareholder capital that has been paid in full by the ordinary shareholders. Holders of the ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to vote at shareholders' meetings. In the event of a winding-up of the company, ordinary shareholders rank after all other shareholders and creditors and are fully entitled to any residual proceeds of liquidation.

### 2.2.4.2. Statutory reserve

As per the section 24 (1) of the Banking Companies Act, 1991 as amended, the Bank is required to transfer at least $20 \%$ of its current year profit before tax to the statutory reserve until such reserve equals to Paid up capital.

### 2.2.4.3. Fixed assets revaluation reserve

When an asset's carrying amount is increased as a result of a revaluation, the increase amount is directly credited to equity under the head of revaluation reserve as per IAS 16: Property, Plant and Equipment. The Bank revalued the land which is absolutely owned by the Bank and the increased amount was transferred to revaluation reserve.

### 2.2.4.4. Non-controlling interest

Non-controlling interests are measured at their proportionate share of the acquires identifiable net assets at the date of acquisition as per IFRS 3: Business Combinations. The bank presents the noncontrolling interests in the consolidated balance sheet within equity, separately from the parent owner's equity as per IFRS 10: Consolidated Financial Statements. Changes in Group's interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transaction as per IFRS 10. The Bank attributes the profit and loss to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if the results in the non-controlling interest having a deficit balance as per provision of IFRS 10. When the proportion of the equity held by the non-controlling interests changes, the bank adjusted the carrying amounts of the controlling and noncontrolling interests to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiary and recognized directly in equity for any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interest are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received, and attribute it to the owners of the parent by as per provision of IFRS 10.

### 2.2.5. General

### 2.2.5.1. Earnings per share (EPS)

Earnings Per Share (EPS) has been computed as per IAS 33: Earnings Per Share by dividing the basic earning by the weighted average number of ordinary Shares outstanding during the reporting period.

## i. Basic earnings per share

This represents earnings for the period attributable to ordinary shareholders. As there was no preference shares, the net profit after tax for the period has been considered as fully attributable to the ordinary shareholders. This has been calculated by dividing the net profit after tax attributable to the ordinary shareholders by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period.

## ii. Weighted average number of outstanding ordinary shares

This represents the number of ordinary shares outstanding at the beginning of the year plus the number of ordinary share issued during the period multiplied by a time weighted factor. The timeweighted factor is the numbers of days the specific shares were outstanding as a proportion of the total number of days in the year.

The basis of computation of number of shares is in line with the provisions of IAS 33: Earnings per share. The logic behind this basis is, that the bonus shares are issued to the existing shareholders without any consideration, and therefore, the number of shares outstanding is increased without an increase in resources generating new earnings. In contrast, other shares were issued against consideration in cash or in kind, and accordingly there is an increase in recourses generating new earnings.

## iii. Diluted earnings per share

No diluted earnings per share is required to be calculated for the period as there was no dilutive potential ordinary share during the period.

### 2.2.5.2. Related party transactions

As per IAS 24: Related Party Disclosures, parities are considered to be related if one of the parties has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control or common significant influence. The Bank carried out transactions in the ordinary course of business on an arm's length basis at commercial rates with related parties. Related party transaction is a transfer of resources, services, or obligations between related parties, regardless of whether a price is charged as per IAS 24: Related Party Disclosures, Bangladesh Bank and BSEC guidelines. The related party transactions of bank are disclosed in

## Annexure-F

### 2.2.5.3. Operating segments

The Bank has identified the reportable segments based on the geographical locations which are the consolidated major strategic business units/entities. The strategic business units offer different products and services, which are managed separately based on the management and internal reporting structure of the group. Details of the segment of the Bank have been disclosed in Annexure-H.

### 2.2.5.4. Events after the reporting period

All material event occurring after the reporting period has been considered and where necessary, adjusted for or adequately disclosed in the financial statements as per IAS 10: Events after the Reporting Period. Overall effect of COVID 19 global pandemic on Bank's business in the post years is still evolving at this point, there has been limited impact assessed on the business since the outbreak. The Board and Management are regularly monitoring the potential impact of the pandemic on the Bank as the situation continues to deteriorate but are assured that any foreseeable adverse impact can be reasonably managed.

### 2.2.6. Risk management

Risk is the exposure to uncertainty and risk exposure is the extent to which an entity is sensitive to underlying risks. As risk is an inherent part of the business activities, risk management is
essential for ensuring sustainability of the business. Type of risk may vary from business to business, however, preparing a comprehensive risk management plan involves a collaborative process. Bangladesh Bank issued revised risk management guideline in October 2018, which forms the basis of risk management. Risk management among banks broadly cover core risk areas of banking, i.e. credit risk, asset liability management risk, foreign exchange risk, money laundering risk, ICC risk and ICT risk etc. Bangladesh Bank also prescribed that there should be a separate desk for each of these risk types under the risk management division.

In line with the regulatory requirement, IFIC has a board approved 'Risk Management Policy' for managing Core risks and other material risks inherent with the banking business. IFIC Bank manages risk in Strategic layer, Managerial layer and Operational layer as a part of sound risk management. The Bank has a Risk Management Committee on behalf of the Board of Directors as Strategic Layer to oversee the overall risk of the Bank the Managerial layer is headed by Deputy Managing Director \& Chief Risk Officer (CRO) and an Operational layer represented by Risk Management Division. The risk management systems are in place within the Bank which are discuss as follows:

## i. Credit risk

Credit risk is one of the major risks out of the six core risks of the Bank. Credit risk is the risk of loss that may occur from the default of any bank borrower or counterparty to repay in accordance with agreed terms and conditions and/or deterioration of creditworthiness. IFIC has a board approved 'Credit Risk Management Policy' and the CRM works within the scope this defined regulations. Board of Directors is the apex body for credit approval of the Bank. However, they delegate authority to the Managing Director \& CEO or other officers of the Credit Risk Management (CRM) Division. The Board also sets credit policies to the management for setting procedures, which together has structured the CRM framework in the bank.

CRM policy also contain how to manage credit risk in the origination process, how to organize, role of board, senior management and CRM Committee, credit risk mitigation strategies, MIS for credit risk, managing problem assets including role of Remedial Asset Management Division and maintenance of adequate provisioning etc. This policy ensures sound practices of effective functioning of the Bank's lending process and develop the strategies for appropriate management, measurement and monitoring its lending portfolio. Regular monitoring of the ability of borrowers to meet their principal and interest repayment obligations is conducted. Credit risk is monitored by reference to risk grading and managed by limiting the aggregate exposure to any individual counter party, group of companies or industry as per lending cap of the bank and single borrower exposure limit defined by Bangladesh Bank. The Bank has defined segregation of duties for all credit risk related activities like credit approval, administration, monitoring and recovery functions.

Asset Liability Management (ALM) of the Bank manage Balance Sheet Risk, including managing the liquidity and interest rate risk. To address all the risk elements of the Balance Sheet, Assets Liabilities Committee (ALCO) Meetings are conducted at least on a monthly basis. ALM desk of the Bank analyses the Balance Sheet Risk and prepares the monthly ALCO Papers as per the guidelines of Bangladesh Bank. A monthly projection of fund flows is reviewed in ALCO meeting regularly. On monthly basis, ALCO monitors liquidity management by examining key ratios, maximum cumulative outflow, upcoming funding requirement from all business units, asset-liability mismatch etc. The maturity gap of the assets-liabilities and interest rate movement are also monitored by the ALCO including the optimum liquidity position of the Bank in line with regulatory requirement. All the activities are regulated by a board approved Asset Liability Management Guideline that is well integrated with the bank's risk management process.

## iii. Foreign exchange risk

Foreign Exchange Risk arises from adverse movement in currency exchange rates engaging in activities starting from basic currency buy, sell, imports, exports and remittances to complex structured products. The foreign exchange risks are measured and monitored by the Treasury Division of the bank. As per directives of Bangladesh Bank, the Bank has formulated and adopted the treasury policy for managing the foreign exchange risks. Functions of the treasury front, mid and back office have been designated and properly segregated. In addition to the policy guidelines treasury operational guidelines have also been formulated for defining the roles and responsibilities of front, back and mid office so that various foreign exchange transactions can be performed in line with the Bangladesh Bank regulations and Bank's internal policies and procedures to measure, monitor and mitigate the foreign exchange risks. Treasury continuously monitors price movements of foreign exchange and uses various hedging techniques to manage its open position in such a way that minimizes risk and maximizes return.

## iv. Money laundering risk

In recognition of the fact that financial institutions are particularly vulnerable to Money Laundering, IFIC has established "Guidelines on Prevention of Money Laundering and Combating Financing of Terrorism" as per directives of Bangladesh Bank for strict compliance. The purpose of this policies is to provide guideline to comply with all applicable local laws and regulations regarding prevention of Money Laundering and combating Terrorist Financing, both at country and international level, to safeguard the Bank form potential compliances, financial and reputational risks. Suspicious Activity Report (SAR), Suspicious Transaction Report (STR), Cash Transaction Report (CTR), Know Your Customer (KYC) Procedure, e-KYC, Structuring Monitoring Report, periodic review of high and low risk customers, Customer Due Diligence (CDD), Enhanced Due Diligence (EDD), duties and responsibilities of Officials etc. have been implemented, reviewed and monitored by the competent authority as procedure of this policy.

## ii. Asset liability management risk

Training is also given as a continuous process for creating/developing awareness among officers on AML/CFT laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, policies and circulars. Inspection at Branches for checking records/activities and for creating awareness on AML \& CFT are also conducted.

The CEO's formal annual commitment to all employees on combating Money Laundering (ML) and Financing of Terrorism (FT) is issued to emphasize on greater due diligence and compliance at all levels of the Bank.

## v. Internal control and compliance risk

The Internal Control \& Compliance (ICC) Division of the Bank is working independently to evaluate the Internal Control System of the Bank so as to ensure good governance, transparency \& accountability. The ICC Division is conducting comprehensive internal audit of the branches as well as different divisions/departments of Head Office ongoing basis. In line with the Bangladesh Bank guidelines the Bank has successfully implemented the effective internal control system guidelines, formulation of policy guideline, set up of separate organizational structure, segregation of duties and introduction of internal control process, such as Departmental Control Function Checklist (DECFL), Quarterly Operation Report (QOR) etc.

Being an integral part of daily activities of the Bank, Internal Control \& Compliance Division consists of three units namely; Compliance, Monitoring and Audit \& Inspection. These units look after internal control, operational process very minutely to ensure the smooth operation of the Bank. Compliance section is functioning to ensure compliance with statutory/regulatory requirements and also Bank's internal policies \& procedures for developing compliance culture within the Bank. Monitoring unit is responsible for operational performance of branches and head office to minimize and mitigate the risk factors associated with the banking business. As an internal watchdog, the Audit and Inspection unit is conducting Risk Based Audit \& Inspection to identify, measure, control and mitigate risk factors at the branches and division of the Bank.

Internal Control Unit (ICU) has also been set-up at the branches with the existing manpower to minimize irregularities and lapses to prevent fraud, forgeries and to avoid operational risks of the Bank. 'Risk based Internal Audit Policy' and 'Branch Audit Rating System' are in place in order to upgrade the operational efficiency of the branches.

## vi. Information and communication technology (ICT) risk

IFIC Bank has been pursuing a strategy of "Long Term Sustainable Growth with Low Risk, Low Cost, Best in Class Service Delivery \& Diversified Portfolio". Therefore the bank has underlined concentration on creating a technology backbone that can enable IFIC to become the preferred financial service provider. To mitigate the technology risk, the bank has taken the following steps:

- Conducted Cyber Security Assessment to outline the risky areas with PwC- an international reputed consulting firm. The
bank has prepared the way out to mitigate the risk areas as per their guideline.
- For ensuring cyber security, the bank is continuously conducting training on sensitive IT tasks for IT division and awareness program for creating Cyber Security Awareness for all employees.
- The bank is taking data backup on daily basis; one copy is being stored in a fire-proof Vault and another copy is being kept at a remote site to withstand any disaster in Data Centre.
- Upgraded Disaster Recovery (DR) Site ensures any payment related service to the customers in case of any emergency or any disaster at Data Centre. Business continuity Plan has also been developed.
- As per the Bangladesh Bank guideline, the bank has concentrated on ICT security management. In this regard ICT Steering Committee and ICT Security Committee have been formed and are working to ensure the overall ICT Security.
- The bank has upgraded and introduced the network equipment including Next-Generation Core Firewall, Internet Firewall, Web Application Firewall (WAF), Software Defined Network (SDN) and Network Access Control (NAC) for enhancing security in the Data Center and Disaster recovery site.
- The SWIFT environment of the bank is upgraded and segmented from the other enterprise network. World class Trade processing system is integrated with the payment system to mitigate the risk of financial fraud.
- The Bank has implemented a robust and secure mailing system and incorporated Email Security Solution (ESA). Availability of Exchange Server in Disaster Recovery Site is completed.
- New Data Center in IFIC tower is inaugurated and is providing value to IT service delivery of the bank. Physical and other appropriate security is being maintained in the workplace to protect ICT resources properly as per the guideline of Bangladesh Bank.
- The bank is maintaining Service Level Agreement (SLA) with the vendors who are directly involved for providing critical services on behalf of the bank. The bank is also maintaining insurance coverage for critical IT assets and maintaining IT Assets Inventory.
- The Bank is strictly following the Information Security Guidelines of Bangladesh Bank which covers Password Control, User ID Maintenance, Input Control, Network Security, Data Encryption, Virus Protection and Access Control to Internet and Emailing.
- Baseline Security Standard has been developed for desktop, operating systems, and network, database and security devices.
- Risk assessment framework and template has been developed and introduced for systems and application.
- Security Team regularly conduction Vulnerability Assessment and Application Security testing.
- The bank has also completed all ICT Security documentation to ensure security of the ICT Systems and is continuously updating them to strengthen security of the systems.
- The Bank has introduced Digital Banking Channel to explore the technological door for financial advancement. This platform can be used through both online and mobile app (which is available at Apple store and Google Play store). Using Digital Banking Channel (IFIC Aamar Bank), customer can make transaction within Bank or Other Bank through EFT and RTGS, customer can make credit card payment, standing instruction, cheque book order, request for bank certificate etc.


## vii. Other relevant risks

## a. Operational risk

Operational risk addresses the risk associated with fraud, forgery, unauthorized activities, error, omission, system failure and other external events. These occur mainly due to inadequate or failed internal processes, people and systems, or from external events (including legal risk). The Bank is managing these risks through written procedures, regular training, and awareness programs and monitoring of the implementation of these procedures. Internal Control and Compliance Division of the Bank monitors operational procedure of the Bank. It undertakes periodical and special audit of the branches and divisions at the Head Office for review of the operation and compliance of statutory requirements. The Audit Committee of the Board subsequently reviews the reports of the Internal Control and Compliance Division.

## b. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the potential for loss to a bank arising from either its inability to meet its obligations as they fall due or to fund increases in assets as they required without incurring unacceptable cost or losses.
Liquidity risk arises when the cushion provided by the liquid assets are not sufficient enough to meet maturing obligations.

The objective of liquidity risk management is to ensure that all foreseeable funding and payments commitments and deposit withdrawals can be met when due. To this end, the Bank is maintaining a diversified and stable funding base comprising of retail and corporate deposits maintain balanced tenor and institutional balance. The liquidity management is monitored by Asset Liability Committee (ALCO) on a regular basis.

## c. Market risk

It is the risk of potential losses in the on-balance sheet and offbalance sheet positions of a bank, steams from adverse movements in market rates or prices such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates, equity prices, credit spreads and/or commodity prices.

Banks may be exposed to market risk in variety of ways. Market risk exposure-
a) may be explicit in portfolios of securities/equities and instruments that are actively traded;
b) may be implicit such as interest rate risk due to mismatch of assets and liabilities; and
c) may arise from activities categorized as off-balance sheet items.

## d. Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk may arise from trading portfolio and non-trading portfolio. The trading portfolio of the Bank consists of government treasury bills, bond, etc. Interest rate risk of non-trading business arises from mismatches between the future yield of an asset and its funding cost. Asset Liability Committee (ALCO) of the Bank monitors the interest rate movement on a regular basis.

Interest rate risk is the potential impact on a bank's earnings and net asset values due to changes in market interest rates. Interest rate risk arises when a bank's principal and interest cash flows (including final maturities), both on-and off-balance sheet, have mismatched reprising dates. The amount at risk is a function of the magnitude and direction of interest rate changes and the size and maturity structure of the mismatch position. Bank's lending, funding and investment activities give rise to interest rate risk. Interest rate risk management is conducted within the context of a comprehensive business plan.

## e. Equity price risk

Equity price risk is the risk of losses caused by changes in equity prices. These losses could arise because of changes in the value of listed shares held directly by the bank; changes in the value of listed shares held by a bank subsidiary; changes in the value of listed shares used as collateral for loans from a bank or a bank subsidiary, whether or not the loan was made for the purpose of buying the shares; and changes in the value of unlisted shares. Bank presses vital importance to measure, monitor, and control their equity market risk.

## f. Fraud risk

Fraud and forgery have become an important issue in recent years. These have a major impact on our country's economy, impeding economic development. IFIC has always been focused in controlling fraud and forgery by establishing and maintaining proper controlling system. Today, fraud and forgery appear in diverse form. The incidence of fraud may occur due to rapid changes in technological environment in the banking sector or intentional behavioral aspect of the human being. Human fraudulent acts may be committed by outsiders or insiders such as employees who are aware of the internal operational process of the Bank. To take the advantage of the operational process and
weakness of the internal control system of the work place, employees may commit fraudulent activities within the Bank. To prevent the fraud and forgeries, the Bank has adopted broad range of measures to monitor and mitigate the fraud risk which involves three steps, fraud prevention, fraud detection and fraud investigation. Bank considers the best practice to prevent frauds and forgeries rather than to detect or investigate. To prevent the external fraud, Bank regularly arrange training program for its executives and staffs working at branch and head office level. Internal Control and Compliance unit of the Bank also works very extensively to ensure the effectiveness of the internal control system throughout the Bank. Internal Control Unit (ICU) of each branch and division monitors the transactions process to prevent and detect both internal and external frauds.

## g. Reputation risk

Reputation risk may arise from the possibility that negative publicity regarding the bank and its business practices, in the territory or elsewhere through related entities, and whether accurate or not, will adversely impact the operations and position of the bank. Reputation risk may also arise from an institution, or an affiliate, being domiciled in a jurisdiction where the legal and organizational framework for the regulation and supervision of financial institutions is generally viewed as failing to meet international standards for the protection of consumers of financial services and for the prevention of sheltering the proceeds of organized crime.

The Bank manages the reputation risk ensuring the followings:
a. Management anticipates and responds to changes of a market or regulatory nature that affect its reputation in the market place;
b. The Bank effectively develops its polices for risk management to refrain from committing violations of laws, regulations, best banking practices, and consumer rights that could affect its reputation;
c. The Bank has continuous awareness that it is not subject $t$ significant litigation, large monetary losses, or a high volume customer complaints;
d. The bank is routinely seen in a leadership role in communit development and corporate social responsibility; and
e. Management has a clear awareness of privacy issues and uses customer information responsibly.

### 2.2.7. Audit Committee

The Audit Committee of the Board was duly formed by the Board of Directors of the Bank in accordance with the BRPD circular no. 11 dated 27 October 2013 of Bangladesh Bank.
Pursuant to the BSEC notification no. BSEC/CMRRCD/2006158/207/ADMIN/80 dated 3 June 2018 on Corporate Governance, the current Committee is constituted with three members of the Board. The details of the Audit Committee is provided in Annexure-G.

### 2.2.8. Directors' responsibility statement

The Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and the financial statements under section 183 of the Companies Act 1994.

### 2.2.9. Management Committee (MANCOM)

The Management Committee (MANCOM) is functioning as a structured unit to take important management decisions. Presently, it comprises of members holding key positions in the Management of the Bank. The Committee is headed by the Managing Director \& CEO who is assisted by Deputy Managing Directors, Heads of Divisions of strategically important divisions along with Branch Managers of large and important Branches. The Managing Director's Secretariat provides secretarial services to the Committee. The members of the Committee, having long experience in commercial banking actives, are concerned with management of respective Divisions as well as monitoring day to day activities taking place in different areas of the Bank.

Generally the Committee sits at least once in every month to review and evaluate strategic operational issues of the bank, identify specific problems which need to be immediately attended, identify weakness (if any) of the Bank and take remedial measures or any other measures for enhancing the reputation of the Bank. Generally, the MANCOM is concerned with major decision making, planning and framing of policy guidelines of the Bank.

### 2.2.10. Credit rating of the bank

The Bank has been awarded its credit rating done by Emerging Credit Rating Limited (ECRL) and Credit Rating Agency of Bangladesh Ltd. (CRAB) based on the financial statements and other relevant information as at and for the year ended 31 December 2020 and 2019 respectively as per BRPD Circular no. 6 dated 5 July 2006. The following ratings for different years have been awarded:

| Types of Rating | Financial Statement | Rating Status |  |  | Validity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Long Term | Short Term | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Outloo } \\ & \text { k } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Entity | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan to Dec } \\ 2020 \end{gathered}$ | AA | ST-2 | Stable | 30-Jun-22 |
| Entity | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Jan to Dec } \\ 2019 \end{gathered}$ | AA2 | ST-2 | Stable | 30-Jun-21 |

### 2.2.11. Compliance report on International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs):

In addition to compliance with local regulatory requirements, in preparing the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements, IFIC applied all applicable IASs and IFRSs as adopted by Institute of Chartered Accountants of Bangladesh (ICAB) except those described in note 2.1.1. Details are given below:

| Name of the IFRS | IFRS <br> No. | Status |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| First-time Adoption International <br> Financial Reporting Standards | 1 | N/A |
| Share Based Payment | 2 | N/A |
| Business Combinations | 3 | Complied |
| Insurance Contracts | 4 | N/A |
| Non-current Assets Held for Sale and <br> Discontinued Operations | 5 | N/A |
| Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral <br> Resource | 6 | N/A |
| Financial Instruments: Disclosures | 7 | Complied* |
| Operating Segments | 8 | Complied |
| Financial Instruments | 9 | Complied* |
| Consolidated Financial Statements | 10 | Complied |
| Joint Arrangements | 11 | N/A |
| Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities | 12 | Complied |
| Fair Value Measurement | 13 | Complied* |
| Regulatory Deferral Accounts | 14 | N/A |
| Revenue from Contracts with Customers | 15 | Complied* |
| Leases | 16 | Complied |


| Name of the IAS | IAS <br> No. | Status |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| Investment Property | 40 | N/A |
| Agriculture | 41 | N/A |

Note: N/A - Not Applicable

* Complied to the extent possible subject to compliance to Bangladesh Bank guidelines in these respect which are disclosed in note 2.1.1.


## New accounting standards not yet adopted

A number of standards and amendments to standards are issued but not yet effective for annual periods beginning after 1 January 2021 and earlier application is permitted. However, the Bank has not early applied the following new standards in preparing these financial statements.
These amendments have no material impact on the financial statements of the Bank.

## IFRS 17 Insurance Contract

Insurance Contract are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021. Earlier adoption is permitted. This has not been applied in preparing these consolidated and separate financial statements.

| Name of the IAS | IAS <br> No. | Status |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| Presentation of Financial Statements | 1 | Complied* |
| Inventories | 2 | Complied |
| Statement of Cash Flows | 7 | Complied |
| Accounting Policies, Changes in <br> Accounting estimates \& Errors | 8 | Complied |
| Events After the Reporting Period | 10 | Complied |
| Income Taxes | 12 | Complied |
| Property, Plant and Equipment | 16 | Complied |
| Employee Benefits | 20 | N/A |
| Accounting for Government Grants and <br> Disclosure of Government Assistance | 21 | Complied |
| The Effects of Changes in Foreign <br> Exchange Rates | 23 | Complied |
| Borrowing Costs | 26 | N/A |
| Related Party Disclosure | 27 | Complied |
| Accounting and Reporting by Retirement <br> Benefits Plans | 28 | Complied |
| Separate Financial Statements | 29 | N/A |
| Investment in Associates and Joint <br> Ventures | 31 | N/A |
| Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary <br> Economies | 32 | Complied* |
| Interest in Joint Ventures | 33 | Complied |
| Financial Instruments: Presentation | Complied |  |
| Earnings Per Share | 37 | Complied |
| Interim Financial Reporting | Complied |  |
| Impairment of Assets | Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and <br> Contingent Assets | Intangible Assets |

## Notes to the Financial Statements

as at and for the period ended 30 September 2021

|  |  | Note |  |  | Amount in BDT |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Particulars |  |  | Group |  | Bank |  |
|  |  | 30 September 2021 | 31 December 2020 | 30 September 2021 | 31 December 2020 |
| 3 | Cash |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Cash in hand (including foreign currency) | 3.1 | 5,418,380,906 | 4,088,663,229 | 5,418,148,996 | 4,084,799,668 |
|  | Balance with Bangladesh Bank and its agent bank(s) (including foreign currency) | 3.2 | 15,681,491,634 | 14,407,730,302 | 15,681,491,634 | 14,407,730,302 |
|  |  |  | 21,099,872,540 | 18,496,393,531 | 21,099,640,630 | 18,492,529,970 |
| 3.1 | Cash in hand (including foreign currency) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Local currency in hand |  | 5,199,451,007 | 3,897,956,857 | 5,199,219,097 | 3,894,093,296 |
|  | Foreign currencies in hand |  | 40,343,507 | 48,580,124 | 40,343,507 | 48,580,124 |
|  | Cash with ATM |  | 178,586,392 | 142,126,248 | 178,586,392 | 142,126,248 |
|  |  |  | 5,418,380,906 | 4,088,663,229 | 5,418,148,996 | 4,084,799,668 |

3.2 Balance with Bangladesh Bank and its agents bank

Bangladesh Bank

| Local currency | $14,169,236,954$ | $12,617,035,050$ | $14,169,236,954$ | $12,617,035,050$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Foreign currency | $1,193,969,268$ | $1,294,221,438$ | $1,193,969,268$ | $1,294,221,438$ |
|  | $15,363,206,222$ | $13,911,256,488$ | $15,363,206,222$ | $13,911,256,488$ |
| Sonali Bank as agent of Bangladesh Bank | $318,285,412$ | $496,473,814$ | $318,285,412$ | $496,473,814$ |
|  | $\mathbf{1 5 , 6 8 1 , 4 9 1 , 6 3 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 , 4 0 7 , 7 3 0 , 3 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 5 , 6 8 1 , 4 9 1 , 6 3 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 , 4 0 7 , 7 3 0 , 3 0 2}$ |

### 3.3 Cash Reserve Requirement (CRR) and Statutory Liquidity Ratio (SLR)

Cash Reserve Requirement (CRR) and Statutory Liquidity Ratio (SLR) have been calculated and maintained in accordance with section 33 of the Banking Companies Act 1991 (as amended up to date) and MPD circular no. 2, dated 3 April 2020, and MPD circular no. 2, dated 10 December 2013.

### 3.3.1 Cash Reserve Requirement (CRR)

As per Bangladesh Bank issued MPD Circular no. 3 dated 9 April 2020 [effective from 15 April 2020], all scheduled banks have to maintain a CRR of a minimum of $3.5 \%$ [Y2020: $3.5 \%$ ] on daily basis and $4.0 \%$ [Y2020: 4.0\%] on bi-weekly basis based on weekly average demand and time liabilities excluding inter-bank deposits of immediate preceding two months [i.e., CRR of September 2021 as based on a weekly average balance of July 2021 ]. CRR maintained by the Bank as per statutory requirement is shown below:

| Average time and demand liabilities | $329,542,070,000$ | $\mathbf{2 8 6 , 1 8 8 , 2 6 8 , 0 0 0}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Required reserve | $13,181,522,000$ | $11,444,715,000$ |
| Actual reserve maintained ${ }^{*}$ | $14,090,302,600$ | $12,795,868,070$ |
| Surplus | $\mathbf{9 0 8 , 7 8 0 , 6 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 3 5 1 , 1 5 3 , 0 7 0}$ |

* As per Bangladesh Bank current account statement.


### 3.3.2 Statutory Liquidity Ratio (SLR)

As per Bangladesh Bank MPD circular no. 2 dated 10 December 2013 [effective from 1 February 2014], all scheduled banks have to maintain SLR of a minimum of $13.0 \%$ of weekly average demand and time liabilities excluding inter-bank deposits of immediate preceding two months [i.e., SLR of September 2021 was based on a weekly average balance of July 2021]. SLR maintained by the Bank as per statutory requirement is shown below:

| Average time and demand liabilities |  |  |  | 329,542,070,000 | 286,188,268,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Required reserve |  |  |  | 42,840,469,000 | 37,204,475,000 |
| Actual reserve maintained |  |  |  | 58,615,429,451 | 52,908,409,407 |
| Surplus |  |  |  | 15,774,960,451 | 15,703,934,407 |
| Actual reserve maintained for SLR |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash in hand | 3.1 |  |  | 5,418,148,996 | 4,084,799,668 |
| Balance with Bangladesh Bank in excess of CRR |  |  |  | 908,780,600 | 1,351,153,070 |
| Balance with Sonali Bank as agent | 3.2 |  |  | 318,285,412 | 496,473,814 |
| Government securities (HFT) | 6.3 |  |  | 5,057,934,001 | 10,541,051,600 |
| Government securities (HTM) | 6.3 |  |  | 46,912,280,442 | 36,434,931,255 |
|  |  |  |  | 58,615,429,451 | 52,908,409,407 |
| Balance with other banks and financial institutions |  |  |  |  |  |
| In Bangladesh | 4.1 | 4,117,557,279 | 6,682,557,302 | 4,919,053,142 | 7,511,869,424 |
| Outside Bangladesh * |  | 1,869,903,909 | 1,385,770,211 | 1,854,513,708 | 1,383,521,545 |
|  |  | 5,987,461,188 | 8,068,327,513 | 6,773,566,850 | 8,895,390,969 |

[^2]4.1 In Bangladesh

| In current deposit account with |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Agrani Bank Limited | $11,039,907$ | $17,556,362$ | $11,039,907$ | $17,556,362$ |
| Sonali Bank Limited | 32,123 | $35,023,733$ | 32,123 | $35,023,733$ |
|  | $\mathbf{1 1 , 0 7 2 , 0 3 0}$ | $\mathbf{5 2 , 5 8 0 , 0 9 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 , 0 7 2 , 0 3 0}$ | $\mathbf{5 2 , 5 8 0 , 0 9 5}$ |
| In special notice deposit account with |  |  |  |  |
| Trust Bank Limited | $78,037,578$ | $73,068,651$ | $78,037,578$ | $73,068,651$ |
| Standard Chartered Bank | $63,450,740$ | $66,693,489$ | $63,450,740$ | $66,693,489$ |
|  | $\mathbf{1 4 1 , 4 8 8 , 3 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 9 , 7 6 2 , 1 4 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 1 , 4 8 8 , 3 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 9 , 7 6 2 , 1 4 0}$ |
| In beneficiary owner (BO) account with |  |  |  |  |
| IFIC Securities Limited | - | - | $801,495,863$ | $829,312,122$ |
| Latif Securities Limited | 28,834 | 28,834 | 28,834 | 28,834 |
| Asian Tiger Capital Partners Investments Limited | $48,113,430$ | $3,331,566$ | $48,113,430$ | $\mathbf{3 , 3 3 1 , 5 6 6}$ |
|  | $\mathbf{4 8 , 1 4 2 , \mathbf { 2 6 4 }}$ | $\mathbf{3 , 3 6 0 , 4 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{8 4 9 , 6 3 8 , 1 2 7}$ | $\mathbf{8 3 2 , 6 7 2 , 5 2 2}$ |

In short term \& fixed deposit account with banks and NBFIs
Short term deposit

| South Bangla Bank Limited | $400,000,000$ | - | $400,000,000$ |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Midland Bank Limited | $600,000,000$ | - | $600,000,000$ | - |
| Jamuna Bank Limited | $1,600,000,000$ | - | $1,600,000,000$ | - |
| NCC Bank Limited | $700,000,000$ | - | $700,000,000$ | - |
| NRB Commercial Bank Limited | $450,000,000$ | - | $450,000,000$ | - |
| Bank Asia Limited | - | $900,000,000$ | - | $900,000,000$ |
| Social Islami Bank Limited | - | $450,000,000$ | - | $450,000,000$ |
| Bank Alfalah Limited | - | $850,000,000$ | - | $850,000,000$ |
| Midland Bank Limited | - | $450,000,000$ | - | $450,000,000$ |
|  | $3,750,000,000$ | $\mathbf{2 , 6 5 0 , 0 0 0 , 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{3 , 7 5 0 , 0 0 0 , 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 6 5 0 , 0 0 0 , 0 0 0}$ |

Fixed deposit

| Investment Corporation of Bangladesh | - | $3,670,000,000$ |  | - | $3,670,000,000$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Peoples Leasing \& Financial Services Limited | $166,854,667$ | $166,854,667$ | $166,854,667$ | $166,854,667$ |  |
|  | $166,854,667$ | $3,836,854,667$ | $\mathbf{1 6 6 , 8 5 4 , 6 6 7}$ | $\mathbf{3 , 8 3 6 , 8 5 4 , 6 6 7}$ |  |

4.2 Maturity grouping of balance with other banks and Fls

| Receivable on demand | $1,850,702,613$ | $362,557,302$ | $2,652,198,476$ | $1,191,869,424$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Upto 1 month 3,969,903,909 $4,035,770,211 \quad 3,954,513,707 \quad 4,033,521,545$

| More than 1 month but not more than 3 months $166,854,666 ~ 3,670,000,000$ | $166,854,666$ | $3,670,000,000$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

More than 3 months but not more than 6 months
More than 6 months but not more than 1 year
More than 1 year but not more than 5 years
More than 5 years

| $\mathbf{5 , 9 8 7}, 461,188$ | $8,068,327,513$ | $6,773,566,850$ | $8,895,390,969$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

5 Money at call and on short notice
Banking companies

| National Bank Limited |  | - | $200,000,000$ | - |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Modhumoti Bank Limited | - | $230,000,000$ | - | $200,000,000$ |
| Dhaka Bank Limited | $1,000,000,000$ | $1,900,000,000$ | $1,000,000,000$ | $1,900,000,000$ |
| Investment Corporation of Bangladesh | $3,300,000,000$ | - | $3,300,000,000$ | - |
|  | $\mathbf{4 , 3 0 0 , 0 0 0 , 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 3 3 0 , 0 0 0 , 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{4 , 3 0 0 , 0 0 0 , 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 3 3 0 , 0 0 0 , 0 0 0}$ |
| Investments |  |  |  |  |
| Government Securities |  |  |  |  |
| Other Investments | 6.1 | $51,974,111,543$ | $46,979,431,855$ | $51,974,111,543$ |
|  | 6.2 | $11,242,079,917$ | $11,120,648,728$ | $5,346,037,972$ |

6.1 Government securities

| Treasury bills | 6.1 .1 | $5,057,934,001$ | $10,541,051,600$ | $5,057,934,001$ | $10,541,051,600$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Treasury bonds | 6.1 .2 | $46,912,280,442$ | $36,434,931,255$ | $46,912,280,442$ | $36,434,931,255$ |
| Prize bond |  | $3,897,100$ | $3,449,000$ | $3,897,100$ | $3,449,000$ |
|  |  | $\mathbf{5 1 , 9 7 4 , 1 1 1 , 5 4 3}$ | $\mathbf{4 6 , 9 7 9}, 431,855$ | $\mathbf{5 1 , 9 7 4 , 1 1 1 , 5 4 3}$ | $\mathbf{4 6 , 9 7 9 , 4 3 1 , 8 5 5}$ |


| Particulars |  | Note | Group |  |  | Amount in BDT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Bank |  |  |
|  |  | 30 September 2021 | 31 December 2020 | 30 September 2021 | 31 December 2020 |
| 6.1.1 Treasury bills |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 91 Days Govt Treasury Bill |  |  | - | 2,699,526,000 | - | 2,699,526,000 |
|  | 182 Days Govt Treasury Bill |  |  |  | 3,640,558,100 |  | 3,640,558,100 |
|  | 364 Days Govt Treasury Bill |  | 5,057,934,001 | 4,200,967,500 | 5,057,934,001 | 4,200,967,500 |
|  |  |  | 5,057,934,001 | 10,541,051,600 | 5,057,934,001 | 10,541,051,600 |
| 6.1.2 | Treasury bonds |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2 years Treasury bond |  | 8,576,864,547 | 11,283,962,191 | 8,576,864,547 | 11,283,962,191 |
|  | 5 years Treasury bond |  | 17,006,463,808 | 12,503,630,124 | 17,006,463,808 | 12,503,630,124 |
|  | 10 years Treasury bond |  | 13,701,850,613 | 7,240,941,278 | 13,701,850,613 | 7,240,941,278 |
|  | 15 years Treasury bond |  | 5,904,850,588 | 3,684,146,776 | 5,904,850,588 | 3,684,146,776 |
|  | 20 years Treasury bond |  | 1,722,250,886 | 1,722,250,886 | 1,722,250,886 | 1,722,250,886 |
|  |  |  | 46,912,280,442 | 36,434,931,255 | 46,912,280,442 | 36,434,931,255 |
| 6.2 | Other investments |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Unquoted shares |  | 99,088,970 | 125,048,970 | 42,847,220 | 68,807,220 |
|  | Quoted shares |  | 5,429,056,840 | 5,595,547,248 | 2,135,059,327 | 2,526,209,347 |
|  | Mutual funds |  | 267,986,473 | 267,986,473 | 267,986,473 | 267,986,473 |
|  | Foreign Investment |  | 5,445,947,634 | 5,132,066,037 | 2,900,144,952 | 2,879,990,576 |
|  |  |  | 11,242,079,917 | 11,120,648,728 | 5,346,037,972 | 5,742,993,615 |
|  | Details of investment in shares [solo basis] are shown in "Annexure-B". |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | On the 13th of July 2021, the Board of Directors of the Bank has decided to withdraw the investment from Nepal by selling the entire shareholding of the IFIC Bank held in Nepal Bangladesh Bank Ltd. as promoter and to repatriate the fund to Bangladesh. This is subject to execution of an agreement with suitable buyer at a desired price and all necessary approvals from the regulatory authorities in Bangladesh and Nepal. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6.3 | Government securities classified according to Bangladesh Bank Circular |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Held for trading (HFT) |  | 5,057,934,001 | 10,541,051,600 | 5,057,934,001 | 10,541,051,600 |
|  | Held to maturity (HTM) |  | 46,912,280,442 | 36,434,931,255 | 46,912,280,442 | 36,434,931,255 |
|  | Other securities | 6.1 | 3,897,100 | 3,449,000 | 3,897,100 | 3,449,000 |
|  |  |  | 51,974,111,543 | 46,979,431,855 | 51,974,111,543 | 46,979,431,855 |
| 6.4 | Maturity grouping of investments |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | On demand |  | 1,771,462,905 | 953,449,000 | 1,771,462,905 | 953,449,000 |
|  | Up to 1 month |  | 3,444,882,025 | 3,312,985,939 | 3,444,882,025 | 3,312,985,939 |
|  | Over 1 month but not more than 3 months |  | 6,294,499,860 | 7,130,355,380 | 3,194,614,822 | 4,061,017,479 |
|  | Over 3 months but not more than 6 months |  | 1,189,693,146 | 3,694,425,420 | 1,189,693,146 | 3,694,425,420 |
|  | Over 6 months but not more than 1 years |  | 4,829,463,462 | 6,865,721,529 | 4,829,463,462 | 6,865,721,529 |
|  | Over 1 year but not more than 5 years |  | 21,710,940,234 | 21,971,225,013 | 21,710,940,234 | 21,981,612,395 |
|  | Over 5 years |  | 23,975,249,828 | 14,171,918,301 | 21,179,092,921 | 11,853,213,708 |
|  |  |  | 63,216,191,460 | 58,100,080,583 | 57,320,149,515 | 52,722,425,470 |
| 6.5 | Disclosure regarding outstanding Repo and Reverse Repo Disclosure regarding outstanding Repo |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Agreement date | Reversal date | Amount |
|  | SI. Counterparty name |  |  | - | - |  |
|  |  |  |  | - | - | - |
|  | Disclosure regarding outstanding Reverse Repo |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | SI. Counterparty name |  |  | Agreement date | Reversal date | Amount |
|  | 1 Trust Bank Ltd. |  |  | 29/09/2021 | 3/10/2021 | 1,767,565,800 |
|  | Total |  |  | - | - | 1,767,565,800 |
|  | Disclosure regarding overall transaction of Repo and Reverse Repo |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Counterparty name |  |  | $\qquad$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Maximum } \\ \text { outstanding in Q3- } \end{gathered}$ Y2021 | Daily average outstanding in Q3Y2021 |
|  | Securities sold under Repo |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | With Bangladesh Bank |  |  | - | - | - |
|  | With other Banks and Fls |  |  | - | - | - |
|  | Securities purchased under Reverse Repo |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | From Bangladesh Bank |  |  | - | - | - |
|  | From other Banks and Fls |  |  | 303,465,750 | 1,999,826,600 | 94,957,736 |

7 Loans and advances

| Loans, cash credit, overdraft etc. | 7.1 | $278,009,370,247$ | $247,051,243,375$ | $276,837,876,966$ | $246,004,105,427$ |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Bill purchased and discounted | 8 | $15,833,548,860$ | $14,646,184,098$ | $15,833,548,860$ | $14,646,184,098$ |
|  |  | $293,842,919,107$ | $\mathbf{2 6 1 , 6 9 7 , 4 2 7 , 4 7 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 9 2 , 6 7 1 , 4 2 5 , 8 2 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 6 0 , 6 5 0 , 2 8 9 , 5 2 5}$ |

7.1 Loans, cash credit, overdraft etc.

Inside Bangladesh

| Term loan industrial | 19,335,257,248 | 18,131,446,121 | 19,335,257,248 | 18,131,446,121 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Term loan consumer finance | 175,293,992 | 170,452,264 | 175,293,992 | 170,452,264 |
| Agricultural loan | 350,564,407 | 286,356,663 | 350,564,407 | 286,356,663 |
| Term loan women entrepreneur | 31,165,834 | 32,775,026 | 31,165,834 | 32,775,026 |
| Term loan-others | 90,876,944,689 | 76,226,478,748 | 90,876,944,689 | 76,226,478,748 |
| House building loans | 53,699,295,324 | 42,944,834,123 | 53,699,295,324 | 42,944,834,123 |
| Staff loan | 1,100,631,944 | 1,266,619,147 | 1,100,631,944 | 1,266,619,147 |
| Transport loan | 56,891,832 | 76,702,824 | 56,891,832 | 76,702,824 |
| Loan general | 3,319,319,908 | 3,277,257,317 | 3,319,319,908 | 3,277,257,317 |
| Demand loan | 7,714,389,245 | 8,658,568,399 | 7,714,389,245 | 8,658,568,399 |
| Overdrafts | 69,655,784,550 | 60,985,063,864 | 72,445,038,308 | 63,845,327,297 |
| Cash credit | 22,555,217,730 | 23,785,985,647 | 22,555,217,730 | 23,785,985,647 |
| Credit card finance | 139,182,199 | 143,384,520 | 139,182,199 | 143,384,520 |
| Loan against trust receipt (LTR) | 3,039,871,406 | 4,877,015,257 | 3,039,871,406 | 4,877,015,257 |
| Lease finance | 199,789,711 | 227,184,826 | 199,789,711 | 227,184,826 |
| Margin loan | 3,960,747,039 | 3,907,401,381 | - |  |
|  | 276,210,347,058 | 244,997,526,127 | 275,038,853,777 | 243,950,388,179 |
| Outside Bangladesh |  |  |  |  |
| Term Loan-Foreign Currency (OBU) | 1,799,023,189 | 2,053,717,248 | 1,799,023,189 | 2,053,717,248 |
|  | 278,009,370,247 | 247,051,243,375 | 276,837,876,966 | 246,004,105,427 |

7.2 Net loans and advances including bills purchased and discounted

| Total loans and advances | $293,842,919,107$ | $261,697,427,473$ | $292,671,425,826$ | $260,650,289,525$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Provision against loans and advances | $(9,100,014,138)$ | $(7,637,565,576)$ | $(8,868,717,299)$ | $(7,406,268,737)$ |
| Interest suspense account | $(9,544,496,868)$ | $(8,972,123,118)$ | $(8,043,654,058)$ | $(7,471,280,308)$ |
|  | $\mathbf{2 7 5 , 1 9 8 , 4 0 8 , 1 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 4 5 , 0 8 7 , 7 3 8 , 7 7 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 7 5 , 7 5 9 , 0 5 4 , 4 6 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 4 5 , 7 7 2 , 7 4 0 , 4 7 9}$ |

7.3 Residual maturity grouping of Loans, cash credit, overdraft etc.

| On demand | $65,174,415,928$ | $69,365,480,414$ | $65,174,415,928$ | $69,365,480,414$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Up to 1 month | $6,562,693,954$ | $4,636,346,663$ | $6,562,693,954$ | $4,636,346,663$ |
| Over 1 month but not more than 3 months | $23,367,575,423$ | $19,768,001,992$ | $22,196,082,141$ | $18,720,864,045$ |
| Over 3 months but not more than 1 years | $38,848,836,091$ | $20,913,449,237$ | $38,848,836,091$ | $20,913,449,237$ |
| Over 1 year but not more than 5 years | $72,914,809,740$ | $55,795,097,917$ | $72,914,809,740$ | $55,795,097,917$ |
| Over 5 years | $71,141,039,113$ | $76,572,867,151$ | $71,141,039,113$ | $76,572,867,151$ |
|  | $\mathbf{2 7 8 , 0 0 9 , 3 7 0 , 2 4 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 4 7 , 0 5 1 , 2 4 3 , 3 7 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 7 6 , 8 3 7 , 8 7 6 , 9 6 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 4 6 , 0 0 4 , 1 0 5 , 4 2 7}$ |

7.4 Loans and advances under broad categories

In Bangladesh

| Loans |  | $183,009,114,209$ | $159,419,930,431$ | $181,837,620,928$ | $158,372,792,483$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Cash credit |  | $22,555,217,730$ | $23,785,985,647$ | $22,555,217,730$ | $23,785,985,647$ |
| Overdrafts | $72,445,038,308$ | $63,845,327,297$ | $72,445,038,308$ | $63,845,327,297$ |  |
|  |  | $\mathbf{2 7 8 , 0 0 9}, \mathbf{3 7 0 , 2 4 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 4 7 , 0 5 1 , 2 4 3 , 3 7 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 7 6 , 8 3 7 , 8 7 6 , 9 6 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 4 6 , 0 0 4 , 1 0 5 , 4 2 7}$ |
| Bill purchased and discounted | 8 | $15,833,548,860$ | $14,646,184,098$ | $15,833,548,860$ | $14,646,184,098$ |
|  | $\mathbf{2 9 3 , 8 4 2 , 9 1 9 , 1 0 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 6 1 , 6 9 7 , 4 2 7 , 4 7 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 9 2 , 6 7 1 , 4 2 5 , 8 2 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 6 0 , 6 5 0 , 2 8 9 , 5 2 5}$ |  |

7.5 Loans and advances on the basis of significant concentration Loans and advances to Directors, executives and others
Loans and advances to directors and their allied concerns

| Loans and advances to Managing Director, Senior Executives an | $1,100,631,944$ | $1,266,619,147$ | $1,100,631,944$ | $1,266,619,147$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Advances to customers' groups | $292,742,287,163$ | $260,430,808,326$ | $291,570,793,882$ | $259,383,670,378$ |
|  | $\mathbf{2 9 3 , 8 4 2 , 9 1 9 , 1 0 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 6 1 , 6 9 7 , 4 2 7 , 4 7 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 9 2 , 6 7 1 , 4 2 5 , 8 2 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 6 0 , 6 5 0 , 2 8 9 , 5 2 5}$ |

7.6 Loans and advances allowed to each customer exceeding $10 \%$ of Bank's total capital

Number of customers
Outstanding - Funded
Outstanding - Non-funded
Amount classified
Amount of loans and advances (comprising funded and non funded facilities) to each customer exceeding BDT 3,840 million [Y2020 BDT 3,129 million]
representing 10\% of the Bank's total capital (as defined in Bank Companies Act 1991 as amended) as at 30 September 2021 are furnished in Annexure-C.
7.7 Industry wise position of loans and advances including bills purchased and discounted

| Agriculture | $1,524,069,266$ | $1,549,034,081$ | $1,524,069,266$ | $1,549,034,081$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Jute | $5,216,142,409$ | $4,688,649,495$ | $5,216,142,409$ | $4,688,649,495$ |
| Textile | $13,056,061,221$ | $12,008,054,318$ | $13,056,061,221$ | $12,008,054,318$ |
| Garments | $43,770,380,616$ | $36,205,734,042$ | $43,770,380,616$ | $36,205,734,042$ |
| Chemical and chemical products | $125,653,218$ | $54,928,753$ | $125,653,218$ | $54,928,753$ |
| Cement | $3,034,972,497$ | $2,242,982,069$ | $3,034,972,497$ | $2,242,982,069$ |
| Bricks \& ceramic | $4,391,384,073$ | $1,228,855,597$ | $4,391,384,073$ | $1,228,855,597$ |
| Food products \& processing | $5,061,701,572$ | $5,614,527,142$ | $5,061,701,572$ | $5,614,527,142$ |
| Engineering \& metal | $6,291,480,248$ | $5,970,450,060$ | $6,291,480,248$ | $5,970,450,060$ |
| Drugs \& pharmaceuticals | $1,653,806,737$ | $882,241,618$ | $1,653,806,737$ | $882,241,618$ |
| Hospital \& clinics | $79,012,235$ | $94,862,671$ | $79,012,235$ | $94,862,671$ |
| Paper \& paper products | $3,015,028,178$ | $2,951,564,934$ | $3,015,028,178$ | $2,951,564,934$ |
| Other small industries | $10,061,894,738$ | $8,937,475,690$ | $10,061,894,738$ | $8,937,475,690$ |
| IT sector | $4,678,418,002$ | $4,488,377,896$ | $4,678,418,002$ | $4,488,377,896$ |
| Other service industries | $25,895,497,902$ | $27,835,622,387$ | $25,895,497,902$ | $27,835,622,387$ |
| Trade \& commerce | $22,398,033,402$ | $23,358,849,646$ | $22,398,033,402$ | $23,358,849,646$ |
| Transport | $1,172,523,607$ | $1,214,043,298$ | $1,172,523,607$ | $1,214,043,298$ |
| Construction firms/companies | $25,799,705,943$ | $19,969,381,860$ | $25,799,705,943$ | $19,969,381,860$ |
| Housing societies/companies | $32,938,175,805$ | $31,426,089,915$ | $32,938,175,805$ | $31,426,089,915$ |
| Cold storage | $36,490,384$ | $53,439,785$ | $36,490,384$ | $53,439,785$ |
| Consumer finance | $56,493,787,120$ | $45,925,172,870$ | $56,493,787,120$ | $45,925,172,870$ |
| Energy | $8,907,303,627$ | $8,243,559,495$ | $8,907,303,627$ | $8,243,559,495$ |
| Telecommunication | $10,122,015,547$ | $9,655,497,612$ | $10,122,015,547$ | $9,655,497,612$ |
| NBFI's | $50,528,708$ | $8,201,326$ | $50,528,708$ | $8,201,326$ |
| Others | $8,068,852,055$ | $7,089,830,914$ | $6,897,358,773$ | $6,042,692,966$ |
|  | $293,842,919,107$ | $261,697,427,473$ | $292,671,425,826$ | $260,650,289,525$ |

7.8 Sector wise position of loans and advances including bills purchased and discounted

Government sector

| Other public sector | - | - | - | - |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Private sector | $293,795,882,075$ | $261,691,807,454$ | $292,624,388,794$ | $260,644,669,506$ |
| Co-operative sector | $47,037,032$ | $5,620,019$ | $47,037,032$ | $5,620,019$ |

7.9 Geographical location-wise loans and advances including bills purchased and discounted

| Dhaka division | $253,734,001,874$ | $223,022,107,064$ | $252,562,508,592$ | $221,974,969,117$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Chittagong division | $21,143,386,430$ | $20,697,570,914$ | $21,143,386,430$ | $20,697,570,914$ |
| Sylhet division | $1,794,163,531$ | $1,619,909,173$ | $1,794,163,531$ | $1,619,909,173$ |
| Rajshahi division | $6,727,596,716$ | $6,454,997,299$ | $6,727,596,716$ | $6,454,997,299$ |
| Khulna division | $4,456,574,515$ | $4,257,671,076$ | $4,456,574,515$ | $4,257,671,076$ |
| Barisal division | $1,906,124,687$ | $987,915,973$ | $1,906,124,687$ | $987,915,973$ |
| Rangpur division | $976,538,730$ | $2,922,144,063$ | $976,538,730$ | $2,922,144,063$ |
| Mymensingh division | $3,104,532,625$ | $1,735,111,910$ | $3,104,532,625$ | $\mathbf{1 , 7 3 5 , 1 1 1 , 9 1 0}$ |
|  | $\mathbf{2 9 3 , 8 4 2 , 9 1 9 , 1 0 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 6 1 , 6 9 7 , 4 2 7 , 4 7 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 9 2 , 6 7 1 , 4 2 5 , 8 2 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 6 0 , 6 5 0 , 2 8 9 , 5 2 5}$ |

7.10 Business segment-wise concentration of loans and advances as per CL

| Corporate | $208,414,339,242$ | $186,464,843,732$ | $207,242,845,961$ | $185,417,705,784$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| SME | $30,079,711,189$ | $29,464,095,457$ | $30,079,711,189$ | $29,464,095,457$ |
| Short term agri credit | $1,096,949,129$ | $1,181,874,743$ | $1,096,949,129$ | $1,181,874,743$ |
| Consumer (including staff) | $5,671,765,226$ | $5,758,860,305$ | $5,671,765,226$ | $5,758,860,305$ |
| Others | $48,580,154,321$ | $38,827,753,236$ | $\mathbf{4 8 , 5 8 0}, 154,321$ | $\mathbf{3 8 , 8 2 7 , 7 5 3 , 2 3 6}$ |
|  | $\mathbf{2 9 3 , 8 4 2 , 9 1 9 , 1 0 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 6 1 , 6 9 7 , 4 2 7 , 4 7 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 9 2 , 6 7 1 , 4 2 5 , 8 2 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 6 0 , 6 5 0 , 2 8 9 , 5 2 5}$ |

7.11 Loans and advances including bills purchased and discounted as per CL

Continuous loan

| Consumer finance | $3,884,086,770$ | $3,359,204,861$ | $3,884,086,770$ | $3,359,204,861$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Small and medium enterprise | $19,438,128,453$ | $20,555,584,599$ | $19,438,128,453$ | $20,555,584,599$ |
| Loans to BHs/MBs/SDs | $30,030,278$ | $10,572,037$ | $30,030,278$ | $10,572,037$ |
| Other continuous loans | $70,455,508,630$ | $62,251,447,133$ | $69,284,015,349$ | $61,204,309,185$ |
|  | $93,807,754,131$ | $\mathbf{8 6 , 1 7 6 , 8 0 8 , 6 3 0}$ | $\mathbf{9 2 , 6 3 6 , 2 6 0 , 8 5 0}$ | $\mathbf{8 5 , 1 2 9 , 6 7 0 , 6 8 2}$ |


| Demand loans |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Consumer finance | $789,066,864$ | $779,815,020$ | $789,066,864$ | $779,815,020$ |
| Small and medium enterprise | $3,116,423,235$ | $3,281,056,634$ | $3,116,423,235$ | $3,281,056,634$ |
| Other demand loans | $27,745,775,197$ | $29,115,536,486$ | $27,745,775,197$ | $29,115,536,486$ |
|  | $31,651,265,296$ | $33,176,408,140$ | $31,651,265,296$ | $\mathbf{3 3 , 1 7 6 , 4 0 8 , 1 4 0}$ |

## Term loan

| Consumer finance (including staff, other than HF) | $998,611,592$ | $1,619,840,424$ | $998,611,592$ | $1,619,840,424$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Small and medium enterprise | $7,525,159,501$ | $5,627,454,224$ | $7,525,159,501$ | $5,627,454,224$ |
| Housing finance (HF) | $48,496,431,489$ | $38,746,079,105$ | $48,496,431,489$ | $38,746,079,105$ |
| Loans to BHs/MBs/SDs | $53,692,554$ | $71,102,094$ | $53,692,554$ | $71,102,094$ |
| Other fixed term loan | $110,213,055,415$ | $95,097,860,113$ | $110,213,055,415$ | $95,097,860,113$ |
|  | $\mathbf{1 6 7 , 2 8 6 , 9 5 0 , 5 5 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 1 , 1 6 2 , 3 3 5 , 9 6 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 6 7 , 2 8 6 , 9 5 0 , 5 5 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 1 , 1 6 2 , 3 3 5 , 9 6 0}$ |
| Short term loan |  |  |  |  |
| Short term agri credit | $1,096,949,129$ | $\mathbf{1 , 1 8 1 , 8 7 4 , 7 4 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 0 9 6 , 9 4 9 , 1 2 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 1 8 1 , 8 7 4 , 7 4 3}$ |
|  | $\mathbf{2 9 3 , 8 4 2 , 9 1 9 , 1 0 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 6 1 , 6 9 7 , 4 2 7 , 4 7 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 9 2 , 6 7 1 , 4 2 5 , 8 2 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 6 0 , 6 5 0 , 2 8 9 , 5 2 5}$ |

7.12 Security/collateral-wise concentration of loans and advances including bills purchased and discounted

| Collateral of movable/immovable assets | $245,766,785,546$ | $212,556,605,934$ | $245,766,785,546$ | $212,556,605,934$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Local banks and financial institutions' guarantee | $315,733,220$ | $240,986,168$ | $315,733,220$ | $240,986,168$ |
| Government guarantee | $755,519,134$ | $811,142,115$ | $755,519,134$ | $811,142,115$ |
| Foreign bank guarantee | - | - | - |  |
| Export documents | $919,163,483$ | $1,075,423,583$ | $919,163,483$ | $1,075,423,583$ |
| Import documents | $11,685,820,804$ | $13,097,388,867$ | $11,685,820,804$ | $13,097,388,867$ |
| Fixed deposit receipts | $5,684,603,568$ | $7,537,789,233$ | $5,684,603,568$ | $7,537,789,233$ |
| Personal guarantee | $8,073,535,082$ | $7,768,832,141$ | $8,073,535,082$ | $7,768,832,141$ |
| Other securities | $20,641,758,271$ | $\mathbf{1 8 , 6 0 9 , 2 5 9 , 4 3 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 , 4 7 0 , 2 6 4 , 9 8 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 7 , 5 6 2 , 1 2 1 , 4 8 3}$ |
|  | $\mathbf{2 9 3 , 8 4 2 , 9 1 9 , 1 0 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 6 1 , 6 9 7 , 4 2 7 , 4 7 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 9 2 , 6 7 1 , 4 2 5 , 8 2 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 6 0 , 6 5 0 , 2 8 9 , 5 2 5}$ |

### 7.13 Particulars of loans and advances

i) Loans considered good in respect of which the Bank is fully secured
ii) Loans considered good for which the Bank holds no other
security than the debtors' personal guarantee $284,458,708,545$
$252,738,072,864$

139,182,198 143,384,520
iii) Loans considered good being secured by personal security of one or more persons in addition to the personal security of the
iv) Loans adversely classified; provision not maintained there against
v) Loans due by directors or officers of the banking company or any of these either separately or jointly with any other persons.
vi) Loans due from companies or firms in which the directors of the banking company have interests as directors, partners or managing agents or in case of private companies as members;
vii) Maximum total amount of advances, including temporary advances made at any time during the period to directors or employees of the Bank or any of them either separately or jointly with any other person
viii) Maximum total amount of advances, including temporary advances granted during the period to the companies or firms in which the directors of the Bank are interested as directors, partners or managing agents or in the case of private companies as members
ix) Due from banking companies
x) a) Amount of classified loan on which interest has not been charged should be mentioned as follows:
Increase/(decrease) in specific provision
186,288,070
$(349,126,284)$
Amount of loan written off
Amount recovered against the loans previously written off
208,510,143 363,275,164
b) Amount of provision kept against loans
$2,638,733,000 \quad 2,455,830,502$
classified as bad/loss as at the Balance Sheet date
c) Amount of interest creditable to the interest suspense account $\quad 1,184,883,013 \quad 1,477,570,087$
xi) Cumulative amount of written off loan:

Opening balance
14,701,301,803 15,064,576,967
Amount written off during the period
Interest charged

| Recovery from written-off during the period* | $(208,510,143)$ | $(363,275,164)$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| $14,492,791,660$ | $14,701,301,803$ |  |

* Recovery from written-off loans during the period include interest waiver of BDT 74,040,000 [Y2020: Interest waiver BDT 17,175,347].
7.14 Cumulative amount of written off loans for which law suits have been filed

| Opening balance | $20,972,282,771$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| During the period | $-\quad-20,972,282,771$ |

During the period
20,972,282,771
20,972,282,771
Out of this cumulative amount of written-off loans, no suit could be filed for recovery of Tk. 43.8 million for becoming time barred.
7.15 Classification of loans and advances

Unclassified

| Standard | $275,881,149,390$ | $245,050,321,578$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Special mention account | $5,290,504,813$ | $5,254,206,092$ |
|  | $\mathbf{2 8 1 , 1 7 1 , 6 5 4 , \mathbf { 2 0 4 }}$ | $\mathbf{2 5 0 , 3 0 4 , 5 2 7 , 6 6 9}$ |


| Classified |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Substandard | $2,986,398,988$ | $2,782,581,601$ |
| Doubtful | $570,237,794$ | $463,122,331$ |
| Bad/Loss | $7,943,134,840$ | $\mathbf{7 , 1 0 0 , 0 5 7 , 9 2 3}$ |
|  | $\mathbf{1 1 , 4 9 9 , 7 7 1 , 6 2 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 , 3 4 5 , 7 6 1 , 8 5 6}$ |
|  | $\mathbf{2 9 2 , 6 7 1 , 4 2 5 , 8 2 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 6 0 , 6 5 0 , 2 8 9 , 5 2 5}$ |

8 Bills purchased and discounted

|  | 8.1 | $15,133,681,240$ | $14,141,724,304$ | $15,133,681,240$ | $14,141,724,304$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Payable in Bangladesh | 8.1 | $699,867,620$ | $504,459,794$ | $699,867,620$ | $504,459,794$ |
| Payable outside Bangladesh |  | $\mathbf{1 5 , 8 3 3 , 5 4 8 , 8 6 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 , 6 4 6 , 1 8 4 , 0 9 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 5 , 8 3 3 , 5 4 8 , 8 6 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 , 6 4 6 , 1 8 4 , 0 9 8}$ |

8.1 Bill purchased and discounted

Payable in Bangladesh
Local bills/documents

| Inland documentary bill purchase (IDBP) | $788,386,313$ | $659,374,049$ | $788,386,313$ | $659,374,049$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Payment against documents-cash | $63,003,822$ | $139,983,935$ | $63,003,822$ | $139,983,935$ |
| Payment against documents-EDF | $11,750,945,426$ | $9,880,117,837$ | $11,750,945,426$ | $9,880,117,837$ |
| Payment against documents-forced (Inland) | $1,305,254,543$ | $1,361,594,788$ | $1,305,254,543$ | $1,361,594,788$ |
| Payment against documents-forced (Foreign) | $199,510,520$ | $664,145,629$ | $199,510,520$ | $664,145,629$ |
| Payment against documents-Others | $1,026,580,616$ | $1,436,508,066$ | $1,026,580,616$ | $\mathbf{1 , 4 3 6 , 5 0 8 , 0 6 6}$ |
|  | $\mathbf{1 5 , 1 3 3 , 6 8 1 , 2 4 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 , 1 4 1 , 7 2 4 , 3 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 5 , 1 3 3 , 6 8 1 , 2 4 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 , 1 4 1 , 7 2 4 , 3 0 4}$ |

Payable outside Bangladesh

| Foreign documentary bill purchase (FDBP) | $384,134,400$ | $263,473,626$ | $384,134,400$ | $263,473,626$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Usance Bill Discounted (OBU) | $315,733,220$ | $240,986,168$ | $315,733,220$ | $240,986,168$ |
|  | $\mathbf{6 9 9 , 8 6 7 , 6 2 0}$ | $\mathbf{5 0 4 , 4 5 9 , 7 9 4}$ | $\mathbf{6 9 9 , 8 6 7 , 6 2 0}$ | $\mathbf{5 0 4 , 4 5 9 , 7 9 4}$ |
|  | $\mathbf{1 5 , 8 3 3 , 5 4 8 , 8 6 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 , 6 4 6 , 1 8 4 , 0 9 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 5 , 8 3 3 , 5 4 8 , 8 6 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 , 6 4 6 , 1 8 4 , 0 9 8}$ |

8.2 Residual maturity grouping of bill purchased and discounted

| On demand | $5,201,176,461$ | $4,651,948,851$ | $5,201,176,461$ | $4,651,948,851$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Up to 1 month | $765,907,739$ | $1,312,579,764$ | $765,907,739$ | $1,312,579,764$ |
| Over 1 month but not more than 3 months | $2,818,732,399$ | $1,026,523,210$ | $2,818,732,399$ | $1,026,523,210$ |
| Over 3 months but not more than 6 months | $6,025,509,400$ | $4,729,856,640$ | $6,025,509,400$ | $4,729,856,640$ |
| Over 6 months | $1,022,222,861$ | $2,925,275,633$ | $1,022,222,861$ | $\mathbf{2 , 9 2 5 , 2 7 5 , 6 3 3}$ |
|  | $\mathbf{1 5 , 8 3 3 , 5 4 8 , 8 6 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 , 6 4 6 , 1 8 4 , 0 9 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 5 , 8 3 3 , 5 4 8 , 8 6 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 , 6 4 6 , 1 8 4 , 0 9 8}$ |

9 Fixed assets including premises, furniture and fixtures
Cost/revalued:

| Land | $2,423,609,559$ | $2,423,609,559$ | $2,423,609,559$ | $2,423,609,559$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Buildings and premises | $1,902,617,204$ | $1,902,617,204$ | $1,902,617,204$ | $1,902,617,204$ |
| Right of Use Assets | $1,981,900,504$ | $1,979,330,915$ | $1,938,582,527$ | $1,938,582,527$ |
| Wooden furniture | $322,716,174$ | $288,496,137$ | $321,801,576$ | $287,581,539$ |
| Steel furniture | $133,312,431$ | $111,193,993$ | $133,312,431$ | $111,193,993$ |
| Computer equipment | $1,162,625,267$ | $1,054,899,844$ | $1,149,139,554$ | $1,049,746,984$ |
| Office equipment | $1,271,660,218$ | $1,085,482,116$ | $1,271,660,218$ | $1,085,482,116$ |
| Electrical \& gas equipment | $347,294,435$ | $292,981,559$ | $344,717,835$ | $290,404,959$ |
| Leasehold improvement | $691,806,327$ | $528,640,273$ | $679,152,895$ | $508,637,207$ |
| Vehicles | $208,353,474$ | $212,708,501$ | $208,353,474$ | $212,708,501$ |
| Soft furnishing | $13,119,919$ | $12,960,055$ | $13,119,919$ | $12,960,055$ |
| Software | $1,120,365,197$ | $1,108,927,318$ | $1,118,111,167$ | $1,107,209,905$ |
|  | $\mathbf{1 1 , 5 7 9 , 3 8 0 , 7 0 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 , 0 0 1 , 8 4 7 , 4 7 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 , 5 0 4 , 1 7 8 , 3 5 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 , 9 3 0 , 7 3 4 , 5 4 9}$ |
| Capital work in progress | $171,351,376$ | $88,200,413$ | $171,351,376$ | $88,200,413$ |
|  | $\mathbf{1 1 , 7 5 0 , 7 3 2 , 0 8 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 , 0 9 0 , 0 4 7 , 8 8 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 , 6 7 5 , 5 2 9 , 7 3 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 , 0 1 8 , 9 3 4 , 9 6 2}$ |
| Less: Accumulated depreciation | $4,154,168,284$ | $3,552,923,311$ | $4,124,802,189$ | $3,523,762,842$ |
| Written down value | $\mathbf{7 , 5 9 6 , 5 6 3 , 8 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{7 , 5 3 7 , 1 2 4 , 5 7 6}$ | $\mathbf{7 , 5 5 0 , 7 2 7 , 5 4 6}$ | $\mathbf{7 , 4 9 5 , 1 7 2 , 1 2 0}$ |

Details of fixed assets [solo basis] are shown in "Annexure-D"
10 Other assets

| Stationery and stamps |  | $42,564,602$ | $42,897,670$ | $42,562,124$ | $42,895,192$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Suspense account | 10.1 | $1,124,569,918$ | $850,058,824$ | $1,112,988,358$ | $840,559,567$ |
| Advance, deposit and prepayments | 10.2 | $9,336,230,208$ | $7,545,055,046$ | $8,964,264,843$ | $7,208,526,113$ |
| Accrued interest \& other income receivable | 10.3 | $1,561,177,810$ | $1,323,991,985$ | $1,474,237,810$ | $1,323,991,985$ |
| Investment in subsidiaries | 10.4 | - | - | $2,634,426,980$ | $2,234,342,260$ |
| Deferred tax assets | 10.5 | $808,950,441$ | $731,058,171$ | $808,173,461$ | $730,988,041$ |
| Dividend Receivable and others |  | $176,058,596$ | $933,675,990$ | $157,867,695$ | $71,181,064$ |
|  | $\mathbf{1 3 , 0 4 9 , 5 5 1 , 5 7 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 , 4 2 6 , 7 3 7 , 6 8 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 5 , 1 9 4 , 5 2 1 , 2 7 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 , 4 5 2 , 4 8 4 , 2 2 2}$ |  |


ii) Deferred tax on fixed assets

| Carrying amount | 3,913,324,266 | 3,621,024,521 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tax base | 3,330,272,815 | 3,021,720,566 |
| Deductible/(Taxable) temporary difference | 583,051,450 | 599,303,955 |
| Tax rate | 37.50\% | 37.50\% |
| Closing deferred tax assets/(liabilities) | $(218,644,294)$ | $(224,738,983)$ |
| Opening deferred tax assets/(liabilities) | $(224,738,983)$ | $(194,057,071)$ |
| Deferred tax (expense)/income (B) | 6,094,689 | $(30,681,912)$ |
| Deferred tax on leased assets |  |  |
| Right-of-Use Assets | 1,040,893,440 | 1,354,456,802 |
| Less: Lease Liabilities | $(938,238,097)$ | $(1,199,683,069)$ |
| Carrying amount | 102,655,343 | 154,773,733 |
| Tax base | 144,392,776 | 193,085,866 |
| Temporary difference | 41,737,433 | 38,312,133 |
| Tax rate | 37.50\% | 37.50\% |
| Closing deferred tax assets/(liabilities) | 15,651,537 | 14,367,050 |
| Opening deferred tax assets/(liabilities) | 14,367,050 | 6,948,176 |
| Deferred tax (expense)/income (C) | 1,284,488 | 7,418,874 |
| Deferred tax (expense)/income ( $\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B}+\mathrm{C}$ ) | 77,185,421 | $(139,114,352)$ |

11 Non-banking assets

| Income generating |  | - | - | - | - |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Non-income generating | 11.1 | $148,474,800$ | $373,474,800$ | $148,474,800$ | $373,474,800$ |
|  |  | $148,474,800$ | $373,474,800$ | $148,474,800$ | $373,474,800$ |

Through the verdict of honourable court under section 33(7) of the Artharin Adalat Act 2003, the Bank has got absolute ownership on few mortgaged properties. These properties were recorded at Tk. 373,474,800 as non-banking assets in the year 2013
11.1 Non-income generating

| Balance at the beginning of the period | $373,474,800$ | $373,474,800$ | $373,474,800$ | $373,474,800$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Add: Addition during the period | - | - | - | - |
| Less: sale during the period | $(225,000,000)$ | - | $(225,000,000)$ | - |
|  | $148,474,800$ | $373,474,800$ | $148,474,800$ | $373,474,800$ |

12 Borrowing from other banks, financial institutions and agents

| In Bangladesh | 12.1 | $14,725,000,083$ | $12,512,987,412$ | $14,725,000,083$ | $12,512,987,412$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Outside Bangladesh | 12.2 | $188,335,980$ | $508,806,600$ | $188,335,980$ | $508,806,600$ |
|  | $\mathbf{1 4 , 9 1 3 , 3 3 6 , 0 6 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 , 0 2 1 , 7 9 4 , 0 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 , 9 1 3 , 3 3 6 , 0 6 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 , 0 2 1 , 7 9 4 , 0 1 2}$ |  |

12.1 In Bangladesh

Term borrowing

| Obligation under lease finance | - | $3,181,639$ | - | $3,181,639$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | - | $3,181,639$ | - | $\mathbf{3 , 1 8 1 , 6 3 9}$ |
| Refinance from Bangladesh Bank |  |  |  |  |
| Export Development Fund (EDF) | $11,061,103,527$ | $9,666,178,492$ | $11,061,103,527$ | $9,666,178,492$ |
| Small and Medium Enterprise (SME) | $302,570,375$ | $324,677,867$ | $302,570,375$ | $324,677,867$ |
| Long Term Financing Facility (LTFF) | $285,464,152$ | $34,162,919$ | $285,464,152$ | $34,162,919$ |
| Stimulus Package | $3,075,862,029$ | $2,484,786,495$ | $3,075,862,029$ | $2,484,786,495$ |
|  | $\mathbf{1 4 , 7 2 5 , 0 0 0 , 0 8 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 , 5 0 9 , 8 0 5 , 7 7 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 , 7 2 5 , 0 0 0 , 0 8 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 , 5 0 9 , 8 0 5 , 7 7 3}$ |
|  | $\mathbf{1 4 , 7 2 5 , 0 0 0 , 0 8 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 , 5 1 2 , 9 8 7 , 4 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 , 7 2 5 , 0 0 0 , 0 8 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 , 5 1 2 , 9 8 7 , 4 1 2}$ |

### 12.2 Outside Bangladesh

| Nepal Bangladesh Bank Limited | - | $508,806,600$ | - | $508,806,600$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| PBL Finance (HK) Limited | $160,464,263$ |  | $160,464,263$ |  |
| Standard Chartered Bank, Singapure | $27,871,718$ | - | $27,871,718$ | - |
|  | $188,335,980$ | $508,806,600$ | $\mathbf{1 8 8 , 3 3 5 , 9 8 0}$ | $\mathbf{5 0 8 , 8 0 6 , 6 0 0}$ |

Borrowing from outside Bangladesh is used for Off-shore Banking unit

| $14,913,336,063$ | $13,021,794,012$ | $14,913,336,063$ | $13,021,794,012$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 4 , 9 1 3 , 3 3 6 , 0 6 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 , 0 2 1 , 7 9 4 , 0 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 , 9 1 3 , 3 3 6 , 0 6 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 , 0 2 1 , 7 9 4 , 0 1 2}$ |

12.4 Maturity grouping of borrowing from other banks,
financial institutions and agents
Payable
On demand

| Up to 1 month | $1,333,687,911$ | $1,482,457,108$ | $1,333,687,911$ | $1,482,457,108$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Over 1 month but not more than 3 months | $3,980,645,863$ | $4,191,908,871$ | $3,980,645,863$ | $4,191,908,871$ |
| Over 3 months but not more than 1 year | $9,105,545,539$ | $7,088,478,478$ | $9,105,545,539$ | $7,088,478,478$ |
| Over 1 year but not more than 5 years | $359,710,362$ | $123,803,291$ | $359,710,362$ | $123,803,291$ |
| Over 5 years | $133,746,387$ | $135,146,264$ | $133,746,387$ | $135,146,264$ |
|  | $\mathbf{1 4 , 9 1 3 , 3 3 6 , 0 6 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 , 0 2 1 , 7 9 4 , 0 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 , 9 1 3 , 3 3 6 , 0 6 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 , 0 2 1 , 7 9 4 , 0 1 2}$ |

13 Subordinated debt
Institution wise subscription, redemption, and outstanding amount of the Principal of the Bond are as follows:

| Subscribers | Subscribed Amount | Redemption of <br> Principal | Outstanding <br> 30 September 2021 | Outstanding <br> 31 <br> December 2020 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| IFIC Bank 1 ${ }^{\text {st }}$ Subordinated debt |  |  |  |  |
| Sonali Bank Limited | $1,000,000,000$ | $600,000,000$ | $400,000,000$ | $600,000,000$ |
| Janata Bank Limited | $1,000,000,000$ | $600,000,000$ | $400,000,000$ | $600,000,000$ |
| Rupali Bank Limited | $1,000,000,000$ | $600,000,000$ | $400,000,000$ | $600,000,000$ |
| Agrani Bank Limited | $500,000,000$ | $300,000,000$ | $200,000,000$ | $300,000,000$ |
|  | $3,500,000,000$ | $\mathbf{2 , 1 0 0 , 0 0 0 , 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 4 0 0 , 0 0 0 , 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 1 0 0 , 0 0 0 , 0 0 0}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| IFIC Bank 2 2d Subordinated debt | $1,500,000,000$ | - | $1,500,000,000$ |  |
| Agrani Bank Limited | $1,000,000,000$ | - | $1,000,000,000$ | - |
| Janata Bank Limited | $1,000,000,000$ | - | $1,000,000,000$ | - |
| Dutch Bangla Bank Limited | $1,000,000,000$ | - | $1,000,000,000$ | - |
| Eastern Bank Limited | $500,000,000$ | - | - |  |
| Mercantile Bank Limited | $5,000,000,000$ | - | $\mathbf{5 , 0 0 0 , 0 0 0 , 0 0 0}$ | - |
|  | $\mathbf{8 , 5 0 0 , 0 0 0 , 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 1 0 0 , 0 0 0 , 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{6 , 4 0 0 , 0 0 0 , 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 1 0 0 , 0 0 0 , 0 0 0}$ |


|  | * Details of Subordinated debt are explained in note: 2.2.1.8. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 14 | Deposits and other accounts |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Current deposit and other accounts | 14.1 | 117,658,933,278 | 92,689,795,114 | 118,693,864,472 | 92,715,704,209 |
|  | Bills payable | 14.2 | 2,038,833,262 | 2,547,263,402 | 2,038,833,262 | 2,547,263,402 |
|  | Savings bank deposits | 14.3 | 26,203,048,270 | 25,343,706,980 | 26,203,048,270 | 25,343,706,980 |
|  | Fixed deposits | 14.4 | 179,800,341,797 | 175,760,802,599 | 179,800,519,429 | 175,762,350,267 |
|  |  |  | 325,701,156,606 | 296,341,568,095 | 326,736,265,433 | 296,369,024,858 |
| 14.1 | Current deposit and other accounts |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Current accounts |  | 26,358,436,034 | 20,541,856,918 | 27,393,367,228 | 20,567,766,013 |
|  | IFIC AAMAR account |  | 79,924,409,836 | 63,263,202,940 | 79,924,409,836 | 63,263,202,940 |
|  | IFIC Shohoj Account |  | 1,870,212,088 | 869,665,186 | 1,870,212,088 | 869,665,186 |
|  | Foreign currency deposit |  | 390,572,077 | 330,848,835 | 390,572,077 | 330,848,835 |
|  | Resident foreign currency deposit |  | 47,538,375 | 48,287,936 | 47,538,375 | 48,287,936 |
|  | Exporters foreign currency account |  | 5,318,432,589 | 5,189,408,559 | 5,318,432,589 | 5,189,408,559 |
|  | Margin on letters of credit |  | 2,739,970,458 | 1,462,856,896 | 2,739,970,458 | 1,462,856,896 |
|  | Margin on letters of guarantee |  | 427,831,967 | 393,140,325 | 427,831,967 | 393,140,325 |
|  | Sundry deposit | 14.1.1 | 581,529,854 | 590,527,519 | 581,529,854 | 590,527,519 |
|  |  |  | 117,658,933,278 | 92,689,795,114 | 118,693,864,472 | 92,715,704,209 |
| 14.1.1 | Sundry deposit |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Sundry creditor |  | 70,154,262 | 109,042,803 | 70,154,262 | 109,042,803 |
|  | Lease deposit |  | 13,745,769 | 14,727,414 | 13,745,769 | 14,727,414 |
|  | Risk fund-lease, CCS \& others |  | 218,057 | 224,303 | 218,057 | 224,303 |
|  | Clearing collection |  | 56,495,366 | 22,903,192 | 56,495,366 | 22,903,192 |



| Particulars |  | Note | Group |  | Amount in BDT |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Bank |  |  |
|  |  | 30 September 2021 | 31 December 2020 | 30 September 2021 | 31 December 2020 |
| Time deposits |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Savings deposits |  |  | 23,844,773,926 | 23,062,773,351 | 23,844,773,926 | 23,062,773,351 |
|  | Fixed deposits |  |  | 146,804,945,031 | 140,124,876,059 | 146,804,945,031 | 140,124,876,059 |
|  | Special notice deposits |  | 26,613,735,102 | 30,030,169,985 | 26,613,735,102 | 30,030,169,985 |
|  | Deposits under schemes |  | 11,167,500,608 | 10,101,845,701 | 11,167,500,608 | 10,101,845,701 |
|  |  |  | 208,430,954,667 | 203,319,665,096 | 208,430,954,667 | 203,319,665,096 |
|  |  |  | 325,701,156,606 | 296,341,568,095 | 326,736,265,433 | 296,369,024,858 |
| 14.7 | Sector-wise concentration of deposits and other accounts |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Government deposits |  | 4,152,522,239 | 7,529,049,900 | 4,152,522,239 | 7,529,049,900 |
|  | Other public sector |  | 30,519,410,880 | 36,338,930,114 | 30,519,410,880 | 36,338,930,114 |
|  | Deposit from banks |  | 118,380,375 | 116,847,774 | 118,380,375 | 116,847,774 |
|  | Foreign currency deposits |  | 5,756,543,041 | 5,568,545,330 | 5,756,543,041 | 5,568,545,330 |
|  | Private sectors |  | 285,154,300,071 | 246,788,194,978 | 286,189,408,897 | 246,815,651,741 |
|  |  |  | 325,701,156,606 | 296,341,568,095 | 326,736,265,433 | 296,369,024,858 |
| 14.8 | Unclaimed deposits |  | 35,803,244 | 35,803,244 | 35,803,244 | 35,803,244 |
| 14.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Maturity grouping of deposit from banks On demand |  | - | - | - | - |
|  | Up to 1 month |  | 118,380,375 | 116,847,774 | 118,380,375 | 116,847,774 |
|  | Over 1 month but not more than 3 months |  | - | - |  |  |
|  | Over 3 months but not more than 1 year |  | - | - | - |  |
|  | Over 1 year but not more than 5 years |  | - | - | - | - |
|  | Over 5 years |  | - | - | - | - |
|  |  |  | 118,380,375 | 116,847,774 | 118,380,375 | 116,847,774 |
|  | Maturity grouping of deposit from customers excluding bills payable |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | On demand |  | 4,233,036,661 | 5,949,154,679 | 4,233,036,661 | 5,949,154,679 |
|  | Up to 1 month |  | 42,259,965,250 | 40,783,082,019 | 42,259,965,250 | 40,810,538,782 |
|  | Over 1 month but not more than 3 months |  | 68,243,105,956 | 47,894,233,494 | 68,243,105,956 | 47,899,155,066 |
|  | Over 3 months but not more than 1 year |  | 63,031,020,494 | 64,596,057,382 | 63,031,020,494 | 64,596,057,382 |
|  | Over 1 year but not more than 5 years |  | 30,519,114,200 | 32,739,167,299 | 30,519,114,200 | 32,739,167,299 |
|  | Over 5 years |  | 115,257,700,408 | 101,715,762,047 | 116,292,809,234 | 101,710,840,475 |
|  |  |  | 323,543,942,969 | 293,677,456,919 | 324,579,051,796 | 293,704,913,682 |
|  | Maturity grouping of bills payable |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | On demand |  | 203,883,326 | 254,726,340 | 203,883,326 | 254,726,340 |
|  | Up to 1 month |  | 407,766,652 | 509,452,680 | 407,766,652 | 509,452,680 |
|  | Over 1 month but not more than 3 months |  | 407,766,652 | 509,452,680 | 407,766,652 | 509,452,680 |
|  | Over 3 months but not more than 1 year |  | 203,883,326 | 254,726,340 | 203,883,326 | 254,726,340 |
|  | Over 1 year but not more than 5 years |  | 407,766,652 | 509,452,680 | 407,766,652 | 509,452,680 |
|  | Over 5 years |  | 407,766,652 | 509,452,680 | 407,766,652 | 509,452,680 |
|  |  |  | 2,038,833,262 | 2,547,263,402 | 2,038,833,262 | 2,547,263,402 |
|  |  |  | 325,701,156,606 | 296,341,568,095 | 326,736,265,433 | 296,369,024,858 |
| 15 | Other liabilities |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Specific provision for classified loans and advance | 15.1 | 2,923,864,788 | 2,737,576,718 | 2,923,864,788 | 2,737,576,718 |
|  | General provision for unclassified loans and advanct | 15.2 | 4,976,149,350 | 3,699,988,858 | 4,744,852,511 | 3,468,692,019 |
|  | Special general provision COVID-19 | 15.3 | 1,200,000,000 | 1,200,000,000 | 1,200,000,000 | 1,200,000,000 |
|  | Provision for loans and advance |  | 9,100,014,138 | 7,637,565,576 | 8,868,717,299 | 7,406,268,737 |
|  | Provision for off balance sheet items | 15.4 | 585,171,318 | 435,409,089 | 585,171,318 | 435,409,089 |
|  | Provision for diminution in value of investments | 15.5 | 355,661,414 | 354,475,761 | 355,661,414 | 354,475,761 |
|  | Provision for nostro account | 15.6 | 10,734,525 | 10,646,778 | 10,734,525 | 10,646,778 |
|  | Provision for other assets | 15.7 | 469,068,286 | 452,469,411 | 469,068,286 | 452,469,411 |
|  | Provision for loans, investments and other assets |  | 10,520,649,681 | 8,890,566,615 | 10,289,352,842 | 8,659,269,776 |
|  | Provision for taxation | 15.8 | 10,277,495,572 | 8,398,477,805 | 9,940,797,244 | 8,133,240,938 |
|  | Interest suspense accounts | 15.9 | 9,544,496,868 | 8,972,123,118 | 8,043,654,058 | 7,471,280,308 |
|  | Incentive bonus | 15.10 | 1,090,182 | 1,662,000 | - | - |
|  | Unclaimed dividend account | 15.11 | - | 7,736,018 | - | 7,736,018 |
|  | Start-up fund | 15.12 | 5,622,475 | - | 5,622,475 | - |



Special Mention Account (SMA)

| Small and medium enterprise | 128,308,730 | 0.25\% | 320,772 | 393,676 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Consumer finance (house building) | 366,195,542 | 1.00\% | 3,661,955 | 2,227,205 |
| Consumer finance | 14,543,225 | 2.00\% | 290,864 | 45,282 |
| Consumer finance (card) | 2,894,975 | 2.00\% | 57,899 | 52,558 |
| Other unclassified loan ** | 4,778,562,342 | 1.00\% | 90,667,600 | 88,712,728 |
|  | 5,290,504,813 |  | 94,999,090 | 91,431,449 |
| Off-shore banking unit |  |  |  |  |
| Un-classified loans | 2,114,756,409 | 1.00\% | 21,147,564 | 22,947,034 |
|  | 2,114,756,409 |  | 21,147,564 | 22,947,034 |
|  |  |  | 4,577,997,844 | 3,468,692,019 |
| General provision maintained (note-15.2) |  |  | 4,744,852,511 | 3,468,692,019 |
| Excess/(short) |  |  | 166,854,667 |  |

*The Bank has maintained provsion of BDT 1,429 million upto Q3 Y2021 out of BDT 2,890 million as per the requirement of Bangladesh Bank vide its letter no. DBI-1/32/2020/1543 dated 14 June 2020.
** $1 \%$ additional provision has been maintained against the restructured loan in line with the BRPD Circular No. 04, dated 29 January 2015. Details Restructured Loan are shown in Annexure-J.
15.3 Special general provision COVID-19

1\% additional provision has been maintained against the facilities for which payment was deferred during COVID-19 under the purview of BRPD Circular No. 56, dated 10 December 2020.
15.4 Provision for off-balance sheet

| Provision held at the beginning of the period | $435,409,089$ | $460,901,538$ | $435,409,089$ | $460,901,538$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Provision made/(release) during the period | 41 | $149,762,229$ | $(25,492,449)$ | $149,762,229$ | $(25,492,449)$ |
|  | $585,171,318$ | $435,409,089$ | $\mathbf{5 8 5 , 1 7 1 , 3 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{4 3 5 , 4 0 9 , 0 8 9}$ |  |

15.4.1 Provision required for off-balance sheet exposure

| Status | Base for provision | Rate (\%) | Required provision |  |
| :--- | ---: | :---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  | 30 September 2021 | 31 December 2020 |
| Acceptances and endorsements | $26,156,452,990$ | $1.00 \%$ | $261,564,530$ | $163,509,516$ |
| Letters of guarantee * | $8,750,992,801$ | $1.00 \%$ | $100,015,960$ | $93,095,955$ |
| Irrevocable letters of credit | $22,359,082,842$ | $1.00 \%$ | $223,590,828$ | $178,803,618$ |
| Bills for collection | $8,459,864,833$ | $0.00 \%$ | - | - |
| Required provision |  |  | $585,171,318$ | $435,409,089$ |
| Provision maintained (note-15.3) |  | $585,171,318$ | $435,409,089$ |  |
| Excess/(short) |  | - | - |  |

As per Bangladesh Bank instruction, BDT 537,544 and BDT 11,968,588 have been maintained as an additional provision against a letter of guarantee of M/s. Hannan Works and M/s ATCO International, respectively.

| 15.5 | Provision for diminution in value of investments |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Provision held at the beginning of the period |  | 354,475,761 | 651,829,320 | 354,475,761 | 651,829,320 |
|  | Provision made/(release) during the period | 41 | 1,185,653 | $(297,353,559)$ | 1,185,653 | $(297,353,559)$ |
|  |  |  | 355,661,414 | 354,475,761 | 355,661,414 | 354,475,761 |
| 15.6 | Provision for nostro account |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Provision held at the beginning of the period |  | 10,646,778 | 10,659,195 | 10,646,778 | 10,659,195 |
|  | Provision made/(release) during the period | 41.1 | 87,747 | $(12,417)$ | 87,747 | $(12,417)$ |
|  |  |  | 10,734,525 | 10,646,778 | 10,734,525 | 10,646,778 |
| 15.7 | Provision for other assets |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Provision held at the beginning of the period |  | 452,469,411 | 416,485,498 | 452,469,411 | 416,485,498 |
|  | Provision made/(release) during the period | 41.1 | 16,598,875 | 35,983,913 | 16,598,875 | 35,983,913 |
|  |  |  | 469,068,286 | 452,469,411 | 469,068,286 | 452,469,411 |


| Particulars ${ }_{\text {a }}$ Note |  | Amount in BDT |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Group |  | Bank |  |
|  |  | 30 September 2021 | 31 December 2020 | 30 September 2021 | 31 December 2020 |
| 15.7.1 Particulars of required provision for other assets |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Status | Base for provision | Rate (\%) | Required provision |  |
|  |  |  |  | 30 September 2021 | 31 December 2020 |
|  | Other assets for 6-12 months | 34,789,525 | 50\% | 17,394,762 | 9,942,485 |
|  | Other assets for more than 12 months | 407,130,318 | 100\% | 407,130,318 | 394,706,721 |
|  | Protested bills | 44,543,206 | 100\% | 44,543,206 | 47,820,206 |
|  | Required provision |  |  | 469,068,286 | 452,469,411 |
|  | Provision maintained (note-15.7) |  |  | 469,068,286 | 452,469,411 |
|  | Excess/(Short) |  |  | - | - |
| 15.8 | Provision for taxation | 8,398,477,805 | 7,569,815,580 | 8,133,240,938 | 7,317,502,199 |
|  | Provision held at the beginning of the period |  |  |  |  |
|  | Provision made during the period | 1,960,011,461 | 975,923,486 | 1,888,550,000 | 963,000,000 |
|  | Less: Settlement of tax on stock dividend | 10,358,489,266 | 8,545,739,066 | 10,021,790,938 | 8,280,502,199 |
|  |  | $(80,993,694)$ | $(147,261,261)$ | (80,993,694) | (147,261,261) |
|  | 10,277,495,572 |  | 8,398,477,805 | 9,940,797,244 | 8,133,240,938 |
| 15.9 | Interest suspense account |  |  |  |  |
|  | Balance at the beginning of the period | 8,972,123,118 | 8,134,196,969 | 7,471,280,308 | 6,633,354,159 |
|  | Add: Amount transferred to interest suspense account during the | 1,184,883,013 | 1,477,570,087 | 1,184,883,013 | 1,477,570,087 |
|  | Less: Amount transferred to interest income account during the p | $(612,509,263)$ | (639,643,938) | $(612,509,263)$ | (639,643,938) |
|  |  | 9,544,496,868 | 8,972,123,118 | 8,043,654,058 | 7,471,280,308 |
| 15.10 | Incentive bonus |  |  |  |  |
|  | Balance at the beginning of the period | - | 250,000,000 | - | 250,000,000 |
|  |  | 1,090,182 | 1,662,000 | - |  |
|  | Less: Paid during the period | - | $(250,000,000)$ |  | $(250,000,000)$ |
|  | 1,090,182 |  | 1,662,000 | - | $(250,000,000)$ |
| 15.11 | Unclaimed dividend account |  |  |  |  |
|  | More than 3 years | - | - | - | - |
|  | More than 4 years | - | - | - | - |
|  | More than 5 years \& above | - | 7,736,018 | - | 7,736,018 |
|  |  | - | 7,736,018 | - | 7,736,018 |
|  | Unclaimed or undistributed dividend amounting BDT 7,677,503.50 has been transferred to the Capital Market Stabilization Fund (CMSF) as per the notification: SEC/SRMIC/165-2020/part-1/166 dated 06 July 2021 issued by the Bangladesh Securities and Exchange Commission (BSEC). |  |  |  |  |
| 15.12 | Start-up fund has recognised according to BB SME\&SP Circular no. 05 dated 26 April 2021 on 1\% Net profit for the year ended 31 December 2020. |  |  |  |  |
| 16 | Share Capital |  |  |  |  |
| 16.1 | Authorized Capital |  |  |  |  |
|  | 4,000,000,000 ordinary shares of Taka 10 each | 40,000,000,000 | 40,000,000,000 | 40,000,000,000 | 40,000,000,000 |
| 16.2 | Issued, subscribed and fully paid up capital |  |  |  |  |
|  | $8,000,000$ ordinary shares of Taka 10 each issued for cash | 80,000,000 | 80,000,000 | 80,000,000 | 80,000,000 |
|  | $4,400,000$ ordinary shares of Taka 10 each issued as rights share | 44,000,000 | 44,000,000 | 44,000,000 | 44,000,000 |
|  | $563,821,907$ ordinary shares of Taka 10 each issued as rights share 16.2.2 <br> $1,124,645,654$ ordinary shares of Taka 10 each issued for bonus share | 5,638,219,070 | 5,638,219,070 | 5,638,219,070 | 5,638,219,070 |
|  |  | 11,246,456,540 | 10,436,519,610 | 11,246,456,540 | 10,436,519,610 |
|  |  | 17,008,675,610 | 16,198,738,680 | 17,008,675,610 | 16,198,738,680 |
| 16.3 | Issued, subscribed and fully paid up Capital-Shareholders' Category |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1,143,857,969 [Year 2020: 1,089,388,542 ordinary shares of Taka 10 each fully paid held by the Sponsors, Directors, Institutions, Foreign investors \& General Public. | 11,438,579,690 | 10,893,885,420 | 11,438,579,690 | 10,893,885,420 |
|  | 10 each fully paid held by the Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh. | 5,570,095,920 | 5,304,853,260 | 5,570,095,920 | 5,304,853,260 |
|  |  | 17,008,675,610 | 16,198,738,680 | 17,008,675,610 | 16,198,738,680 |

16.4 Shareholding by category

| Category | 30 September 2021 |  |  | 31 December 2020 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. of Share | \% | Taka | No. of Share | \% | Taka |
| Sponsors \& Directors | 69,933,264 | 4.11 | 699,332,640 | 66,603,111 | 4.11 | 666,031,110 |
| Government (Director also) | 557,009,592 | 32.75 | 5,570,095,920 | 530,485,326 | 32.75 | 5,304,853,260 |
| Sub-Total | 626,942,856 | 36.86 | 6,269,428,560 | 597,088,437 | 36.86 | 5,970,884,370 |
| Institutions | 433,760,208 | 25.5 | 4,337,602,080 | 470,454,459 | 29.04 | 4,704,544,590 |
| Foreign investors | 14,349,174 | 0.84 | 143,491,740 | 12,717,884 | 0.79 | 127,178,840 |
| General investors | 625,815,323 | 36.80 | 6,258,153,230 | 539,613,088 | 33.31 | 5,396,130,880 |
| Sub-Total | 1,073,924,705 | 63.14 | 10,739,247,050 | 1,022,785,431 | 63.14 | 10,227,854,310 |
| Total | 1,700,867,561 | 100 | 17,008,675,610 | 1,619,873,868 | 100 | 16,198,738,680 |

The Government is representing in the Board of the Bank by nomination 03 (Three) Directors and as such, Sponsors \& Directors are at present holding $36.86 \%$ shares of the Bank.
16.5 Distribution of paid up capital

| Holding of share | 30 September 2021 |  |  | 31 December 2020 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. of holder | Total shares | \% | No. of holder | Total shares | \% |
| 1 to 500 shares | 15,441 | 2,276,031 | 0.14 | 14,608 | 2,051,350 | 0.13 |
| 501 to 5,000 shares | 20,707 | 41,388,617 | 2.39 | 14,325 | 29,969,707 | 1.85 |
| 5,001 to 10,000 shares | 4,491 | 34,341,071 | 2.29 | 3,888 | 29,134,724 | 1.80 |
| 10,001 to 20,000 shares | 3,102 | 46,044,440 | 3.23 | 2,692 | 39,307,003 | 2.43 |
| 20,001 to 30,000 shares | 1,229 | 30,777,936 | 2.19 | 1,151 | 28,833,294 | 1.78 |
| 30,001 to 40,000 shares | 598 | 21,072,657 | 1.48 | 544 | 19,086,097 | 1.18 |
| 40,001 to 50,000 shares | 535 | 25,089,198 | 1.61 | 449 | 20,831,451 | 1.28 |
| 50,001 to 100,000 shares | 928 | 68,056,086 | 4.58 | 783 | 56,545,941 | 3.49 |
| 100,001 to 1,000,000 shares | 844 | 222,462,111 | 13.79 | 697 | 201,241,451 | 12.42 |
| More than 1,000,000 shares | 135 | 1,209,359,414 | 68.30 | 130 | 1,192,872,850 | 73.64 |
| Total | 48,010 | 1,700,867,561 | 100 | 39,267 | 1,619,873,868 | 100 |

16.6 Shareholding of Directors

| SI. | Name of the Directors | Status | Holding $\%$ | Closing Position | Opening Position |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1 | Mr. Salman F Rahman | Chairman | 2.00 | $34,026,928$ | $32,406,599$ |
| 2 | Mr. Ahmed Shayan Fazlur Rahman* | Vice-Chairman | 2.11 | $35,906,336$ | $34,196,512$ |
| 3 | Ms. Rabeya Jamali | Independent Director | Nil | Nil | Nil |
| 4 | Mr. Sudhangshu Shekhar Biswas | Independent Director | Nil | Nil | Nil |
| 5 | Mr. A. R. M. Nazmus Sakib** | Govt. nominated Director |  |  |  |
| 6 | M. Quamrun Naher Ahmed** | Govt. nominated Director |  | 32.75 | $557,009,592$ |

* Represents M/s. New Dacca Industries Limited against its holding of 2.11\% shares in the Bank.
** Directors nominated by the Ministry of Finance, the Govt. of the People's Republic of Bangladesh against its holding of $32.75 \%$ shares in the Bank.
16.7 Capital Adequacy Ratio (BASEL-III)

As per section 13(2) of the Banking Companies Act, 1991 (as amended to date), BRPD circular no. 18 dated 21 December 2014, the Guidelines on Risk Based Capital Adequacy (Revised Regulatory Capital Framework for banks in line with Basel-III) was issued and effective from 1 January 2015. Capital to Risk-weighted Asset Ratio (CRAR) is calculated as follows:
Common Equity Tier 1 (going-concern capital)

| Paid-up capital | 16.2 | $17,008,675,610$ | $16,198,738,680$ | $17,008,675,610$ | $\mathbf{1 6 , 1 9 8 , 7 3 8 , 6 8 0}$ |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Statutory reserve | 17 | $6,864,775,853$ | $6,864,775,853$ | $6,864,775,853$ | $6,864,775,853$ |
| General reserve | 18 | $155,071,397$ | $155,071,397$ | $155,071,397$ | $155,071,397$ |
| Retained earnings | 21 | $5,571,580,495$ | $4,248,076,927$ | $2,572,596,483$ | $1,775,205,220$ |
|  |  | $\mathbf{2 9 , 6 0 0 , 1 0 3 , 3 5 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 7 , 4 6 6 , 6 6 2 , 8 5 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 6 , 6 0 1 , 1 1 9 , 3 4 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 4 , 9 9 3 , 7 9 1 , 1 5 0}$ |

Less: Regulatory Adjustments:

| Deduction from Tier-1 Capital (95\% of deferred tax assets) | $960,607,907$ | $907,940,673$ | $960,607,907$ | $907,940,673$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Total Common Equity Tier 1 Capital | $\mathbf{2 8 , 6 3 9 , 4 9 5 , 4 4 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 6 , 5 5 8 , 7 2 2 , 1 8 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 5 , 6 4 0 , 5 1 1 , 4 3 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 4 , 0 8 5 , 8 5 0 , 4 7 8}$ |




22 Consolidated surplus in profit and loss account
24.1 Acceptances and endorsements

| Back to back bills (local currency) | $279,594,776$ | $279,594,776$ | $279,594,776$ | $279,594,776$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Back to back bills (foreign currency) | $25,876,858,214$ | $16,071,356,825$ | $25,876,858,214$ | $16,071,356,825$ |
|  | $\mathbf{2 6 , 1 5 6 , 4 5 2 , 9 9 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 6 , 3 5 0 , 9 5 1 , 6 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 6 , 1 5 6 , 4 5 2 , 9 9 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 6 , 3 5 0 , 9 5 1 , 6 0 1}$ |

### 24.2 Letters of guarantee

| Letters of guarantee (local currency) | $8,592,874,724$ | $7,979,200,054$ | $8,592,874,724$ | $7,979,200,054$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Letters of guarantee (foreign currency) | $158,118,077$ | $79,792,312$ | $158,118,077$ | $79,792,312$ |
|  | $8,750,992,801$ | $\mathbf{8 , 0 5 8 , 9 9 2 , 3 6 6}$ | $\mathbf{8 , 7 5 0 , 9 9 2 , 8 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{8 , 0 5 8 , 9 9 2 , 3 6 6}$ |


| Money for which the bank is contingently liable in respect of guarantee issued favouring: |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Directors | - | - | - | - |
| Government | 3,876,728,872 | 3,819,557,827 | 3,876,728,872 | 3,819,557,827 |
| Banks and other financial institutions | 1,855,691,070 | 1,454,967,826 | 1,855,691,070 | 1,454,967,826 |
| Others | 3,018,572,859 | 2,784,466,712 | 3,018,572,859 | 2,784,466,712 |
|  | 8,750,992,801 | 8,058,992,366 | 8,750,992,801 | 8,058,992,366 |
| 24.3 Irrevocable letters of credit |  |  |  |  |
| Letter of credit (LC) - cash sight | 12,045,399,636 | 9,102,343,168 | 12,045,399,636 | 9,102,343,168 |
| Letter of credit (LC) - back to back | 10,147,289,402 | 8,539,680,148 | 10,147,289,402 | 8,539,680,148 |
| Letter of credit (LC) - cash usance | 166,393,804 | 238,338,457 | 166,393,804 | 238,338,457 |
|  | 22,359,082,842 | 17,880,361,773 | 22,359,082,842 | 17,880,361,773 |
| 24.4 Bills for collection |  |  |  |  |
| Inland bills collection | 6,312,033 | 20,994,127 | 6,312,033 | 20,994,127 |
| Foreign bills collection | - - | 745,436 | - | 745,436 |
| Inland documentary bills for collection | 3,089,827,097 | 2,826,418,019 | 3,089,827,097 | 2,826,418,019 |
| Foreign documentary bills for collection | 5,363,725,703 | 5,345,215,529 | 5,363,725,703 | 5,345,215,529 |
|  | 8,459,864,833 | 8,193,373,111 | 8,459,864,833 | 8,193,373,111 |

Notes to the Financial Statements
as at and for the period ended 30 September 2021
Amount in BDT

| Particulars | Note | Group |  | Bank |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1 January to 30 September 2021 | 1 January to 30 September 2020 | 1 January to 30 September 2021 | 1 January to 30 September 2020 |
| 25 Income statement Income |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest, discount and similar income | 26, 28 | 18,777,983,266 | 18,723,816,675 | 18,604,445,463 | 18,705,691,390 |
| Dividend income | 28 | 45,791,665 | 36,205,415 | 44,078,266 | 33,499,729 |
| Fees, commission and brokerage | 29.1 | 1,455,436,245 | 928,112,813 | 1,368,678,188 | 888,066,456 |
| Gains less losses arising from dealing in securities | 28 | 2,619,192 | 167,524,486 | 2,619,192 | 167,524,486 |
| Gains less losses arising from investment securities | 28.1 | 704,471,981 | 2,473,651 | 637,355,790 | 2,148,772 |
| Gain less losses arising from dealing in foreign currencies | 29.2 | 366,854,276 | 420,022,802 | 384,039,997 | 418,457,383 |
| Other operating income | 30 | 477,501,242 | 422,574,430 | 125,547,809 | 83,070,160 |
|  |  | 21,830,657,868 | 20,700,730,272 | 21,166,764,706 | 20,298,458,376 |
| Expenses |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest, fee and commission | 27 | 11,611,578,354 | 14,208,645,702 | 11,612,588,608 | 14,208,648,868 |
| Administrative expenses | 31-38 | 2,982,005,656 | 2,634,880,376 | 2,957,119,544 | 2,610,376,004 |
| Other operating expenses | 39, 40 | 1,041,899,278 | 880,012,025 | 1,005,847,599 | 865,428,431 |
| Depreciation on banking assets |  | 678,378,779 | 416,653,795 | 671,280,784 | 411,022,499 |
|  |  | 16,313,862,067 | 18,140,191,897 | 16,246,836,536 | 18,095,475,801 |
| Profit before provision |  | 5,516,795,801 | 2,560,538,374 | 4,919,928,170 | 2,202,982,575 |
| 26 Interest income |  |  |  |  |  |
| Term loan-industrial |  | 1,202,556,518 | 1,257,164,448 | 1,202,556,518 | 1,257,164,448 |
| Term Loan-Agricultural Loan |  | 17,519,456 | 182,807,116 | 17,519,456 | 182,807,116 |
| Term loan-consumer finance |  | 11,655,966 | 17,373,116 | 11,655,966 | 17,373,116 |
| Term Loan-Housing Finance |  | 3,191,594,256 | 2,659,855,128 | 3,191,594,256 | 2,659,855,128 |
| Term Loan-Transport loan |  | 4,141,004 | 7,491,538 | 4,141,004 | 7,491,538 |
| Term Loan-Lease finance |  | 10,691,481 | 20,715,000 | 10,691,481 | 20,715,000 |
| Term Loan-Foreign Currency (OBU) |  | 77,337,177 | 90,431,454 | 77,337,177 | 90,431,454 |
| Term loan-others |  | 4,142,654,457 | 4,095,543,084 | 4,142,654,457 | 4,095,543,084 |
| Overdrafts |  | 4,522,969,564 | 4,281,141,510 | 4,705,448,530 | 4,281,141,510 |
| Cash credit |  | 1,245,970,321 | 1,596,282,573 | 1,245,970,321 | 1,596,282,573 |
| Credit card |  | 13,460,913 | 16,376,796 | 13,460,913 | 16,376,796 |
| Demand loan |  | 461,433,014 | 640,658,530 | 461,433,014 | 640,658,530 |
| Loan general |  | 89,045,708 | 106,611,472 | 89,045,708 | 106,611,472 |
| Loan against trust receipt (LTR) |  | 279,945,823 | 491,437,331 | 279,945,823 | 491,437,331 |
| Staff loan |  | 29,223,747 | 41,066,155 | 29,223,747 | 41,066,155 |
| Overdue interest |  | 288,042,769 | 125,103,572 | 288,042,769 | 125,103,572 |
| Interest on Margin Loan |  | 356,016,769 | 18,125,285 | - | - |
| Interest income from loans and advances |  | 15,944,258,943 | 15,648,184,108 | 15,770,721,140 | 15,630,058,823 |
| Inland documentary bill purchased (IDBP) |  | 50,901,642 | 72,091,629 | 50,901,642 | 72,091,629 |
| Usance Bill Discounted (OBU) |  | 3,876,862 | 2,327,616 | 3,876,862 | 2,327,616 |
| Payment against document (cash) |  | 5,151,614 | 31,884,391 | 5,151,614 | 31,884,391 |
| Payment against document (forced) |  | 28,173,221 | 50,157,384 | 28,173,221 | 50,157,384 |
| Payment against document (EDF) |  | 150,191,958 | 171,285,809 | 150,191,958 | 171,285,809 |
| Payment against document (inland) |  | 73,111,356 | 72,646,712 | 73,111,356 | 72,646,712 |
| Payment against document (others) |  | 85,079,476 | 130,951,040 | 85,079,476 | 130,951,040 |
| Interest income from bills paid and discounted |  | 396,486,129 | 531,344,581 | 396,486,129 | 531,344,581 |
| Money at call on short notice |  | 7,035,611 | 71,760,806 | 7,035,611 | 71,760,806 |
| Balance held outside Bangladesh |  | 172,456 | 4,140,078 | 172,456 | 4,140,078 |
| Balance held inside Bangladesh |  | 1,261,164 | 13,172,239 | 1,261,164 | 13,172,239 |
|  |  | 16,349,214,303 | 16,268,601,812 | 16,175,676,500 | 16,250,476,527 |

27 Interest paid on deposits, borrowings etc.
Interest paid on deposits

| Current deposit | $3,346,640,672$ | $2,843,281,975$ | $3,347,555,597$ | $2,843,285,141$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Saving bank deposit | $436,602,329$ | $603,778,113$ | $436,602,329$ | $603,778,113$ |
| Special notice deposit | $819,680,514$ | $752,121,608$ | $819,775,844$ | $752,121,608$ |
| Fixed deposit | $5,497,233,451$ | $8,227,763,097$ | $5,497,233,451$ | $8,227,763,097$ |
| Non resident FC deposit | 92,132 | 98,287 | 92,132 | 98,287 |
| Resident FC deposit | 164,988 | 173,867 | 164,988 | 173,867 |
| Pension savings scheme | $574,363,430$ | $497,120,854$ | $574,363,430$ | $497,120,854$ |
| Monthly income scheme | $658,262,065$ | $923,289,467$ | $658,262,065$ | $923,289,467$ |
| Foreign currency deposit | 220,346 | 205,716 | 220,346 | $\mathbf{2 0 5 , 7 1 6}$ |
|  | $\mathbf{1 1 , 3 3 3 , 2 5 9 , 9 2 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 , 8 4 7 , 8 3 2 , 9 8 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 , 3 3 4 , 2 7 0 , 1 8 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 , 8 4 7 , 8 3 6 , 1 5 0}$ |


| Particulars | Note | Group |  | Bank |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1 January to 30 September 2021 | 1 January to 30 September 2020 | 1 January to 30 September 2021 | 1 January to 30 September 2020 |
| Interest paid on borrowings |  |  |  |  |  |
| Term borrowing |  | 10,379,509 | 38,547,506 | 10,379,509 | 38,547,506 |
| Repurchase agreement (repo) |  | 354,530 | - | 354,530 | - |
| Bangladesh Bank- Refinance |  | 43,845,364 | 17,618,158 | 43,845,364 | 17,618,158 |
| Payment against lease obligation |  | 79,987 | 823,818 | 79,987 | 823,818 |
| Interest on subordinated bond |  | 114,420,833 | 186,539,013 | 114,420,833 | 186,539,013 |
| Bangladesh Bank- EDF |  | 108,168,811 | 116,823,549 | 108,168,811 | 116,823,549 |
| Bangladesh Bank- LTFF Refinance |  | 1,069,392 | 460,674 | 1,069,392 | 460,674 |
|  |  | 278,318,426 | 360,812,718 | 278,318,426 | 360,812,718 |
|  |  | 11,611,578,354 | 14,208,645,702 | 11,612,588,608 | 14,208,648,868 |
| 28 Investment income |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest income |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest on Treasury bills and bonds |  | 2,176,779,071 | 2,164,520,965 | 2,176,779,071 | 2,164,520,965 |
| Interest on term placement |  | 251,989,892 | 290,693,898 | 251,989,892 | 290,693,898 |
| Interest on reverse repo |  | 2,619,192 | 167,524,486 | 2,619,192 | 167,524,486 |
| Gain/(loss) on share sale | 28.1 | 704,471,981 | 2,473,651 | 637,355,790 | 2,148,772 |
| Dividend income - local |  | 45,791,665 | 36,205,415 | 44,078,266 | 33,499,729 |
|  |  | 3,181,651,801 | 2,661,418,416 | 3,112,822,211 | 2,658,387,850 |

28.1 Gain from sale of shares of listed companies

| Gain on share sale |
| :--- |
| Less: Loss on sale of share |


| $\mathbf{7 9 2 , 0 9 9 , 1 9 5}$ | $6,183,774$ | $724,983,004$ | $5,858,896$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $(87,627,214)$ | $(3,710,123)$ | $(87,627,214)$ | $(3,710,123)$ |
| $\mathbf{7 0 4 , 4 7 1 , 9 8 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 4 7 3 , 6 5 1}$ | $\mathbf{6 3 7 , 3 5 5 , 7 9 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 1 4 8 , 7 7 2}$ |


| 29 | Commission, exchange and brokerage |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Commission | 29.1 | 1,386,058,953 | 914,125,732 | 1,368,678,188 | 888,066,456 |
|  | Exchange gain/(loss) | 29.2 | 366,854,276 | 420,022,802 | 384,039,997 | 418,457,383 |
|  | Brokerage |  | 69,377,292 | 13,987,080 | - | - |
|  |  |  | 1,822,290,522 | 1,348,135,614 | 1,752,718,186 | 1,306,523,839 |
| 29.1 | Commission |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Bills purchased (Inland) |  | 182,152 | 297,917 | 182,152 | 297,917 |
|  | Remittances (inland) |  | 3,812,504 | 3,684,703 | 3,812,504 | 3,684,703 |
|  | Remittances (foreign) |  | 2,471,686 | 1,921,874 | 2,471,686 | 1,921,874 |
|  | Letter of guarantee (LG)-local |  | 91,881,351 | 55,255,405 | 94,953,351 | 55,255,405 |
|  | Letter of credit (back to back) |  | 395,253,769 | 242,160,982 | 395,253,769 | 242,160,982 |
|  | Letter of credit (cash) |  | 166,770,262 | 88,521,090 | 166,770,262 | 88,521,090 |
|  | Letter of credit (others) |  | 78,638,249 | 72,315,287 | 78,638,249 | 72,315,287 |
|  | Wage earners development bond |  | 1,747,813 | 3,076,563 | 1,747,813 | 3,076,563 |
|  | Local documentary bills collection (LDBC) |  | 1,280,098 | 1,030,635 | 1,280,098 | 1,030,635 |
|  | Inward foreign documentary bills collection (IFDBC) |  | 166,228,705 | 85,188,069 | 166,228,705 | 85,188,069 |
|  | Foreign documentary bills collection (FDBC) |  | 984,100 | 1,184,400 | 984,100 | 1,184,400 |
|  | Foreign bills collection (FBC) |  | 57,737 | 268,315 | 57,737 | 268,315 |
|  | Add confirmation |  | 28,166,221 | 12,890,003 | 28,166,221 | 12,890,003 |
|  | Bill collection commission OBU |  | 2,400,905 | 784,004 | 2,400,905 | 784,004 |
|  | Loan origination fees |  | 102,047,789 | 72,257,352 | 102,047,789 | 72,257,352 |
|  | Service charge on accounts |  | 129,295,325 | 115,010,364 | 128,527,025 | 115,008,864 |
|  | Fees and Commission-Cards |  | 86,731,049 | 53,463,803 | 86,731,049 | 53,463,803 |
|  | Sanchaypatra |  | 20,541,346 | 94,825 | 20,541,346 | 94,825 |
|  | Foreign correspondent charges |  | 27,499,621 | 27,428,584 | 27,499,621 | 27,428,584 |
|  | Negotiation against contract |  | 22,403,350 | 17,383,708 | 22,403,350 | 17,383,708 |
|  | Rebate from foreign correspondent |  | 37,222,332 | 33,358,678 | 37,222,332 | 33,358,678 |
|  | Commission others |  | 20,442,590 | 26,549,170 | 758,125 | 491,394 |
|  |  |  | 1,386,058,953 | 914,125,732 | 1,368,678,188 | 888,066,456 |
| 29.2 | Exchange gain/(loss) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Exchange gain from revaluation of FC |  | 366,854,276 | 420,022,802 | 384,039,997 | 418,457,383 |
|  |  |  | 366,854,276 | 420,022,802 | 384,039,997 | 418,457,383 |


| Particulars | Note | Group |  | Bank |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1 January to 30 September 2021 | 1 January to 30 September 2020 | 1 January to 30 September 2021 | 1 January to 30 September 2020 |
| 30 Other operating income |  |  |  |  |  |
| Locker rent |  | 10,357,400 | 11,797,265 | 10,357,400 | 11,797,265 |
| Cheque Book charge recovery |  | 31,448,812 | 18,543,386 | 31,448,812 | 18,543,386 |
| SWIFT charges recovery |  | 12,674,457 | 11,302,956 | 12,674,457 | 11,302,956 |
| Fund transfer fee |  | 9,248,416 | 4,609,822 | 9,248,416 | 4,609,822 |
| Management fee - Foreign* |  | - | 3,185,625 | - | 3,185,625 |
| Miscellaneous earning |  | 64,959,889 | 36,816,887 | 61,818,725 | 33,631,106 |
|  |  | 128,688,973 | 86,255,941 | 125,547,809 | 83,070,160 |

* The Bank has received Management fee from NBBL under Management service/Technical Know-how fee agreement which has credited Bank's Nostro Account in 2020.

| 31 Salary and allowances |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Basic salary | 952,963,854 | 864,264,264 | 939,817,575 | 852,958,045 |
| House rent allowance | 419,988,729 | 369,712,948 | 417,790,292 | 367,471,282 |
| Conveyance allowance | 53,804,465 | 50,584,388 | 53,517,554 | 49,961,481 |
| Medical allowances | 91,031,110 | 82,855,268 | 90,546,127 | 82,366,383 |
| Entertainment allowance | 25,935,231 | 31,685,918 | 25,706,231 | 31,181,918 |
| Other allowances | 64,378,117 | 139,715,578 | 63,782,041 | 139,457,808 |
| Incentive bonus | 70,000,002 | - | 70,000,002 | - |
| Leave encashment | 10,943,202 | 5,930,118 | 10,943,202 | 5,930,118 |
| Festival bonus | 169,902,572 | 159,719,130 | 168,886,109 | 158,644,130 |
| Leave fare assistance | 73,817,365 | 74,822,747 | 73,274,365 | 74,309,747 |
| Provident fund- Bank's contribution | 75,799,822 | 79,574,257 | 75,799,822 | 79,574,257 |
| Contribution to gratuity fund | 101,000,000 | 19,000,000 | 101,000,000 | 19,000,000 |
|  | 2,109,564,468 | 1,877,864,616 | 2,091,063,320 | 1,860,855,169 |

Number of employees for the 3rd quarter ended 30 September 2021 who were paid remuneration less than Tk. 36,000 was nil (Q3 2020: nil). Total number of employees in the Bank at the 3rd quarter ended 30 September 2021 were 3,740 (Q2 2020: 2,660).

32 Rent, taxes, insurance, electricity etc.

| Rent paid | $191,104,351$ | $260,803,319$ | $189,079,103$ | $258,794,255$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Rates \& taxes | $9,207,311$ | $8,440,893$ | $9,412,889$ | $8,155,820$ |
| Insurance premium | $188,480,934$ | $155,406,459$ | $188,341,574$ | $155,306,882$ |
| Electricity \& water | $92,029,836$ | $66,829,687$ | $91,430,830$ | $66,400,706$ |
|  | $\mathbf{4 8 0 , 8 2 2 , 4 3 2}$ | $\mathbf{4 9 1 , 4 8 0 , 3 5 7}$ | $\mathbf{4 7 8 , 2 6 4 , 3 9 6}$ | $\mathbf{4 8 8 , 6 5 7 , 6 6 3}$ |

Total office rent expenses for 3rd quarter ended 30 September 2021 are Tk. 530,220,807 Due to application of IFRS 16: Leases, Tk. 344,567,005 has been distributed as depreciation (Annexure-D) and interest expense (note 40). Required withholding tax and VAT on total rental expense have been deducted and deposited accordingly. Details are disclosed in Note 2.2.1.7.

| 33 Legal expenses |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Legal expenses | 2,059,682 | 2,376,280 | 1,390,000 | 384,112 |
| Professional fees | 9,780,758 | 5,782,796 | 8,829,772 | 4,261,511 |
|  | 11,840,440 | 8,159,077 | 10,219,772 | 4,645,623 |
| 34 Postage, stamp, telecommunication etc. |  |  |  |  |
| Postage expenses | 9,956,494 | 4,286,562 | 9,946,409 | 4,282,954 |
| Telephone | 18,081,583 | 13,147,990 | 17,950,831 | 13,061,484 |
| Communication facilities | 49,206,643 | 37,256,892 | 48,922,662 | 36,964,911 |
|  | 77,244,720 | 54,691,444 | 76,819,902 | 54,309,349 |
| 35 Stationery, printing, advertisement etc. |  |  |  |  |
| Printing stationery | 1,922,662 | 2,334,273 | 1,613,953 | 2,068,679 |
| Security stationery | 12,203,948 | 3,471,933 | 12,203,948 | 3,471,933 |
| Petty stationery | 29,129,264 | 12,555,108 | 29,129,264 | 12,555,108 |
| Computer stationery | 10,970,771 | 8,663,802 | 10,970,771 | 8,663,802 |
| Advertisement and publicity | 223,161,133 | 155,040,736 | 223,161,133 | 154,992,345 |
|  | 277,387,778 | 182,065,851 | 277,079,069 | 181,751,867 |
| 36 Managing Director's salary |  |  |  |  |
| Basic salary | 12,622,500 | 11,475,000 | 12,622,500 | 11,475,000 |
| House rent allowance | 900,000 | 900,000 | 900,000 | 900,000 |
| Provident fund- Bank's contribution | 1,262,250 | 1,147,500 | 1,262,250 | 1,147,500 |
| Festival \& Performance bonus | 4,085,500 | 3,805,000 | 4,085,500 | 3,805,000 |
|  | 18,870,250 | 17,327,500 | 18,870,250 | 17,327,500 |


| Particulars |  | Note | Group |  | Bank |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1 January to 30 September 2021 | 1 January to 30 September 2020 | 1 January to 30 September 2021 | 1 January to 30 September 2020 |
| 37 Directors' fees |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Meeting attendance fees |  |  | 3,266,400 | 1,178,500 | 1,832,000 | 1,008,000 |
|  |  |  | 3,266,400 | 1,178,500 | 1,832,000 | 1,008,000 |
| Each Director is paid Tk. 8,000 for attending each meeting as per the latest BRPD Circular no. 11, dated 04 October 2015. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 38 | Auditors' fees* |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Statutory annual audit fees |  | 3,009,168 | 2,113,031 | 2,970,835 | 1,820,833 |
|  |  |  | 3,009,168 | 2,113,031 | 2,970,835 | 1,820,833 |
|  | * Audit fee is inclusive of tax and VAT. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 39 | Depreciation and repair of bank's assets |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Depreciation |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Buildings and premises |  | 35,187,516 | 35,316,408 | 35,187,516 | 35,316,408 |
|  | Right of Use Assets |  | 317,453,949 | 146,449,344 | 313,563,363 | 142,944,195 |
|  | Wooden furniture |  | 18,736,791 | 15,633,923 | 18,668,196 | 15,565,328 |
|  | Steel furniture |  | 4,736,349 | 2,936,454 | 4,736,349 | 2,936,454 |
|  | Computer equipment |  | 73,523,661 | 51,720,570 | 71,860,492 | 50,744,626 |
|  | Office equipment |  | 19,734,325 | 12,766,968 | 19,734,325 | 12,766,968 |
|  | Electrical \& gas equipment |  | 91,044,287 | 68,647,934 | 90,828,356 | 68,329,850 |
|  | Leasehold improvement |  | 37,026,761 | 22,654,849 | 35,767,046 | 22,053,152 |
|  | Vehicles |  | 12,400,478 | 15,241,858 | 12,400,478 | 15,241,858 |
|  | Soft furnishing |  | 617,410 | 585,348 | 617,410 | 585,348 |
|  | Software |  | 67,917,254 | 44,700,139 | 67,917,254 | 44,538,313 |
|  |  |  | 678,378,779 | 416,653,795 | 671,280,784 | 411,022,499 |
|  | Repairs and maintenance |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Property maintenance and repairs |  | 183,403,844 | 113,422,563 | 182,282,757 | 112,197,104 |
|  | Vehicles maintenance and repairs |  | 30,944,702 | 35,539,322 | 30,750,256 | 35,539,322 |
|  |  |  | 214,348,546 | 148,961,885 | 213,033,013 | 147,736,426 |
|  |  |  | 892,727,326 | 565,615,679 | 884,313,797 | 558,758,925 |
| 40 | Other expenses |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Entertainment |  | 17,953,260 | 20,105,109 | 17,683,076 | 19,954,515 |
|  | Petrol, oil and lubricants | 40.1 | 42,647,911 | 44,362,148 | 42,647,261 | 44,362,148 |
|  | Training and internship | 40.2 | 4,366,462 | 6,366,132 | 4,366,462 | 6,365,132 |
|  | Traveling expenses | 40.3 | 17,721,415 | 43,552,212 | 17,413,085 | 43,287,570 |
|  | Casual and contractual service | 40.4 | 276,347,999 | 202,454,268 | 276,093,983 | 202,326,956 |
|  | Loss on sales of fixed assets | 40.5 | 15,401,856 | 3,033,740 | 15,401,857 | 305,700 |
|  | Subscription and donation |  | 31,402,089 | 82,615,934 | 30,086,079 | 82,273,554 |
|  | Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) |  | 42,860,226 | 54,711,318 | 42,860,226 | 54,711,318 |
|  | Books, newspapers and magazines, etc. |  | 562,368 | 1,387,029 | 556,798 | 1,380,649 |
|  | Interest on leased assets |  | 33,147,930 | 28,337,203 | 31,003,642 | 26,300,195 |
|  | NID verification charge |  | 1,286,866 | 435,749 | 1,286,866 | 435,749 |
|  | Reward and recognition |  | 214,950 | 80,000 | 214,950 | 80,000 |
|  | Uniforms and liveries |  | 1,530 | 937,218 | 1,530 | 937,218 |
|  | AGM and EGM expense |  | 6,222,866 | 3,671,361 | 6,042,066 | 3,503,361 |
|  | Business development |  | 4,416,521 | 8,988,979 | 4,336,521 | 8,988,979 |
|  | Crockeries |  | 1,181,932 | 722,340 | 1,173,087 | 705,410 |
|  | Security services |  | 153,311,657 | 111,008,150 | 152,533,984 | 110,413,752 |
|  | Bank charges and commission |  | 16,878,144 | 10,810,337 | 5,520,486 | 5,333,800 |
|  | Recovery and sales agent |  | 3,541,445 | 32,184,753 | 3,541,445 | 32,184,753 |
|  | Visa card expense |  | 70,676,592 | 21,791,562 | 70,676,592 | 21,791,562 |
|  | Branch Charge |  | 8,914,093 | 8,538,903 | 8,914,093 | 8,538,903 |
|  | Bond \& Rights Share issue |  | 38,000,000 | 53,987 | 38,000,000 | 53,987 |
|  | Miscellaneous |  | 40,492,618 | 44,901,710 | 22,460,497 | 43,456,793 |
|  |  |  | 827,550,731 | 731,050,140 | 792,814,586 | 717,692,005 |

Expenses incurred by the Bank shown in these Financial Statements are inclusive of VAT where applicable as per Value Added Tax and Supplementary Duty Act, 2012.
40.1 Petrol, oil and lubricants

| Petrol, oil and lubricants - pool car | $14,485,555$ | $10,947,765$ | $14,484,905$ | $10,947,765$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Petrol, oil and lubricants - car purchase scheme | $28,162,356$ | $33,414,383$ | $28,162,356$ | $33,414,383$ |
|  | $42,647,911$ | $44,362,148$ | $\mathbf{4 2 , 6 4 7 , 2 6 1}$ | $\mathbf{4 4 , 3 6 2 , 1 4 8}$ |

40.2 Training and internship expense includes daily allowance and traveling allowances.
40.3 Traveling expense represents foreign and local travel which include daily allowances and traveling allowance.

| Particulars |  | Group |  | Bank |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1 January to 30 September 2021 | 1 January to 30 September 2020 | 1 January to 30 September 2021 | 1 January to 30 September 2020 |
| 40.4 Casual and contractual service |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Driver salary - car purchase scheme | 30,654,311 | 36,105,296 | 30,654,311 | 36,105,296 |
|  | DSA salary and incentive | 101,295,778 | 75,003,454 | 101,295,778 | 75,003,454 |
|  | Casual and contractual - staff | 144,397,910 | 91,345,518 | 144,143,894 | 91,218,206 |
|  |  | 276,347,999 | 202,454,268 | 276,093,983 | 202,326,956 |
| 40.5 Gain/ (loss) on sales of fix |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cost of fixed assets sold |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Wooden furniture | 2,434,147 | 5,253,139 | 2,434,147 | 961,616 |
|  | Steel furniture | 872,709 | 181,629 | 872,709 | 181,629 |
|  | Computer equipment | 18,527,473 | 2,489,833 | 18,527,473 | 2,489,833 |
|  | Office equipment | 3,285,648 | 623,899 | 3,285,648 | 623,899 |
|  | Electrical \& gas equipment | 31,079,261 | 7,006,753 | 31,079,261 | 3,845,922 |
|  | Leasehold improvement | 13,306,215 | 5,566,677 | 13,306,215 | 2,742,868 |
|  | Vehicles | 4,355,027 | - | 4,355,027 | - |
|  | Soft furnishing | 330,725 | 393,008 | 330,725 | 56,825 |
|  | Software | 13,000 | 85,333 | 13,000 | 85,333 |
|  | Non-banking assets | 225,410,120 | - | 225,410,120 | - |
|  |  | 299,614,324 | 21,600,271 | 299,614,324 | 10,987,925 |
|  | Less : Accumulated depreciation |  |  |  |  |
|  | Wooden furniture | 2,185,399 | 3,471,818 | 2,185,399 | 862,520 |
|  | Steel furniture | 596,276 | 126,807 | 596,276 | 126,807 |
|  | Computer equipment | 18,342,716 | 2,462,908 | 18,342,716 | 2,462,908 |
|  | Office equipment | 3,285,597 | 616,910 | 3,285,597 | 616,910 |
|  | Electrical \& gas equipment | 30,225,765 | 6,421,696 | 30,225,765 | 3,724,612 |
|  | Leasehold improvement | 10,912,201 | 3,915,924 | 10,912,201 | 1,810,155 |
|  | Vehicles | 4,355,022 | - | 4,355,022 | - |
|  | Soft furnishing | 325,463 | 387,476 | 325,463 | 56,821 |
|  | Software | 12,999 | 85,332 | 12,999 | 85,332 |
|  |  | 70,241,437 | 17,488,871 | 70,241,437 | 9,746,065 |
|  | Written down value | 229,372,887 | 4,111,399 | 229,372,887 | 1,241,859 |
|  | Sale proceeds of above fixed assets | 213,971,031 | 1,077,659 | 213,971,031 | 936,159 |
|  | Gain / (loss) on sales of fixed assets | $(15,401,856)$ | $(3,033,740)$ | $(15,401,856)$ | $(305,700)$ |
| 40.a Details of investment in joint ventures/associates - under equity method |  |  |  |  |  |
| i) | Nepal Bangladesh Bank Limited |  |  |  |  |
|  | Opening balance | 4,614,483,965 | 4,025,376,164 | - | - |
|  | Add/ (less): Share of post acquisition profit during the period | 331,930,681 | 319,999,774 | - | - |
|  | Add/ (less): Effect of changes in foreign currency exchange rate | $(38,616,528)$ | $(130,355,258)$ | - | - |
|  | Closing balance | 4,907,798,118 | 4,215,020,680 | - | - |
| ii) | Oman Exchange LLC |  |  |  |  |
|  | Opening balance | 157,380,003 | 133,400,738 | - | - |
|  | Add/ (less): Share of post acquisition profit/(loss) during the period | 16,881,588 | 16,318,715 | - | - |
|  | Add/ (less): Effect of changes in foreign currency exchange rate | 717,201 | $(57,356)$ | - | - |
|  | Closing balance | 174,978,792 | 149,662,096 | - | - |
| iii) | Share of post acquisition profit during the period |  |  |  |  |
|  | Nepal Bangladesh Bank Limited | 331,930,681 | 319,999,774 | - | - |
|  | Oman Exchange LLC | 16,881,588 | 16,318,715 | - | - |
|  |  | 348,812,269 | 336,318,489 | - | - |
| iv) | Investment in joint ventures/associates-under equity method |  |  |  |  |
|  | A. Book value of investment |  |  |  |  |
|  | Nepal Bangladesh Bank Limited | 2,449,235,383 | 2,433,589,228 | - | - |
|  | Oman Exchange LLC | 87,738,845 | 76,028,557 | - | - |
|  |  | 2,536,974,228 | 2,509,617,785 | - | - |
| B. Cumulative share of post acquisition profit |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Nepal Bangladesh Bank Limited | 2,458,562,736 | 1,781,431,452 | - | - |
|  | Oman Exchange LLC | 87,239,947 | 73,633,539 | - | - |
|  |  | 2,545,802,683 | 1,855,064,992 | - | - |
|  | Total (A+B) | 5,082,776,910 | 4,364,682,777 | $\bullet$ | - |


| Particulars |  | Note | Group |  | Bank |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1 January to 30 September 2021 | 1 January to 30 September 2020 | 1 January to 30 September 2021 | 1 January to 30 September 2020 |
| 41 | Provision for loans, investments and other assets |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Specific provision | 15.1 | 51,817,927 | $(210,716,273)$ | 51,817,927 | $(210,716,273)$ |
|  | General provision | 15.2 | 1,277,959,962 | 704,892,541 | 1,277,959,962 | 704,892,541 |
|  | Provision for off-shore banking unit | 15.2 | $(1,799,470)$ | $(2,340,737)$ | $(1,799,470)$ | $(2,340,737)$ |
|  | Special general provision COVID-19 | 15.3 | - | - | - | - |
|  | Provision for off-balance sheet exposure | 15.4 | 149,762,229 | $(57,830,343)$ | 149,762,229 | $(57,830,343)$ |
|  | Provision for loans and advances |  | 1,477,740,648 | 434,005,188 | 1,477,740,648 | 434,005,188 |
|  | Provision for diminution in value of investments | 15.5 | 1,185,653 | $(67,962,184)$ | 1,185,653 | $(67,962,184)$ |
|  | Other provisions | 41.1 | 16,686,622 | 47,721,338 | 16,686,622 | 47,721,338 |
|  |  |  | 1,495,612,923 | 413,764,342 | 1,495,612,923 | 413,764,342 |
| 41.1 | Other provisions |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Provision for nostro account | 15.6 | 87,747 | $(6,277)$ | 87,747 | $(6,277)$ |
|  | Provision for other assets | 15.7 | 16,598,875 | 47,727,615 | 16,598,875 | 47,727,615 |
|  |  |  | 16,686,622 | 47,721,338 | 16,686,622 | 47,721,338 |
| 42 | Provision for taxation |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Current tax |  | 1,960,011,461 | 883,754,470 | 1,888,550,000 | 880,000,000 |
|  | Deferred tax expense/(income) | 42.1 | $(77,892,270)$ | 39,914,218 | $(77,185,421)$ | 40,886,529 |
|  |  |  | 1,882,119,190 | 923,668,688 | 1,811,364,579 | 920,886,529 |
| 42.1 | Deferred tax expense/(income) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Deferred tax on provision for loans and advances (DF \& BL) | 10.5 | $(69,806,244)$ | 41,092,159 | $(69,806,244)$ | 41,092,159 |
|  | Deferred tax on fixed assets | 10.5 | $(6,801,539)$ | 5,141,919 | $(6,094,689)$ | 6,114,230 |
|  | Deferred tax on leased assets | 10.5 | $(1,284,488)$ | $(6,319,860)$ | $(1,284,488)$ | $(6,319,860)$ |
|  |  |  | $(77,892,270)$ | 39,914,218 | $(77,185,421)$ | 40,886,529 |
| 43 | Receipts from other operating activities |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Rent received |  | 10,357,400 | 11,797,265 | 10,357,400 | 11,797,265 |
|  | Other receipts |  | 118,331,573 | 74,458,676 | 115,190,409 | 71,272,895 |
|  | Capital gain/(loss) | 28.1 | 704,471,981 | 2,473,651 | 637,355,790 | 2,148,772 |
|  |  |  | 833,160,955 | 88,729,593 | 762,903,599 | 85,218,932 |
| 44 | Cash paid for other operating activities |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Postage, stamp, telecommunication etc. |  | 77,244,720 | 54,399,464 | 76,819,902 | 54,309,349 |
|  | Rent paid |  | 532,246,055 | 258,794,255 | 530,220,807 | 258,794,255 |
|  | Rates, taxes \& utilities |  | 9,207,311 | 11,536,089 | 9,412,889 | 8,155,820 |
|  | Insurance premium |  | 188,480,934 | 155,306,882 | 188,341,574 | 155,306,882 |
|  | Electricity \& water |  | 92,029,836 | 66,400,706 | 91,430,830 | 66,400,706 |
|  | Traveling expenses |  | 17,721,415 | 43,287,570 | 17,413,085 | 43,287,570 |
|  | Auditors' fees |  | 3,009,168 | 1,820,833 | 2,970,835 | 1,820,833 |
|  | Directors' fees |  | 3,266,400 | 1,178,500 | 1,832,000 | 1,008,000 |
|  | Legal expenses |  | 11,840,440 | 6,637,791 | 10,219,772 | 4,645,623 |
|  | Repairs and maintenance |  | 214,348,546 | 147,736,426 | 213,033,013 | 147,736,426 |
|  | Other expenses |  | 746,342,908 | 655,298,257 | 714,604,781 | 612,634,107 |
|  |  |  | 1,895,737,734 | 1,402,396,774 | 1,856,299,488 | 1,354,099,571 |

45 (Increase)/decrease of other assets

| Stationery and stamps | $42,564,602$ | $45,638,470$ | $42,562,124$ | $45,638,470$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Suspense account | $1,124,569,918$ | $\mathbf{1 , 1 0 5 , 3 7 7 , 2 7 8}$ | $1,112,988,358$ | $\mathbf{1 , 1 0 5 , 3 7 7 , 2 7 8}$ |
| Advance, deposit and prepayments | $805,771,926$ | $577,168,320$ | $804,222,966$ | $575,096,104$ |
| Receivable others | $176,058,596$ | $\mathbf{2 4 8 , 8 3 8 , 9 3 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 5 7 , 8 6 7 , 6 9 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 3 8 , 6 7 9 , 5 6 4}$ |
| Closing other assets | $\mathbf{2 , 1 4 8 , 9 6 5 , 0 4 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 9 7 7 , 0 2 3 , 0 0 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 1 1 7 , 6 4 1 , 1 4 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 9 6 4 , 7 9 1 , 4 1 6}$ |
| Opening other assets | $1,977,023,007$ | $\mathbf{1 , 8 3 5 , 3 4 2 , 0 9 9}$ | $1,371,440,904$ | $\mathbf{1 , 8 2 1 , 0 9 2 , 9 7 3}$ |
|  | $\mathbf{( 1 7 1 , 9 4 2 , 0 3 5 )}$ | $\mathbf{( 1 4 1 , 6 8 0 , 9 0 8 )}$ | $\mathbf{( 7 4 6 , 2 0 0 , 2 3 9 )}$ | $\mathbf{( 1 4 3 , 6 9 8 , 4 4 3 )}$ |


| Particulars |  | Note | Group |  | Bank |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1 January to 30 September 2021 | 1 January to 30 September 2020 | 1 January to 30 September 2021 | 1 January to 30 September 2020 |
| 46 Increase/(decrease) of other liabilities |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Withholding Tax payable to government |  |  | 207,572,415 | 241,150,308 | 207,472,048 | 241,150,308 |
|  | Withholding VAT payable to government |  | 92,159,748 | 78,785,140 | 92,030,946 | 78,785,140 |
|  | Excise duty payable to government |  | 12,647,646 | 13,183,207 | 12,647,646 | 13,183,207 |
|  | Dividend payable |  | - | 2,814,447 | - | 2,814,447 |
|  | Revaluation of investment abroad |  | 30,946,297 | 30,946,297 | 30,946,297 | 30,946,297 |
|  | Payable against Govt Bond \& Sanchaypatra |  | 99,747,332 | 152,022,993 | 99,747,332 | 152,022,993 |
|  | Others |  | 197,095,175 | 178,921,845 | 196,892,695 | 152,183,950 |
|  | Closing other liabilities |  | 640,168,613 | 697,824,237 | 639,736,964 | 671,086,342 |
|  | Opening other liabilities |  | 1,183,801,787 | 863,523,887 | 1,078,168,240 | 827,498,078 |
|  |  |  | $(543,633,174)$ | $(165,699,650)$ | $(438,431,276)$ | (156,411,736) |
| 47 | Cash and cash equivalents |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Cash in hand |  | 5,418,380,906 | 3,851,984,084 | 5,418,148,996 | 3,847,302,610 |
|  | Balance with Bangladesh Bank and its agent Bank (s) |  | 15,681,491,634 | 14,093,353,548 | 15,681,491,634 | 14,093,353,548 |
|  | Balance with other banks and financial Institutions |  | 5,987,461,188 | 6,596,441,575 | 6,773,566,850 | 6,524,181,279 |
|  | Money at call and on short notice |  | 4,300,000,000 | 2,740,000,000 | 4,300,000,000 | 2,740,000,000 |
|  | Prize Bonds |  | 3,897,100 | 3,010,900 | 3,897,100 | 3,010,900 |
|  |  |  | 31,391,230,828 | 27,284,790,107 | 32,177,104,580 | 27,207,848,337 |
| 48 | Reconciliation of statement of cash flows from operating activities |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Profit before provision |  |  |  | 4,919,928,170 | 2,202,982,575 |
|  | Adjustment for non cash items |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Depreciation on fixed asset |  |  |  | 603,363,530 | 366,484,186 |
|  | Amortization on software |  |  |  | 67,917,254 | 44,538,313 |
|  | Adjustment with non-operating activities |  |  |  | 671,280,784 | 411,022,499 |
|  | Recovery of written off loans |  |  |  | 134,470,143 | 65,799,320 |
|  | Interest receivable |  |  |  | $(150,245,825)$ | $(262,564,099)$ |
|  | Interest payable on deposits |  |  |  | 261,668,576 | 115,994,895 |
|  | Exchange gain from revaluation of FC |  |  |  | $(384,039,997)$ | $(418,457,383)$ |
|  | Rent paid - lease adjustment |  |  |  | $(341,141,704)$ | - |
|  | Accrued Expense |  |  |  | 157,781,829 | 66,834,065 |
|  | Interest on leased assets |  |  |  | 31,003,642 | 26,300,195 |
|  |  |  |  |  | $(290,503,336)$ | $(406,093,006)$ |
|  | Changes in operating assets and liabilities |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Changes in loans \& advances |  |  |  | $(31,422,390,620)$ | $(21,285,405,117)$ |
|  | Changes in deposit and other accounts |  |  |  | 30,176,066,847 | 24,764,193,356 |
|  | Changes in other assets |  |  |  | $(746,200,239)$ | $(143,698,443)$ |
|  | Changes in other liabilities |  |  |  | $(438,431,276)$ | (156,411,736) |
|  |  |  |  |  | $(2,430,955,287)$ | 3,178,678,060 |
|  | Income tax paid |  |  |  | (1,417,013,935) | (895,508,754) |
|  | Net cash flows from/(used in) operating activities |  |  |  | 1,452,736,396 | 4,491,081,373 |
| 49 | Number of ordinary shares outstanding |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Balance at the beginning of the period |  | 1,619,873,868 | 1,472,612,608 | 1,619,873,868 | 1,472,612,608 |
|  | Add: Bonus share issued |  | 80,993,693 | 147,261,260 | 80,993,693 | 147,261,260 |
|  |  |  | 1,700,867,561 | 1,619,873,868 | 1,700,867,561 | 1,619,873,868 |
| 50 | Earnings Per Share (EPS)* |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Net profit after tax |  | 2,139,062,973 | 1,223,105,341 | 1,612,950,668 | 868,331,704 |
|  | Number of ordinary shares outstanding |  | 1,700,867,561 | 1,700,867,561 | 1,700,867,561 | 1,700,867,561 |
|  | Earning Per Share (EPS) |  | 1.26 | 0.72 | 0.95 | 0.51 |

The consolidated and separate EPS of the Bank as of Q3 Y2021 is higher compared to Q3 Y2020 due to higher level of Net Interest Income, Investment Income and Fee based income.
51 Net Operating Cash Flow per Share*

| Net cash flows from operating activities | $\mathbf{1 , 6 1 8 , 3 8 4 , 7 8 7}$ | $4,549,170,468$ | $\mathbf{1 , 4 5 2 , 7 3 6 , 3 9 6}$ | $4,491,081,373$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Number of ordinary shares outstanding in respective periods | $1,700,867,561$ | $1,700,867,561$ | $1,700,867,561$ | $\mathbf{1 , 7 0 0 , 8 6 7 , 5 6 1}$ |
| Net Operating Cash Flow per Share | $\mathbf{0 . 9 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 . 6 7}$ | $\mathbf{0 . 8 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 . 6 4}$ |

The consolidated and separate NOCFPS of the Bank as of Q3 Y2021 is lower compared to Q3 Y2020 due to lower level of deposits growth than lending growth.
52 Net Asset Value (NAV) per Share*

| Net assets value at the end of the period | $29,861,120,917$ | $27,678,105,215$ | $26,765,877,248$ | $25,507,228,260$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Number of ordinary shares outstanding in respective periods | $1,700,867,561$ | $1,700,867,561$ | $1,700,867,561$ | $1,700,867,561$ |
| Net Asset Value (NAV) per Share | $\mathbf{1 7 . 5 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 6 . 2 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 5 . 7 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 5 . 0 0}$ |

* Previous period's figure has been restated.


## Balance with other Banks and Financial Institutions-Outside Bangladesh

as at 30 September 2021

| Name of the Bank and Financial Institutions | Account type | Currency type | 30 September 2021 |  |  | 31 December 2020 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | FC amount | Conversion rate | Equivalent BDT | FC amount | Conversion rate | Equivalent BDT |
| AB Bank Ltd., Mumbai | CD | USD | 809,289 | 85.50 | 69,194,240 | 395,913 | 84.80 | 33,573,878 |
| Amana Bank, Sri Lanka | CD | USD | 41,325 | 85.50 | 3,533,314 | 11,790 | 84.80 | 999,805 |
| Bank of Bhutan, Phuentosoling | CD | USD | 77,927 | 85.50 | 6,662,729 | 77,927 | 84.80 | 6,608,266 |
| Citi Bank N.A. New York | CD | USD | 2,029,548 | 85.50 | 173,526,376 | 1,290,776 | 84.80 | 109,459,226 |
| Commerz Bank AG, Frankfurt | CD | USD | 784,976 | 85.50 | 67,115,444 | 870,894 | 84.80 | 73,852,764 |
| Commerz Bank AG, Frankfurt | CD | EUR | 201,667 | 99.15 | 19,996,194 | 259,390 | 103.87 | 26,943,552 |
| Habib Bank, New York | CD | USD | 925,462 | 85.50 | 79,127,033 | 642,042 | 84.80 | 54,445,833 |
| Habib Bank AG, Zurich | CD | CHF | 72,458 | 91.45 | 6,626,165 | 16,161 | 95.87 | 1,549,398 |
| ICIC Bank Ltd., India | CD | USD | 834,676 | 85.50 | 71,364,810 | 777,170 | 84.80 | 65,904,870 |
| J.P. Morgan Chase Bank AG, Frankfurt | CD | EUR | 30,297 | 99.15 | 3,004,048 | 27,150 | 103.87 | 2,820,185 |
| J.P. Morgan Chase Bank, New York | CD | USD | 2,008,241 | 85.50 | 293,001,171 | 3,139,002 | 84.80 | 266,190,838 |
| J.P. Morgan Chase Bank, Sydney | CD | AUD | 39,818 | 61.37 | 2,443,542 | 60,073 | 64.50 | 3,874,664 |
| Mashreq Bank, PSC, India | $C D$ | USD | 334,677 | 85.50 | 28,614,844 | 323,691 | 84.80 | 27,449,330 |
| Masreq Bank PSC, New York | CD | USD | 1,823,390 | 85.50 | 155,899,842 | 1,283,113 | 84.80 | 108,809,368 |
| MCB Bank Ltd, Pakistan | $C D$ | USD | 115,393 | 85.50 | 9,866,119 | 149,715 | 84.80 | 12,696,015 |
| Nations Trust Bank Ltd., Colombo | $C D$ | USD | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Nepal Bangladesh Bank Ltd., Nepal | $C D$ | USD | 227,696 | 85.50 | 19,467,990 | 198,346 | 84.80 | 16,819,930 |
| Sonali Bank Limited, Kolkata | $C D$ | USD | 139,264 | 85.50 | 11,907,040 | 152,559 | 84.80 | 12,937,139 |
| Standard Chartered Bank, New York | $C D$ | USD | 6,812,125 | 85.50 | 582,436,727 | 4,900,230 | 84.80 | 415,544,859 |
| Standard Chartered Bank, Kolkata | $C D$ | USD | 109,398 | 85.50 | 9,353,508 | 645,508 | 84.80 | 54,739,795 |
| Standard Chartered Bank, London | $C D$ | GBP | 334,079 | 114.80 | 38,351,138 | 140,208 | 114.49 | 16,053,022 |
| Standard Chartered Bank, London | $C D$ | USD | 122,970 | 85.50 | 10,513,927 | 122,970 | 84.80 | 10,427,984 |
| Standard Chartered Bank, Tokyo | $C D$ | JPY | 16,572,671 | 0.76 | 12,654,892 | 14,114,314 | 0.82 | 11,555,389 |
| Wells Fargo Bank, New York | $C D$ | USD | 2,103,539 | 85.50 | 179,852,614 | 592,745 | 84.80 | 50,265,436 |
| Total |  |  | 36,550,886 |  | 1,854,513,708 | 30,191,685 |  | 1,383,521,546 |


| Name of the Company | Face value | No. of share | Cost/share | Cost price | Mkt or NAV price/share | Total value | Gain/(loss) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Unquoted shares |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Karma Sangsthan Bank | 100 | 200,000 | 100.00 | 20,000,000 | 116.11 | 23,221,703 | 3,221,703 |
| Central Depository Bangladesh Limited | 10 | 2,284,722 | 10.00 | 22,847,220 | 34.69 | 79,250,463 | 56,403,243 |
|  |  |  |  | 42,847,220 |  | 102,472,166 | 59,624,946 |
| Quoted shares |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under General/own Fund |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bangladesh Submarine Cable | 10 | 50,000 | 187.04 | 9,351,870 | 218.50 | 10,925,000 | 1,573,130 |
| Beximco Limited | 10 | 8,265,000 | 65.23 | 539,131,594 | 137.20 | 1,133,958,000 | 594,826,406 |
| Beximco Pharmaceuticals Limited | 10 | 3,040,600 | 105.26 | 320,041,062 | 240.30 | 730,656,180 | 410,615,118 |
| Brac Bank Limite | 10 | 57,434 | 47.46 | 2,725,622 | 47.60 | 2,733,858 | 8,236 |
| British American Tobacco Bangladesh Company Limiti | 10 | 15,000 | 463.26 | 6,948,852 | 651.00 | 9,765,000 | 2,816,148 |
| Energypac Power Generation Limited | 10 | 619,500 | 41.90 | 25,960,000 | 53.10 | 32,895,450 | 6,935,450 |
| Fareast Life Insurance Limited | 10 | 979,224 | 125.11 | 122,511,641 | 68.30 | 66,880,999 | $(55,630,641)$ |
| Grameenphone Limited | 10 | 25,000 | 367.69 | 9,192,230 | 380.20 | 9,505,000 | 312,770 |
| IDLC Finance Limited | 10 | 520,000 | 77.86 | 40,487,941 | 73.10 | 38,012,000 | $(2,475,941)$ |
| LafargeHolcim Bangladesh Limited | 10 | 75,000 | 79.24 | 5,943,233 | 92.40 | 6,930,000 | 986,768 |
| National Housing Finance \& Investment Limited | 10 | 5,288,910 | 7.38 | 39,010,000 | 81.50 | 431,046,165 | 392,036,165 |
| Power Grid Company Limited | 10 | 200,000 | 69.13 | 13,825,061 | 63.10 | 12,620,000 | $(1,205,061)$ |
| Reliance Insurance Ltd. | 10 | 70,000 | 106.30 | 7,440,958 | 96.10 | 6,727,000 | $(713,958)$ |
| Square Pharmaceuticals Limited | 10 | 174,025 | 210.18 | 36,576,615 | 242.20 | 42,148,855 | 5,572,240 |
| Summit Power Limited | 10 | 208,545 | 49.92 | 10,411,536 | 47.70 | 9,947,597 | $(463,940)$ |
| TITAS Gas Transmission and Distribution Limited | 10 | 1,665,760 | 76.60 | 127,592,706 | 44.10 | 73,460,016 | $(54,132,690)$ |
| Unique Hotel and Resorts Limited | 10 | 200,000 | 105.15 | 21,029,385 | 62.80 | 12,560,000 | $(8,469,385)$ |
| Walton Hi-Tech Industries Limited | 10 | 11,000 | 1,376.49 | 15,141,398 | 1,276.10 | 14,037,100 | $(1,104,298)$ |
| Total |  |  |  | 1,353,321,702 |  | 2,644,808,220 | 1,291,486,518 |
| Under Special Fund as per BB DOS Circular number 1, dated 10 February 2020 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Beximco Pharmaceuticals Limited | 10 | 7,371,650 | 106.05 | 781,737,625 | 240.30 | 1,771,407,495 | 989,669,870 |
| Total |  |  |  | 781,737,625 |  | 1,771,407,495 | 989,669,870 |
| Mutual funds |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| IFIC Bank $1^{\text {st }}$ Mutual Fund | 10 | 37,951,655 | 6.59 | 250,000,000 | 9.75 | 370,009,660 | 120,009,660 |
| ICB Employee $1^{\text {st }}$ Mutual Fund | 10 | 1,339,500 | 13.43 | 17,986,473 | 9.15 | 12,262,453 | $(5,724,020)$ |
|  |  |  |  | 267,986,473 |  | 382,272,113 | 114,285,641 |

Foreign Investment: In associate/joint venture

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Nepal Bangladesh Bank Limited | $36,827,426$ | 66.51 | $2,449,235,383$ | 334.65 | $\mathbf{1 2 , 3 2 4 , 3 1 2 , 6 9 5}$ |
| Oman Exchange LLC | 627,841 | 139.75 | $87,738,845$ | 254.43 | $159,741,427$ |
|  |  |  | $\mathbf{2 , 5 3 6 , 9 7 4 , 2 2 8}$ | $72,002,582$ |  |
| Other foreign Investment: MCB Bank Limited, Pakistan | 175,508 | $\mathbf{2 , 0 6 9 . 2 5}$ | $\mathbf{3 6 3 , 1 7 0 , 7 2 4}$ | $\mathbf{7 5 . 4 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 , 4 8 4 , 0 5 4 , 1 2 2}$ |
| 9,947,079,894 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total foreign investment |  |  | $\mathbf{2 , 9 0 0 , 1 4 4 , 9 5 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 , 2 3 3 , 3 3 0}$ | $(349,937,394)$ |


| Required provision for investment in shares |  |  | Amount in BDT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Particulars | Cost price | Market value | Req. Provision |
| Unquoted shares ${ }^{1}$ | 42,847,220 | 102,472,166 |  |
| Quoted- own/general Fund ${ }^{2}$ | 1,353,321,702 | 2,644,808,220 | - |
| Quoted- under special fund ${ }^{2}$ | 781,737,625 | 1,771,407,495 | - |
| Mutual funds ${ }^{3}$ | 267,986,473 | 382,272,113 | 5,724,020 |
| Sub-total | 2,445,893,020 | 4,900,959,994 | 5,724,020 |
| Foreign Investment: In associate/joint venture | 2,536,974,228 | 12,484,054,122 | - |
| Other foreign investment-MCB Bank Ltd. | 363,170,724 | 13,233,330 | 349,937,394 |
| Grand Total | 5,346,037,972 | 17,398,247,446 | 355,661,414 |

${ }^{1}$ Provision is kept against unrealized loss for investment in unquoted shares.
${ }^{2}$ Provision against quoted- own/general Fund has been made following DOS circular no. 4 dated 24 November 2011
${ }^{3}$ Provision against Mutul Fund made in line with the directives contained in Bangladesh Bank DOS Circular number 03 and 10 dated 12 March and 28 June 2015 respectively. Calculation as under:

| Name of the Company | No. of share | Cost/Share | NAV/share | NAV x 85\% | MV/share | $\begin{gathered} \text { Higher of } C \\ \& D \end{gathered}$ | (NAVx85\%) -CP | Required Provision |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A | B |  | C | D | E | $\mathrm{F}=(\mathrm{E}-\mathrm{B})$ | $\mathrm{G}=(\mathrm{A} \times \mathrm{F})$ |
| IFIC Bank ${ }^{1{ }^{\text {st }} \text { MF }}$ | 37,951,655 | 6.59 | 11.47 | 9.75 | 6.20 | 9.75 | - | - |
| ICB EP $1^{\text {st }} \mathrm{MF}$ | 1,339,500 | 13.43 | 10.77 | 9.15 | 7.70 | 9.15 | (4.27) | $(5,724,020)$ |
| Total provision required |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $(5,724,020)$ |

Loans and advances allowed to each customer exceeding 10\% of Bank's total capital as at 30 September 2021

BDT in million


| SI. | Name of the group | Name of clients | Outstanding as on 30 September 2021 |  |  | Amount classified |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Funded | Non-funded | Total |  |
| 12 | Islam | Islam Knit Designs Ltd. | 129.20 | 84.20 | 213.40 | - |
|  |  | Euro Jeans Ltd. | 43.80 | - | 43.80 | - |
|  |  | Sub Total: | 2,670.40 | 2,101.20 | 4,771.60 | - |
| 13 |  | Northstone Construction \& Engineering Ltd. | 4,716.73 | - | 4,716.73 | - |
|  |  | Sub Total: | 4,716.73 | - | 4,716.73 | - |
| 14 |  | Absolute Construction \& Engineering Ltd. | 4,705.10 | - | 4,705.10 | - |
|  |  | Sub Total: | 4,705.10 | - | 4,705.10 | - |
| 15 |  | Global LPG Ltd. | 4,648.14 | - | 4,648.14 | - |
|  |  | Sub Total: | 4,648.14 | - | 4,648.14 | - |
| 16 | Teambuild | Teambuild Construction \& Engineering Ltd. | 4,628.43 | - | 4,628.43 | - |
|  |  | Sub Total: | 4,628.43 | - | 4,628.43 | - |
| 17 |  | Serve Construction \& Engineering Ltd. | 4,627.60 | - | 4,627.60 | - |
|  |  | Sub Total: | 4,627.60 | - | 4,627.60 | - |
| 18 |  | Sristi Real Estate Ltd. | 4,627.49 | - | 4,627.49 | - |
|  |  | Sub Total: | 4,627.49 | - | 4,627.49 | - |
| 19 | Navana | Navana Ltd. | 548.28 | 701.10 | 1,249.38 | - |
|  |  | Navana Real Estate Ltd. | 2,931.00 | - | 2,931.00 | - |
|  |  | Navana Interlinks Ltd. | 146.69 | 60.70 | 207.39 | - |
|  |  | Navana Electronics Ltd. | 110.99 | 8.40 | 119.39 | - |
|  |  | Sub Total: | 3,736.97 | 770.20 | 4,507.17 | - |
| 20 |  | Central Land \& Buildings Ltd. | 4,386.39 | - | 4,386.39 | - |
|  |  | Sub Total: | 4,386.39 | - | 4,386.39 | - |
| 21 | Sikder | Powerpac Mutiara Keraniganj Ltd. | 2,230.91 | - | 2,230.91 | - |
|  |  | R \& R Holdings Ltd. | 2,113.95 | - | 2,113.95 | - |
|  |  | Sub Total: | 4,344.86 | - | 4,344.86 | - |
| 22 |  | Quick Real Estate Ltd. | 4,279.12 | - | 4,279.12 | - |
|  |  | Sub Total: | 4,279.12 | - | 4,279.12 | - |
| 23 |  | Raj Housing Ltd. | 4,211.23 | - | 4,211.23 | - |
|  |  | Sub Total: | 4,211.23 | - | 4,211.23 | $\bullet$ |
| 24 |  | Wisdom Attires Ltd. | 3,917.30 | 285.40 | 4,202.70 | - |
|  |  | Sub Total: | 3,917.30 | 285.40 | 4,202.70 | - |
| 25 | Phonix | Appollo Ispat Complex Ltd. | 4,039.10 | 118.60 | 4,157.70 | - |
|  |  | Sub Total: | 4,039.10 | 118.60 | 4,157.70 | - |
| 26 |  | Vestel Cable TV Networks | 3,931.40 | - | 3,931.40 | - |
|  |  | Sub Total: | 3,931.40 | - | 3,931.40 | - |
| 27 |  | Crystal Construction Ltd. | 3,909.94 | - | 3,909.94 | - |
|  |  | Sub Total: | 3,909.94 | - | 3,909.94 | - |
|  |  | Grand Total: | 109,944.60 | 26,175.30 | 136,119.90 | $\cdot$ |


| Particulars | Cost |  |  |  |  | Depreciation/Amortization |  |  |  | Written down value as at 30 September 2021 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Balance as at 1 January 2021 | Addition during the year | Transfer from CWIP | Disposal during the year | Balance as at 30 <br> September 2021 | Balance as at 1 January 2021 | Charged during the year | Disposal during the year | Balance as at 30 September 2021 |  |
| Land | 2,423,609,559 | - | - | - | 2,423,609,559 | - | - | - | - | 2,423,609,559 |
| Buildings and premises | 1,902,617,204 | - | - | - | 1,902,617,204 | 422,008,536 | 35,187,516 | - | 457,196,052 | 1,445,421,152 |
| Right of Use Assets | 1,938,582,527 | - | - | - | 1,938,582,527 | 584,125,725 | 313,563,363 | - | 897,689,087 | 1,040,893,440 |
| Wooden furniture | 287,581,539 | 36,654,184 | - | 2,434,147 | 321,801,576 | 147,092,121 | 18,668,196 | 2,185,399 | 163,574,918 | 158,226,658 |
| Steel furniture | 111,193,993 | 22,991,147 | - | 872,709 | 133,312,431 | 49,804,274 | 4,736,349 | 596,276 | 53,944,347 | 79,368,084 |
| Computer equipment | 1,049,746,984 | 88,888,743 | 29,031,300 | 18,527,473 | 1,149,139,554 | 743,955,942 | 71,860,492 | 18,342,716 | 797,473,718 | 351,665,836 |
| Electrical \& gas equipment | 1,085,482,116 | 187,431,781 | 29,825,582 | 31,079,261 | 1,271,660,218 | 562,544,470 | 90,828,356 | 30,225,765 | 623,147,061 | 648,513,157 |
| Office equipment | 290,404,959 | 57,598,524 | - | 3,285,648 | 344,717,835 | 219,524,399 | 19,734,325 | 3,285,597 | 235,973,127 | 108,744,708 |
| Leasehold improvement | 508,637,207 | 140,547,443 | 43,274,460 | 13,306,215 | 679,152,895 | 208,944,409 | 35,767,046 | 10,912,201 | 233,799,255 | 445,353,640 |
| Vehicles | 212,708,501 | - | - | 4,355,027 | 208,353,474 | 171,833,744 | 12,400,478 | 4,355,022 | 179,879,201 | 28,474,273 |
| Soft furnishing | 12,960,055 | 490,589 | - | 330,725 | 13,119,919 | 11,745,436 | 617,410 | 325,463 | 12,037,382 | 1,082,537 |
| Software | 1,107,209,905 | 8,500,942 | 2,413,320 | 13,000 | 1,118,111,167 | 402,183,786 | 67,917,254 | 12,999 | 470,088,041 | 648,023,126 |
|  | 10,930,734,549 | 543,103,352 | 104,544,662 | 74,204,204 | 11,504,178,359 | 3,523,762,842 | 671,280,784 | 70,241,437 | 4,124,802,189 | 7,379,376,170 |
| Capital work in progress* | 88,200,413 | 187,695,625 | $(104,544,662)$ |  | 171,351,376 | - | - | - | - | 171,351,376 |
| Total | 11,018,934,962 | 730,798,977 | - | 74,204,204 | 11,675,529,735 | 3,523,762,842 | 671,280,784 | 70,241,437 | 4,124,802,189 | 7,550,727,546 |
| * Capital work in progress represents the amount paid for EKYC Solution, Computers, Router and Fusion Banking Essence. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Particulars | Cost |  |  |  |  | Depreciation/Amortization |  |  |  | Written down value as at 31 December 2020 |
|  | Balance as at 1 January 2020 | Addition during the year | ransfer from CWIP | Disposal during the year | Balance as at 31 <br> December 2020 | Balance as at 1 January 2020 | Charged during the year | Disposal during the year | $\begin{gathered} \text { Balance as at } \\ 31 \text { December } \\ 2020 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Land | 2,423,609,559 | - | - | - | 2,423,609,559 | - | - | - | - | 2,423,609,559 |
| Buildings and premises | 1,902,617,204 | - | - | - | 1,902,617,204 | 374,834,064 | 47,174,472 | - | 422,008,536 | 1,480,608,668 |
| Right of Use Assets | 951,944,753 | 1,045,628,181 | - | 58,990,406 | 1,938,582,527 | 134,709,167 | 454,886,479 | 5,469,921 | 584,125,725 | 1,354,456,803 |
| Wooden furniture | 254,570,346 | 38,998,932 | - | 5,987,739 | 287,581,539 | 131,702,993 | 21,075,551 | 5,686,424 | 147,092,121 | 140,489,418 |
| Steel furniture | 77,057,552 | 25,087,869 | 10,125,000 | 1,076,428 | 111,193,993 | 46,253,874 | 4,127,431 | 577,031 | 49,804,274 | 61,389,719 |
| Computer equipment | 863,236,002 | 77,513,866 | 117,214,225 | 8,217,109 | 1,049,746,984 | 680,401,945 | 71,735,012 | 8,181,015 | 743,955,942 | 305,791,043 |
| Electrical \& gas equipment | 902,371,888 | 197,864,907 | - | 14,754,679 | 1,085,482,116 | 483,273,963 | 93,429,031 | 14,158,524 | 562,544,470 | 522,937,646 |
| Office equipment | 242,661,330 | 51,323,052 | - | 3,579,423 | 290,404,959 | 204,996,742 | 18,099,158 | 3,571,502 | 219,524,399 | 70,880,560 |
| Leasehold improvement | 329,274,712 | 173,277,081 | 17,061,674 | 10,976,260 | 508,637,207 | 186,421,607 | 30,567,987 | 8,045,185 | 208,944,409 | 299,692,798 |
| Vehicles | 147,985,565 | 17,122,936 | - | - | 165,108,501 | 115,581,655 | 11,833,728 | - | 127,415,383 | 37,693,118 |
| Leased vehicles | 47,600,000 | - | - |  | 47,600,000 | 35,598,988 | 8,819,373 | - | 44,418,361 | 3,181,639 |
| Soft furnishing | 12,646,335 | 802,092 | - | 488,372 | 12,960,055 | 11,438,534 | 795,240 | 488,338 | 11,745,436 | 1,214,619 |
| Software | 693,375,354 | 33,888,255 | 380,261,630 | 315,333 | 1,107,209,905 | 339,695,937 | 62,803,177 | 315,327 | 402,183,786 | 705,026,119 |
|  | 8,848,950,600 | 1,661,507,171 | 524,662,529 | 104,385,750 | 10,930,734,550 | 2,744,909,469 | 825,346,640 | 46,493,267 | 3,523,762,842 | 7,406,971,708 |
| Capital work in progress* | 297,219,437 | 315,643,505 | (524,662,529) | - | 88,200,413 | - | - | - | - | 88,200,413 |
| Total | 9,146,170,037 | 1,977,150,676 | - | 104,385,750 | 11,018,934,962 | 2,744,909,469 | 825,346,640 | 46,493,267 | 3,523,762,842 | 7,495,172,120 |

Solo Basis
as at 30 September 2021
1.0 Risk Weighted Assets for Credit Risk Balance Sheet Exposures

BDT in Million

| SI. | Exposure Type | Rating | Risk Weight | Exposure | RWA |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | $6=(4 \times 5)$ |
|  | Cash |  | 0 | 5,418.15 | - |
|  | Claims on Bangladesh Government (other than PSEs) and Bangladesh Bank |  | 0 | 62,597.67 | - |
|  | Claims on other Sovereigns \& Central Banks |  | 0.5 | - | - |
| Claims on Bank for International Settlements, <br> d. International Monetary Fund and European Central Bank |  |  | 0 | - | - |
| e. Claims on Multilateral Development Banks (MDBs): |  |  |  | - |  |
|  | i) IBRD, IFC, ADB, EBRD, IADB, EIB, EIF, NIB, CDB, IDB, CEDB |  | 0 | - | - |
| ii) Others MDBs |  | 1 | 0.20 | - | - |
|  |  | 2,3 | 0.50 | - | - |
|  |  | 4,5 | 1.00 | - | - |
|  |  | 6 | 1.50 | - | - |
|  |  | Unrated | 0.50 | - | - |
| f. Claims on Public Sector Entities (other than Government) in Bangladesh |  | 1 | 0.20 | - | - |
|  |  | 2,3 | 0.50 | - | - |
|  |  | 4,5 | 1.00 | - | - |
|  |  | 6 | 1.50 | - | - |
|  |  | Unrated | 0.50 | 20.00 | 10.00 |
|  | Claims on Banks and NBFIs |  |  | - |  |
|  | i) Maturity over 3 months | 1 | 0.20 | 395.53 | 79.11 |
|  |  | 2,3 | 0.50 | 63.36 | 31.68 |
|  |  | 4,5 | 1.00 | 3.43 | 3.43 |
|  |  | 6 | 1.50 | - | - |
|  |  | Unrated | 1.00 | 51.10 | 51.10 |
|  | ii) Maturity less than 3 months |  | 0.20 | 11,732.66 | 2,346.53 |
| h. Claims on Corporate (excluding equity exposure) |  | 1 | 0.20 | 13,929.24 | 2,785.85 |
|  |  | 2 | 0.50 | 24,262.32 | 12,131.16 |
|  |  | 3,4 | 1.00 | 82,716.41 | 82,716.41 |
|  |  | 5,6 | 1.50 | - | - |
|  |  | Unrated | 1.25 | 20,086.44 | 25,108.05 |
| h (1) Claims on SME |  | SME 1 | 0.20 | 199.52 | 39.90 |
|  |  | SME 2 | 0.40 | 277.98 | 111.19 |
|  |  | SME 3 | 0.60 | 2,080.81 | 1,248.48 |
|  |  | SME 4 | 0.80 | 1,188.89 | 951.11 |
|  |  | SME 5 | 1.20 | - | - |
|  |  | SME 6 | 1.50 | - | - |
|  |  | Unrated (small enterprise \& <BDT 3m) | 0.75 | 2,115.14 | 1,586.36 |
|  |  | Unrated (small enterprise having $\geq$ BDT 3m\&Medium enterprise) | 1.00 | 10,694.65 | 10,694.65 |


| SI. | Exposure Type | Rating | Risk Weight | Exposure | RWA |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| i. | Claims under Credit Risk Mitigation | PSE |  | - | - |
|  |  | Banks \& NBFls |  | - | - |
|  |  | Corporate |  | 6,001.30 | 3,340.87 |
|  |  | Retail |  | 444.33 | 23.69 |
|  |  | SME |  | 684.52 | 58.20 |
|  |  | Consumer finance |  | 1,523.51 | 138.55 |
|  |  | Residential property |  | 46.32 | 13.91 |
|  |  | Commercial real estate |  | 73.35 | 71.35 |
| Claims categorized as retail portfolio (excluding SME, Consumer Finance and Staff loan) up to 1 crore |  |  | 0.75 | 1,337.80 | 1,003.35 |
| k. Consumer finance |  |  | 1.00 | 1,943.85 | 1,943.85 |
| I. Claims fully secured by residential property |  |  | 0.50 | 68,673.12 | 34,336.56 |
| m. Claims fully secured by Commercial real estate |  |  | 1.00 | 37,331.00 | 37,331.00 |
| 1. Past Due Claims that is past due for 60 days or more (Risk weights are to be assigned net of specific provision): |  |  |  | - |  |
| i) Where specific provisions are less than 20 percent of the outstanding amount of the past due claim |  |  | 1.50 | 6,499.09 | 9,748.64 |
| ii) Where specific provisions are no less than 20 percent of the outstanding amount of the past due claim |  |  | 1.00 | 1,896.56 | 1,896.56 |
| iii) Where specific provisions are more than 50 percent of the outstanding amount of the past due claim |  |  | 0.50 | 398.94 | 199.47 |
| 2. Claims fully secured against residential property that are past due for more than 60 days and/or impaired and specific provision held there-against is less than $20 \%$ of outstanding amount |  |  | 1.00 | 741.38 | 741.38 |
| 3. Loans and claims fully secured against residential property that are past due for more than 60 days and/or impaired and specific provision held there-against is no less than $20 \%$ of outstanding amount |  |  | 0.75 | 42.24 | 31.68 |
| o. Capital Market Exposure |  |  | 1.25 | - | - |
| Investment in equity and other regulatory capital instruments issued by other banks <br> p. and merchant Banks/Brokerage Houses/Exchange Houses which are not listed in the Stock Exchanges (other than those deducted from capital) held in banking book |  |  | 1.25 | 110.59 | 138.23 |
| q. Investments in venture capital |  |  | 1.50 | - | - |
| r. Investments in premises, plant and equipment and all other fixed assets |  |  | 1.00 | 7,550.73 | 7,550.73 |
| s. Claims on all fixed assets under operating lease |  |  | 1.00 | 170.95 | 170.95 |
| t. All other assets |  |  |  | - | - |
| i) Claims on GoB \& BB |  |  | 0.00 | 9,271.60 | - |
| ii) Staff loan/Investment |  |  | 0.20 | 1,100.63 | 220.13 |
| iii) Cash items in Process of Collection |  |  | 0.20 | - | - |
| iv) Claims on Off-shore Banking Units (OBU) |  |  | 1.00 | 2,114.76 | 2,114.76 |
| v) Other assets (net off specific provision, if any) |  |  | 1.00 | 6,937.33 | 6,937.33 |
| Sub-Total |  |  |  | 392,727.19 | 247,906.19 |


| $\begin{aligned} & \text { SI. } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | Exposure Type | BB's Rating Grade* | Risk Weight | Exposure | RWA |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | $6=(4 \times 5)$ |
| a) | Claims on Bangladesh Government and Bangladesh Bank |  | 0 |  |  |
| b) | Claims on other Sovereigns \& Central Banks* |  |  |  |  |
| c) | Claims on Bank for International Settlements, International Monetary Fund and European Central Bank |  | 0 |  |  |
| d) | Claims on Multilateral Development Banks (MDBs): |  |  |  |  |
|  | i) IBRD, IFC, ADB, AFDB, EBRD, IADB, EIB, EIF, NIB, CDB, IDB, CEDB |  | 0 |  |  |
|  | ii) Others MDBs | 1 | 0.20 |  |  |
|  |  | 2,3 | 0.50 |  |  |
|  |  | 4,5 | 1.00 |  |  |
|  |  | 6 | 1.50 |  |  |
|  |  | Unrated | 0.50 |  |  |
| e) | Claims on Public Sector Entities (other than | 1 | 0.20 |  |  |
|  | Government) in Bangladesh | 2,3 | 0.50 |  |  |
|  |  | 4,5 | 1.00 |  |  |
|  |  | 6 | 1.50 |  |  |
|  |  | Unrated | 0.50 |  |  |
| f) | Claims on Banks \& NBFIs |  |  |  |  |
|  | i) Maturity over 3 months | 1 | 0.20 |  |  |
|  |  | 2,3 | 0.50 |  |  |
|  |  | 4,5 | 1.00 |  |  |
|  |  | 6 | 1.50 |  |  |
|  |  | Unrated | 0.50 |  |  |
|  | ii) Maturity less than 3 months |  | 0.20 |  |  |
| g) | Claims on Corporate (excluding equity exposure) | 1 | 0.20 | 8,204.86 | 1,640.97 |
|  |  | 2 | 0.50 | 10,100.14 | 5,050.07 |
|  |  | 3,4 | 1.00 | 8,060.54 | 8,060.54 |
|  |  | 5,6 | 1.50 | - | - |
|  |  | Unrated | 1.25 | 5,725.13 | 7,156.41 |
| h) | Claims under retail exposure |  | 0.75 | 2.11 | 1.58 |
| h(1) |  | 1 | 0.20 | 0.52 | 0.10 |
|  |  | 2 | 0.40 | 21.80 | 8.72 |
|  |  | 3 | 0.60 | 482.15 | 289.29 |
|  |  | 4 | 0.80 | 330.34 | 264.28 |
|  |  | 5 | 1.20 | - | - |
|  | Claims under SME Credit Rating-wise exposure | 6 | 1.50 | - | - |
|  |  | Unrated (small enterprise \& <BDT 3.00m) | 0.75 | 62.09 | 46.57 |
|  |  | Unrated (small enterprise having $\geq$ BDT 3.00 m \& Medium enterprise) | 1.00 | 1,115.90 | 1,115.90 |
| i) | Consumer Loan |  | 1.00 |  |  |
| j) | Claims fully secured by residential property |  | 0.50 |  |  |
| k.) | Claims fully secured by commercial real estate |  | 1.00 |  |  |
| I) | Investments in venture capital |  | 1.50 |  |  |
| m) | All other assets |  | 1.00 |  |  |
|  | Sub-Total |  |  | 34,105.58 | 23,634.43 |


| SI. <br> No. | Market Risk | Capital <br> Charge | Risk Weight | RWA |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| a | Interest Rate Related Instruments | 16.96 | 10.00 | 169.46 |
| b | Equities | 959.70 | 10.00 | $9,596.98$ |
| c | Foreign Exchange Position | 101.26 | 10.00 | $1,012.64$ |
| d | Commodities | - | - | - |
|  | Sub-Total | $\mathbf{1 , 0 7 7 . 9 2}$ |  | $\mathbf{1 0 , 7 7 9 . 1 7}$ |

4.0 Capital Charge for Operational Risk (Basic Indicator Approach)

| SI. <br> No. | Operational Risk | Capital <br> Charge | Risk Weight | RWA |
| :---: | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| a | Gross Income | $1,191.44$ | 10.00 | $11,914.37$ |
| Sub-Total | $\mathbf{1 , 1 9 1 . 4 4}$ | 10.00 | $\mathbf{1 1 , 9 1 4 . 3 7}$ |  |
| Grand Total Risk Weighted Assets |  |  | $\mathbf{2 9 4 , 2 3 4 . 1 7}$ |  |

Name of Directors and their interest in different entities
as at 30 September 2021

| $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline \text { SI } \\ \text { No. } \end{array}$ | Name | Status with the Bank | Status with interested entities | Name of the firms/companies in which they have interest |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Mr. Salman F Rahman | Chairman | Chairman | Bangladesh Enterprise Institute |
|  |  |  | Chairman | Abahani Limited |
|  |  |  | Vice Chairman | Bangladesh Export Import Co. Ltd. |
|  |  |  | Vice Chairman | Beximco Pharmaceuticals Ltd. |
|  |  |  | Vice Chairman | Beximco Synthetics Ltd. |
|  |  |  | Vice Chairman | Shinepukur Ceramics Ltd. |
|  |  |  | Vice Chairman | Independent Television Ltd. |
|  |  |  | Vice Chairman | Beximco Holdings Ltd. |
|  |  |  | Vice Chairman | Beximco Computers Ltd. |
|  |  |  | Vice Chairman | Beximco Pharma Center for Bio \& Industrial Research Ltd. |
|  |  |  | Vice Chairman | Beximco Property Development and Management Ltd. |
|  |  |  | Vice Chairman | Sonali Ansh Limited |
|  |  |  | Vice Chairman | Esses Exporters Ltd. |
|  |  |  | Shareholder | Beximco Power Company Ltd. |
|  |  |  | Shareholder | Beximco Engineering Ltd. |
|  |  |  | Shareholder | 1 \& Services Ltd. |
| 2 | Mr. Ahmed Shayan Fazlur Rahman | Vice-Chairman | Chairman | Beximco Communications Limited |
|  |  |  | Chairman | Escorp LPG Limited |
|  |  |  | Chairman | Beximco Petroleum Limited |
|  |  |  | Chairman | Escorp Cylinders Limited |
|  |  |  | Chairman (Nominee Director) | Beximco LPG Unit-1 Limited |
|  |  |  | Chairman (Nominee Director) | Beximco LPG Unit-2 Limited |
|  |  |  | Chairman (Nominee Director) | Giga Tech Limited |
|  |  |  | Managing Director (Nominee Director) | Beximco Power Company Limited |
|  |  |  | Managing Director (Nominee Director) | Escorp Holdings Limited |
|  |  |  | Managing Director (Nominee Director) | OK Company Limited |
|  |  |  | Managing Director | Eses Holdings Limited |
|  |  |  | Shareholder | Crescent Fashion and Design Limited |
|  |  |  | Shareholder | SFR Estates Limited |
| 3 | Mr. Anwaruzzaman Chowdhury (Upto 17 July 2021) | Independent Director | Director (Nominated by IFIC Bank) | IFIC Money Transfer (UK) Limited |
|  |  |  | Alternate Director (Nominated by IFIC Bank) | Oman Exchange LLC |
|  |  |  | Chairman | Kipling |
| 4 | Ms. Rabeya Jamali | Independent Director | Director (Nominated by IFIC Bank) | IFIC Investment Limited |
|  |  |  | Director <br> (Nominated by IFIC Bank) | IFIC Money Transfer (UK) Limited |
|  |  |  | Alternate Director (Nominated by IFIC Bank) | Nepal Bangladesh Bank Limited, Nepal |
|  |  |  | Partner | Jamali \& Morshed |
|  |  |  | Independent Director | Confidence Cement Limited |
| 5 | Mr. Sudhangshu Shekhar Biswas (Since 18 July 2021) | Independent Director | Director (Nominated by IFIC Bank) | IFIC Securities Limited |
|  |  |  | Director <br> (Nominated by IFIC Bank) | IFIC Money Transfer (UK) Limited |
|  |  |  | Alternate Director (Nominated by IFIC Bank) | Oman Exchange LLC |


| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { SI } \\ \text { No. } \end{array}$ | Name | Status with the Bank | Status with interested entities | Name of the firms/companies in which they have interest |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 | Mr. A. R. M. Nazmus Sakib | Govt. nominated Director | Chairman (Nominated by IFIC Bank) | Nepal Bangladesh Bank Limited, Nepal |
|  |  |  | Chairman (Nominated by IFIC Bank) | IFIC Money Transfer (UK) Limited |
|  |  |  | Director (Nominated by IFIC Bank) | Oman Exchange LLC |
|  |  |  | Director <br> (Nominated by IFIC Bank) | IFIC Investment Limited |
| 7 | Ms. Quamrun Naher Ahmed | Govt. nominated Director | Chairman (Nominated by IFIC Bank) | IFIC Securities Limited |
|  |  |  | Director (Nominated by IFIC Bank) | IFIC Money Transfer (UK) Limited |
|  |  |  | Director (Nominated by IFIC Bank) | Nepal Bangladesh Bank Limited, Nepal |
|  |  |  | Director (Nominated by IFIC Bank) | Beximco Pharmaceuticals Ltd. |
|  |  |  | Member (Nominated by Govt. of Bangladesh) | National River Conservation Commission |
| 8 | Mr. Md. Zafar Iqbal, ndc | Govt. nominated Director | Chairman (Nominated by IFIC Bank) | IFIC Investment Limited |
|  |  |  | Director (Nominated by IFIC Bank) | IFIC Money Transfer (UK) Limited |
|  |  |  | Alternate Director (Nominated by IFIC Bank) | Oman Exchange LLC |
|  |  |  | Additional Secretary (On PRL) | Ministry of Public Administration, Bangladesh Secretariat |
| 9 | Mr. Mohammad Shah Alam Sarwar | Managing Director | Director (Nominated by IFIC Bank) | Nepal Bangladesh Bank Limited, Nepal |
|  |  |  | Director <br> (Nominated by IFIC Bank) | Oman Exchange LLC |
|  |  |  | Director (Nominated by IFIC Bank) | IFIC Money Transfer (UK) Limited |
|  |  |  | Director <br> (Nominated by IFIC Bank) | IFIC Securities Limited |

## Related party transactions

i) Significant contracts with the Bank wherein Directors have interest during the year is nil.
ii) Share issued to Directors and Executive without consideration or exercisable at a discount is nil.
iii) The details of the related party transactions are as follows:


As at and for the year ended 30 September 2021 31 December 2020

1) Name of the Party : IFIC Securities Limited

Relationship with the company : Subsidiary
A. Capital investment

| $2,199,994,000$ | $2,199,994,000$ |
| ---: | ---: |
| $910,341,299$ | $82,462,094$ |
| $801,495,863$ | $829,312,122$ |
| $2,789,253,758$ | $2,860,263,433$ |

2) Name of the Party : IFIC Money Transfer (UK) Limited

Relationship with the company : Subsidiary
A. Capital investment
$34,438,980$
$34,348,260$
3) Name of the Party : IFIC Investment Limited

Relationship with the company : Subsidiary
A. Capital investment
399,994,000
B. Current \& SND Account
222,194,110
4) Name of the Party : Oman Exchange LLC

Relationship with the company : Associate
A. Capital investment
$87,738,845$
87,021,644

## 5) Name of the Party : Nepal Bangladesh Bank Limited

Relationship with the company : Associate
A. Capital investment

2,449,235,383
2,432,766,863
B. Borrowing

508,806,600
iv) Lending facility of Director and their related concern:

| Name of the Borrower | Related Director | Relation with the Bank | Loan <br> Type \& Date of <br> expiry | Relation with <br> Borrower |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Beximco Computers Limited | Mr. Salman F <br> Rahman | Chairman | Guarantee <br> $(19.01 .22)$ | Director |
| Giga Tech Limited | Mr. Ahmed <br> Shayan Fazlur <br> Rahman | Vice Chairman | Guarantee |  |
| $(31.12 .21)$ | Chairman |  |  |  |

In case of approval of Loan to related parties, the Bank follows the BRPD circular no. 04 dated 23 February 2014 and requirement of section 27(1) of the Banking Companies Act 1991 as amended.
v) Business other than banking business with any related concern of the Directors as per section 18(2) of Bank Companies Act 1991:

Bank has executed maintenance agreement with Beximco Computers Limited for maintenance of Nostro Reconciliation Software with a fees of BDT 50,000 per year, Bangladesh Bank Taka Account Reconciliation software with a fees of BDT 50,000 per year and Bangladesh Bank Foreign Exchange Return software with a fee of BDT 95,000 per month and also an agreement with Giga Tech Limited for implementation of EKYC Solution with a fees of BDT $29,895,000$. Bank has also a service agreement with Bangladesh Export Import Co. Limited for Broadband Internet Service with a fees of BDT 60,000 per month. Bank also paid BDT 8,657,340 to Independent Television Ltd. for the period ended 30 September 2021.
vi) Investment in the securities of Director and their related concern:

| Investee Entity | Related Director | Relation with the <br> Bank | Relation with <br> Investee Entity | Investment at Cost |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

a) Particulars of members of the Audit Committee

| SI. | Name | Status with the Bank | Status | Educational Qualification |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 1 | Ms. Rabeya Jamali | Independent Director | Chairman | L.L.B. (Hons), L.L.M. in Banking and <br> Financial Law |
| 2 | Mr. Anwaruzzaman Chowdhury <br> (Uto 17 July 2021) | Independent Director | Member | MBA |
| 3 | Mr. Sudhangshu Shekhar Biswas (Since <br> 18 July 2021) | Independent Director | Member | BA (Hons), MA (Economics) |
| 4 | Mr. Md. Zafar Iqbal, ndc | Director | Member | B. Com (Hons), M. Com (Accounting), <br> MBA, Masters in Economics |

* Mr. Sudhangshu Shekhar Biswas has been appointed as Independent Director for the 1st term w.e.f. 18 July 2021 in place of Mr. Anwaruzzaman Chowdhury who has completed his 2nd term as Independent Director on 17 July 2021.
b) Particulars of meetings held by the Audit Committee during the period from 01 January to 30 September 2021

| Sl. | Meeting No | Meeting held on |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 1 | $157^{\text {th }}$ Audit Committee Meeting | 21.01 .2021 |
| 2 | $158^{\text {th }}$ Audit Committee Meeting | 28.01 .2021 |
| 3 | $159^{\text {th }}$ Audit Committee Meeting | 14.02 .2021 |
| 4 | $160^{\text {th }}$ Audit Committee Meeting | 28.02 .2021 |
| 5 | $160^{\text {th }}$ Adjourned Audit Committee Meeting | 03.03 .2021 |
| 6 | $161^{\text {st }}$ Audit Committee Meeting | 21.03 .2021 |
| 7 | 162 | 31.03 .2021 |
| 8 | 163 ${ }^{\text {rd }}$ Audit Audit Commmittee Meeting | 11.04 .2021 |
| 9 | 164th Audit Committee Meeting | 25.04 .2021 |
| 10 | 165th Audit Committee Meeting | 25.05 .2021 |
| 11 | 166th Audit Committee Meeting | 08.06 .2021 |
| 12 | 167th Audit Committee Meeting | 21.06 .2021 |
| 13 | 168th Audit Committee Meeting | 05.07 .2021 |
| 14 | 169th Audit Committee Meeting | 16.07 .2021 |
| 15 | 170th Audit Committee Meeting | 27.07 .2021 |
| 16 | 171st Audit Committee Meeting | 11.08 .2021 |
| 17 | 172 ${ }^{\text {nd }}$ Audit Committee Meeting | 31.08 .2021 |
| 18 | 173 ${ }^{\text {rd }}$ Audit Committee Meeting | 19.09 .2021 |

## Evaluation of the Audit Committee regarding strengthening of Internal Control System

The Internal Control \& Compliance Division (ICCD) of the Bank reviews the Internal Control System of the Bank and ensures that the internal controls are being properly managed and supervised throughout all Divisions, Branches and Uposhakhas of the Bank.

As per guideline of Bangladesh Bank, the Audit Committee, in the meetings held during the period ended 30 September 2021, reviewed and evaluated various issues/reports/findings on financial reporting process, the system of internal control, the audit process and the process for monitoring compliance with laws and regulations and its own code of business conduct submitted by ICCD.

During the discussion on some memo(s) and Compliance Report, the Committee has advised the Management to devise a system for arresting occurrence of the irregularities on a recurring basis and ICCD of the Bank has also been advised to take necessary steps for rectification of all irregularities as mentioned in the memo(s)/reports at the earliest. The committee has also advised the Head of ICC to formulate a matrixformat to monitor status of compliance on a regular basis and devise some innovative tools/system for reducing number of irregularities in the Branches/Uposhakhas as well as enabling them to monitor up-to-date status of compliance.

All audited/Un-audited yearly/quarterly Financial Statements submitted during the period ended 30 September 2021 have been explained and endorsed to the Audit Committee whether the statements reflect the complete and concrete information, and whether the statements are prepared according to the existing rules \& regulations and standards enforced in the country and as per relevant prescribed accounting standards set by Bangladesh Bank and Bangladesh Securities and Exchange Commission.

The Committee has submitted compliance reports to the Board on a quarterly basis during the period ended 30 September 2021 regarding compliance with recommendations made in internal and external audit reports and the Bangladesh Bank inspection reports.

The Bank reports its operations under geographical location and business segment as per IFRS:8 Operating Segment
Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 30 September 2021
Amount in BDT

| Particulars | IFIC Bank Limited |  |  |  | Subsidiaries |  |  | Associates |  | Adjustment | Consolidated |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Inside Bangladesh |  | Adjustment | Total | IFIC Securities Limited | IFIC Investment Limited | IFIC Money <br> Transfer (UK) Limited | Nepal <br> Bangladesh Bank Limited | Oman <br> Exchange LLC |  |  |
|  | Conventional Banking | Off- Shore <br> Banking Unit |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest income | 16,094,462,461 | 81,214,039 | - | 16,175,676,500 | 356,016,769 | - | - | - | - | $(182,478,966)$ | 16,349,214,303 |
| Interest paid on deposits and borrowings, etc. | 11,612,588,608 | 53,505,098 | $(53,505,098)$ | 11,612,588,608 | 185,550,966 | - | - | - | - | $(186,561,220)$ | 11,611,578,354 |
| Net interest income | 4,481,873,853 | 27,708,941 | $(53,505,098)$ | 4,563,087,892 | 170,465,803 | - | - | - | - | 4,082,254 | 4,737,635,949 |
| Investment income | 3,112,822,211 | - | - | 3,112,822,211 | 39,955,673 | 28,873,917 | - | - | - | - | 3,181,651,801 |
| Commission, exchange and brokerage | 1,750,552,649 | 2,165,537 | - | 1,752,718,186 | 69,377,292 | - | 19,684,465 | $(16,468,520)$ | $(717,201)$ | $(3,072,000)$ | 1,821,522,222 |
| Other operating income | 125,312,441 | 235,368 | - | 125,547,809 | 2,676,114 | - | 1,328,680 | - | - | $(95,330)$ | 129,457,273 |
|  | 4,988,687,301 | 2,400,905 | - | 4,991,088,206 | 112,009,079 | 28,873,917 | 21,013,144 | $(16,468,520)$ | $(717,201)$ | $(3,167,330)$ | 5,132,631,296 |
| Total operating income | 9,470,561,154 | 30,109,846 | $(53,505,098)$ | 9,554,176,098 | 282,474,882 | 28,873,917 | 21,013,144 | $(16,468,520)$ | $(717,201)$ | 914,925 | 9,870,267,245 |
| Salary and allowances | 2,091,063,320 | - | - | 2,091,063,320 | 8,482,494 | 1,762,690 | 8,255,965 | - | - | - | 2,109,564,468 |
| Rent, taxes, insurance, electricity, etc. | 478,264,396 | - | - | 478,264,396 | 441,095 |  | 2,116,941 | - | - | - | 480,822,432 |
| Legal expenses | 10,219,772 | - | - | 10,219,772 | - |  | 1,620,667 | - | - | - | 11,840,440 |
| Postage, stamps, telecommunication, etc. | 76,819,902 | - | - | 76,819,902 | 315,748 |  | 109,070 | - | - | - | 77,244,720 |
| Stationery, printing, advertisement, etc. | 277,079,069 | - | - | 277,079,069 | 236,257 | 600 | 71,852 | - | - | - | 277,387,778 |
| Managing Director's salary | 18,870,250 | - | - | 18,870,250 | - |  | - | - | - | - | 18,870,250 |
| Directors' fees | 1,832,000 | - | - | 1,832,000 | 862,400 | 572,000 | - | - | - | - | 3,266,400 |
| Auditors' fees | 2,970,835 | - | - | 2,970,835 | - | 38,333 | - | - | - | - | 3,009,168 |
| Depreciation and repairs of Bank's assets | 884,313,797 | - | - | 884,313,797 | 6,266,157 | 194,446 | 1,952,925 | - | - | - | 892,727,326 |
| Other expenses | 792,814,586 | - | - | 792,814,586 | 12,110,395 | 10,464,522 | 12,161,229 |  |  | - | 827,550,732 |
| Total operating expenses | 4,634,247,928 | - | - | 4,634,247,928 | 28,714,546 | 13,032,591 | 26,288,650 | - | - | - | 4,702,283,714 |
| Operating profit | 4,836,313,226 | 30,109,846 | $(53,505,098)$ | 4,919,928,170 | 253,760,336 | 15,841,327 | $(5,275,505)$ | $(16,468,520)$ | $(717,201)$ | 914,925 | 5,167,983,532 |
| Share of profit of joint ventures/associates | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | 331,930,681 | 16,881,588 | - | 348,812,269 |
| Profit before provision | 4,836,313,226 | 30,109,846 | $(53,505,098)$ | 4,919,928,170 | 253,760,336 |  | $(5,275,505)$ | 315,462,161 | 16,164,387 | 914,925 | 5,516,795,801 |
| Provision against loans and advances | 1,477,740,648 | - | - | 1,477,740,648 | - |  | - | - | - | - | 1,477,740,648 |
| Provision for diminution in value of investments | 1,185,653 | - | - | 1,185,653 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1,185,653 |
| Provisions for other assets | 16,686,622 | - | - | 16,686,622 | - |  | - | - | - | - | 16,686,622 |
| Total provision | 1,495,612,923 | - | - | 1,495,612,923 | - |  | - | - | - | $\cdot$ | 1,495,612,923 |
| Profit before taxation | 3,340,700,303 | 30,109,846 | $(53,505,098)$ | 3,424,315,247 | 253,760,336 |  | $(5,275,505)$ | 315,462,161 | 16,164,387 | 914,925 | 4,021,182,878 |
| Provision for taxation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |
| Current tax | 1,888,550,000 | - | - | 1,888,550,000 | 68,574,069 | 2,887,392 | - | - | - | - | 1,960,011,461 |
| Deferred tax | $(77,185,421)$ | - | - | $(77,185,421)$ | $(706,850)$ |  | - | - | - | - | $(77,892,270)$ |
|  | 1,811,364,579 | - | - | 1,811,364,579 | 67,867,219 |  | - |  |  |  | 1,882,119,190 |
| Net profit after taxation | 1,529,335,724 | 30,109,846 | $(53,505,098)$ | 1,612,950,668 | 185,893,118 |  | $(5,275,505)$ | 315,462,161 | 16,164,387 | 914,925 | 2,139,063,687 |

The Bank reports its operations under geographical location and business segment as per IFRS:8 Operating Segment
Balance Sheet as at 30 September 2021

| Particulars | IFIC Bank Limited |  |  |  | Subsidiaries |  |  | Associates |  | Adjustment | IFIC Bank \& it's subsidiaries |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Inside Bangladesh |  | Adjustment | Total | IFIC Securities Limited | IFIC Investment Limited | IFIC Exchange (UK) Ltd. | Nepal Bangladesh Bank Limited | Oman <br> Exchange LLC |  |  |
|  | Conventional Banking | Off- Shore Banking Unit |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| PROPERTY AND ASSETS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash | 21,099,640,630 | - | - | 21,099,640,630 | 36,527 | - | 185,167 | - | - | - | 21,099,862,324 |
| Balance with other banks and financial institute | 6,773,566,850 | 283,612,525 | $(283,612,525)$ | 6,773,566,850 | 910,341,299 | - | 15,390,201 | - | - | (1,711,837,162) | 5,987,461,188 |
| Money at call and on short notice | 4,300,000,000 | - | - | 4,300,000,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 4,300,000,000 |
| Investments | 57,320,149,515 | - | - | 57,320,149,515 | 3,156,126,788 | 194,112,475 | - | - | - | 2,545,802,683 | 63,216,191,460 |
| Loans and advances | 290,556,669,417 | 2,114,756,409 | - | 292,671,425,826 | 3,960,747,039 | - | - | - | - | (2,789,253,758) | 293,842,919,107 |
| Fixed assets | 7,550,727,546 | - | - | 7,550,727,546 | 45,168,599 | - | 667,657 | - | - | - | 7,596,563,802 |
| Other assets | 15,189,899,176 | 4,622,095 | - | 15,194,521,271 | 479,068,414 | - | 10,297,366 | - | - | (2,634,426,980) | 13,049,460,071 |
| Non-banking assets | 148,474,800 | - | - | 148,474,800 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 148,474,800 |
| Total Assets | 402,939,127,934 | 2,402,991,029 | $(283,612,525)$ | 405,058,506,438 | 8,551,488,666 | 194,112,475 | 26,540,391 | - | - | (4,589,715,217) | 409,240,932,753 |
| LIABILITIES AND CAPITAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Borrowings from other banks, financial institutio, | 14,913,336,063 | 2,368,585,980 | (2,368,585,980) | 14,913,336,063 | 2,789,253,758 | - | - | - | - | (2,789,253,758) | 14,913,336,063 |
| Subordinated debt | 6,400,000,000 | - | - | 6,400,000,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 6,400,000,000 |
| Deposits and other accounts | 326,736,265,433 | - | - | 326,736,265,433 | 899,333,887 | - | - | - | - | (1,934,442,714) | 325,701,156,606 |
| Other Liabilities | 30,238,732,488 | 4,295,205 | - | 30,243,027,693 | 2,104,454,291 | 2,950,877 | 14,974,293 | - | - | - | 32,365,407,155 |
| Total Liabilities | 378,288,333,984 | 2,372,881,185 | (2,368,585,980) | 378,292,629,189 | 5,793,041,936 | 2,950,877 | 14,974,293 | - | - | $(4,723,696,472)$ | 379,379,899,825 |
| Capital/Shareholders' equity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Paid up capital | 17,008,675,610 | - | - | 17,008,675,610 | 2,200,000,000 | - | 34,438,969 | - | - | (2,234,438,969) | 17,008,675,610 |
| Statutory reserve | 6,864,775,853 | - | - | 6,864,775,853 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 6,864,775,853 |
| General reserve | 155,071,397 | - | - | 155,071,397 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 155,071,397 |
| Revaluation reserve against securities | 49,443,201 | - | - | 49,443,201 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 49,443,201 |
| Revaluation reserve against fixed assets | 115,314,704 | - | - | 115,314,704 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 115,314,704 |
| Foreign currency translation reserve | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1,513,125 | 81,379,939 | 13,366,593 | - | 96,259,657 |
| Surplus in profit and loss account | 2,572,596,483 | 30,109,846 | $(30,109,846)$ | 2,572,596,483 | 558,445,206 | 13,868,652 | $(24,385,996)$ | 2,484,051,152 | 87,239,947 | $(120,234,950)$ | 5,571,580,495 |
|  | 26,765,877,248 | 30,109,846 | $(30,109,846)$ | 26,765,877,248 | 2,758,445,206 | 13,868,652 | 11,566,098 | 2,565,431,091 | 100,606,540 | (2,354,673,918) | 29,861,120,917 |
| Minority Interest | - | - | - | - | 7,523 | 6,208 | - | - | - | - | 13,731 |
| Total shareholders' equity | 26,765,877,248 | 30,109,846 | $(30,109,846)$ | 26,765,877,248 | 2,758,452,729 | 13,874,860 | 11,566,098 | 2,565,431,091 | 100,606,540 | (2,354,673,918) | 29,861,134,648 |
| Total liabilities and shareholders' equity | 405,054,211,233 | 2,402,991,031 | (2,398,695,826) | 405,058,506,438 | 8,551,494,665 | 16,825,737 | 26,540,391 | 2,565,431,091 | 100,606,540 | (7,078,370,390) | 409,241,034,472 |

Financial highlights of the Bank
as at and for the year ended 30 September 2021

| SI. | Particulars | Currencyl percentage | 30 September 2021 | 31 December 2020 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Paid up capital | BDT | 17,008,675,610 | 16,198,738,680 |
| 2 | Total capital | BDT | 38,570,535,266 | 31,289,951,586 |
| 3 | Capital surplus/(deficit) | BDT | 1,791,264,439 | $(664,881,718)$ |
| 4 | Total assets | BDT | 405,058,506,438 | 363,411,767,076 |
| 5 | Total deposits | BDT | 326,736,265,433 | 296,369,024,858 |
| 6 | Total loan \& advances | BDT | 292,671,425,826 | 260,650,289,525 |
| 7 | Total contingent liabilities \& commitments | BDT | 65,726,393,466 | 50,483,678,851 |
| 8 | Credit deposit ratio | \% | 82.84 | 82.42 |
| 9 | Percentage of classified loan against total loans \& advances | \% | 3.93 | 3.97 |
| 10 | Profit after tax \& provision | BDT | 1,612,950,668 | 562,247,536 |
| 11 | Amount of classified loans | BDT | 11,499,771,622 | 10,345,761,856 |
| 12 | Provision kept against classified loans | BDT | 2,923,864,788 | 2,737,576,718 |
| 13 | Cost of fund | \% | 4.00 | 5.41 |
| 14 | Interest earning assets | BDT | 354,193,952,522 | 317,877,110,625 |
| 15 | Non-interest earning assets | BDT | 50,864,553,916 | 45,534,656,451 |
| 16 | Return on Investment (ROI) | \% | 5.66 | 7.03 |
| 17 | Return on Assets (ROA) | \% | 0.42 | 0.17 |
| 18 | Income from investment | BDT | 3,112,822,211 | 3,454,712,181 |
| 19 | Earnings per share | BDT | 0.95 | 0.33 |
| 20 | Net income per share | BDT | 0.95 | 0.33 |
| 21 | Net Asset Value (NAV) | BDT | 26,765,877,248 | 25,216,954,980 |
| 22 | Net Asset Value (NAV) per share | BDT | 15.74 | 14.83 |
| 23 | Net Operating Cash Flow Per Share (NOCFPS) | BDT | 0.85 | 5.69 |
| 24 | Price earning ratio | Times | 16.87 | 45.98 |

## Disclosure of Restructured Loan

as at and for the year ended 30 September 2021

BDT in Million

| S | Name of the Borrower | Type of Loan | Date of restructure | Down Payment |  | Due Date of 1st Installment | Outstanding Amount |  |  | Total Provision as at 30 September 2021 |  | Present Status | Outstanding as at 31 December 2020 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Required | Realized |  | At the time of taking NOC from BB | New/Fresh Disbursement amount after NOC | Outstanding as at <br> 30 September 2021 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Required | Maintained |  |  |
| 1 | Power Pac - Mutiara KPP Plant Ltd. | TL (0) | 2nd time $01.01 .18$ | N/A | N/A | $\begin{gathered} \hline 07.04 .2018 \\ \text { (Interest portion) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 1,833.20 | Nil | 2,230.88 | 44.33 | 44.33 | SMA(RST) | 2,084.01 |
| 2 | M/s R\&R Holdings | TL (0)-1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 2nd time } \\ & \text { 01.01.18 } \end{aligned}$ | N/A | N/A | 07.04.2018 <br> (Interest portion) | 936.20 | Nil | 1,136.33 | 22.58 | 22.58 | SMA(RST) | 1,063.03 |
| 3 | M/s R\&R Holdings | TL (0)-2 | 2nd time $01.01 .18$ | N/A | N/A | 07.04.2018 <br> (Interest portion) | 803.90 | Nil | 977.65 | 19.43 | 19.43 | SMA(RST) | 912.90 |
|  |  |  |  | - | - |  | 3,573.30 |  | 4,344.86 | 86.33 | 86.33 |  | 4,059.94 |

## Statement of Tax Position <br> as at 30 September 2021

| Accounting year | Assessment year | Tax provision in Financial Statements | Tax as per assessment | Excess/ (shortage) provision | Advance income tax paid | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Balance of provision for up to Y2015 (except Y2005 \& Y2010) |  | 1,344,988,022 | - | 1,344,988,022 | - | Assessments up to Y2015 (except Y2005 \& Y2010) have been completed by the Tax Authority and there is no tax liability remained outstanding against related years |
| 2005 | 2006-2007 | 140,397,922 |  | 140,397,922 | - | Honorable High Court Division of Supreme Court Assessment was completed with loss, however, advance tax paid for 2005 amounting to Tk . 90.27 mln was adjusted in subsequent years. |
| 2010 | 2011-2012 | 1,454,854,994 | 1,508,170,344 | (53,315,350) | 1,385,538,554 | Honorable High Court Division of Supreme Court |
| 2016 | 2017-2018 | 700,000,000 | 1,030,632,248 | (330,632,248) | 1,030,632,248 | Subsequently settled in February 2021. Bank has received Tax Clearance Certificate and Zero Demand Notice. Now we are checking AIT in details for final adjustment |
| 2017 | 2018-2019 | 750,000,000 | 1,361,487,496 | (611,487,496) | 1,361,487,496 | Subsequently settled in February 2021. Bank has received Tax Clearance Certificate and Zero Demand Notice. Now we are checking AIT in details for final adjustment |
| 2018 | 2019-2020 | 1,080,000,000 | 1,199,674,275 | (119,674,275) | 1,069,572,247 | Bank has received the order from Commissioner of Taxes (Appeals) which are under review of the Management for next course of action. |
| 2019 | 2020-2021 | 1,700,000,000 | 1,699,489,718 | 510,282 | 1,402,427,849 | Appeal under process |
| 2020 | 2021-2022 | 963,000,000 | 1,190,000,000 | (227,000,000) | 1,124,700,195 | Return submitted |
| 2021 | 2022-2023 | 1,888,550,000 | 1,810,000,000 | 78,550,000 | 641,290,511 |  |
| Total |  | 10,021,790,938 | 9,799,454,081 | 222,336,857 | 8,015,649,100 |  |
| Less: Stock | Div. Y2020 | $(80,993,694)$ | - | - | - |  |
| Total after A | djustment | 9,940,797,244 | 9,799,454,081 | 222,336,857 | 8,015,649,100 |  |


| Particulars | Note | 30 September 2021 |  | 31 December 2020 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | USD | Taka | USD | Taka |
| PROPERTY AND ASSETS |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash |  | - | - | - | - |
| Cash in hand (including foreign currency) |  | - | - | - | - |
| Balance with Bangladesh Bank and its agent Bank(s) (including foreign currency) |  | - | - | - | - |
| Balance with other banks and financial institutions |  | 3,317,106 | 283,612,525 | 904,854 | 76,732,600 |
| In Bangladesh |  | 3,317,106 | 283,612,525 | 904,854 | 76,732,600 |
| Outside Bangladesh |  | - | - | - | - |
| Money at call and on short notice |  | - | - | - | - |
| Investments |  | - | - | - | - |
| Government securities |  | - | - | - | - |
| Other investments |  | - | - | - | - |
| Loans and advances | 3 | 24,733,993 | 2,114,756,409 | 27,059,831 | 2,294,703,416 |
| Loans, cash credits, overdrafts etc. | 3.1 | 21,041,207 | 1,799,023,189 | 24,218,050 | 2,053,717,248 |
| Bills purchased and discounted | 3.2 | 3,692,786 | 315,733,220 | 2,841,781 | 240,986,168 |
| Fixed assets including premises, furniture and fixtures |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other assets | 4 | 54,060 | 4,622,095 | 61,203 | 5,190,073 |
| Non banking assets |  | - | - | - | - |
| Total assets |  | 28,105,158 | 2,402,991,030 | 28,025,888 | 2,376,626,090 |

## LIABILITIES AND CAPITAL

Liabilities

| Borrowing from other banks, financial Institutions and agents | 5 | 27,702,760 | 2,368,585,980 | 27,686,395 | 2,347,836,793 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Deposit and other accounts |  | - | - | - | - |
| Current deposits and other accounts |  | - | - | - | - |
| Bills payable |  | - | - | - | - |
| Savings bank deposits |  | - | - | - | - |
| Fixed Deposits |  | - | - | - | - |
| Other liabilities | 6 | 50,236 | 4,295,205 | 57,430 | 4,870,086 |
| Total liabilities |  | 27,752,996 | 2,372,881,185 | 27,743,825 | 2,352,706,879 |


| Capital / Shareholders' equity |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Paid up capital | - | - | - | - |
| Statutory reserve | - | - | - | - |
| General Reserve | - | - | - | - |
| Revaluation reserve against securities | - | - | - | - |
| Revaluation reserve against fixed assets | - | - | - | - |
| Surplus in profit and loss account | $\mathbf{7}$ | 352,161 | $30,109,846$ | $\mathbf{2 8 2 , 0 6 3}$ |
| Total shareholders' equity | $\mathbf{3 5 2 , 1 6 1}$ | $\mathbf{3 0 , 1 0 9 , 8 4 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 8 2 , 0 6 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 3 , 9 1 9 , 2 1 1}$ |
| Total liabilities and shareholders' equity | $\mathbf{2 8 , 1 0 5 , 1 5 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 4 0 2 , 9 9 1 , 0 3 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 8 , 0 2 5 , 8 8 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 3 7 6 , 6 2 6 , 0 9 0}$ |

INTERNATIONAL FINANCE INVESTMENT AND COMMERCE BANK LIMITED
Off-shore Banking Unit
Profit and Loss Account
for the 3rd quarter ended 30 September 2021

| Particulars | Note | 1 January to 30 September 2021 |  | 1 January to 30 September 2020 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | USD | Taka | USD | Taka |
| Interest income | 8 | 949,871 | 81,214,039 | 1,093,393 | 92,759,070 |
| Interest paid on deposits, borrowings etc. | 9 | 625,791 | 53,505,098 | 1,168,821 | 99,158,134 |
| Net interest income |  | 324,080 | 27,708,941 | $(75,428)$ | (6,399,064) |
| Investment Income |  | - |  |  |  |
| Commission, exchange and brokerage | 10 | 25,328 | 2,165,537 | 9,241 | 784,004 |
| Other operating income | 11 | 2,753 | 235,368 | - | - |
| Total operating income |  | 352,161 | 30,109,846 | $(66,187)$ | $(5,615,060)$ |
| Salaries and allowances |  | - | - | - |  |
| Rent, taxes, insurance, electricity etc. |  | - | - | - |  |
| Legal expenses |  | - | - | - | - |
| Postage, stamp, telecommunication etc. |  | - | - | - | - |
| Stationery, printing, advertisement etc. |  | - | - | - | - |
| Managing Director's salary |  | - | - | - | - |
| Directors' fees |  | - | - | - | - |
| Auditors' fees |  | - | - | - |  |
| Charges on loan loss |  | - | - | - | - |
| Depreciation and repair of bank's assets |  | - | - | - | - |
| Other expenses |  | - | - | - | - |
| Total operating expenses |  | - | - | - | - |
| Profit/(Loss) before provision |  | 352,161 | 30,109,846 | $(66,187)$ | $(5,615,060)$ |
| Provision for loans, investments and other assets |  |  |  |  |  |
| Specific Provision |  | - | - | - | - |
| General Provision |  | - | - | - | - |
| Provision for off-balance sheet exposures |  | - | - | - | - |
| Provision for diminution in value of investments |  | - | - | - | - |
| Provision for other assets |  | - | - | - | - |
| Total provision |  | - | - | - | - |
| Profit/(Loss) before taxes |  | 352,161 | 30,109,846 | $(66,187)$ | $(5,615,060)$ |

[^3]
## Off-Shore Banking Unit

## Notes to the Financial Statements

as at and for the period ended 30 September 2021
1 Status of the unit
Off-shore Banking Units of IFIC Bank Limited, governed under the rules and guidelines of Bangladesh Bank. The Bank obtained the Offshore Banking Unit permission from Bangladesh Bank vide letter no. BRPD (P-3) 744 (104)/2009-4233 dated 17 November 2009. The Bank commenced the operation of its Off-shore Banking Unit on 10 May 2010. Presently the Bank has 1 (one) unit in Dhaka. The principal activity of the unit is to provide all kinds of commercial banking services to its customers through its off-shore Banking Unit in Bangladesh.

## 2 Significant accounting policies and basis of preparation of financial statements

2.1 Basis of accounting

The Off-shore Banking Unit maintains its accounting records in USD from which accounts are prepared according to the Banking Companies Act 1991, International Accounting Standards (IASs), and other applicable directives issued by Bangladesh Bank.
2.2 Foreign currencies transaction and translation to presentation currency

Foreign currency transactions are converted into equivalent USD using the ruling exchange rates on the dates of respective transactions as per IAS 21: The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates.

| Particulars |  | Note | 30 September 2021 |  | 31 December 2020 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | USD | Taka | USD | Taka |
| 3 Loans and advances |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3.1 | Loans, cash credits, overdrafts etc. |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Term loan |  |  | 21,041,207 | 1,799,023,189 | 24,218,050 | 2,053,717,248 |
|  |  |  | 21,041,207 | 1,799,023,189 | 24,218,050 | 2,053,717,248 |
| 3.2 | Bills purchased and discounted |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Inside Bangladesh |  | 3,692,786 | 315,733,220 | 2,841,781 | 240,986,168 |
|  | Outside Bangladesh |  | - | - | - | - |
|  |  |  | 3,692,786 | 315,733,220 | 2,841,781 | 240,986,168 |
|  |  |  | 24,733,993 | 2,114,756,409 | 27,059,831 | 2,294,703,416 |
| 4 | Other assets |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Interest receivable on term loan |  | 31,790 | 2,718,042 | 46,860 | 3,973,758 |
|  | Interest receivable on bills discount |  | 22,270 | 1,904,053 | 14,343 | 1,216,315 |
|  |  |  | 54,060 | 4,622,095 | 61,203 | 5,190,073 |
| 5 | Borrowing from other banks, financial Institutions and its agents In Bangladesh: |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 25,500,000 | 2,180,250,000 | 27,686,395 | 2,347,836,793 |
|  | IFIC Bank Limited |  | 25,500,000 | 2,180,250,000 | 27,686,395 | 2,347,836,793 |
|  | Outside Bangladesh |  | 2,202,760 | 188,335,980 | - | - |
|  |  |  | 27,702,760 | 2,368,585,980 | 27,686,395 | 2,347,836,793 |
| 6 | Other liabilities |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Interest on borrowing from abroad |  | - | - | - | - |
|  | Due to Head Office |  | 50,236 | 4,295,205 | 57,430 | 4,870,086 |
|  |  |  | 50,236 | 4,295,205 | 57,430 | 4,870,086 |
| 7 | Surplus in profit and loss account |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Opening balance |  | 282,063 | 23,919,211 | 422,036 | 35,830,868 |
|  | Less: Adjustment/ payment for the year |  | $(282,063)$ | $(23,919,211)$ | $(422,036)$ | $(35,830,868)$ |
|  | Add: Addition during the year |  | 352,161 | 30,109,846 | 282,063 | 23,919,211 |
|  |  |  | 352,161 | 30,109,846 | 282,063 | 23,919,211 |




[^0]:    Hasan Mahmood, Partner
    Enrolment no: 564
    M. J. Abedin \& Co.

    Chartered Accountants
    Firm Registration no: N/A

[^1]:    Hasan Mahmood, Partner
    Enrolment no: 564
    M. J. Abedin \& Co.

    Chartered Accountants
    Firm Registration no: N/A

[^2]:    * Details of Balance with outside Bangladesh [solo basis] are shown in "Annexure-A".

[^3]:    These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the annexed notes.

